# CITY OF CHARLESTON, S. C. 1891.







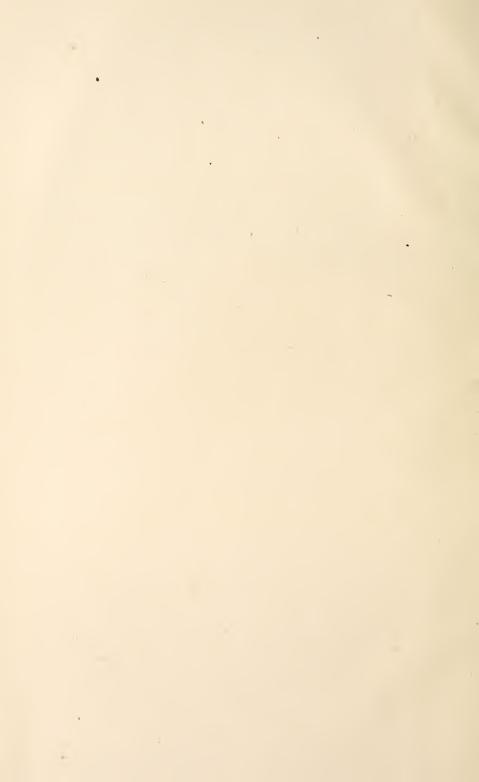
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With compliments of

George D. Bryan,

Mayor.



### YEAR BOOK-1891.



# CITY OF CHARLESTON,

So. Ca.

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#### CITY GOVERNMENT

#### MAYOR AND ALDERMEN.

ELECTED DEC'R. 13TH, 1887, INAUGURATED DEC'R. 19TH, 1887.

#### MAYOR.

HON. GEO. D. BRYAN.

MAYOR PRO TEM. 1891.

DENNIS O'NEILL.

#### ALDERMEN.

Ward 1-JAS. F. REDDING, ANDREW SIMONDS, JR.

Ward 2-J. ADGER SMYTH, SAMUEL WEBB.

Ward 3-F. KRESSEL, Jr., THOMAS RODDY.

Ward 4-F. J. McGAREY, J. F. LILIENTHAL.

Ward 5—SAMUEL J. PREGNALL, M. A. CONNOR.

Ward 6-A. F. C. CRAMER, DENNIS O'NEILL. Ward 7-JOHN FEEHAN, HENRY SCHACHTE.

Ward 8-R. C. BARKLEY, WILLIAM ROACH.

Ward 9-A. JOHNSON, A. J. RILEY.

Ward 10-J. P. COLLINS, JOHN M. SMITH.

Ward 11-C. L. MEYER, W. K. DARBY.

Ward 12- C. S. GADSDEN, H. L. CADE.

#### STANDING COMMITTEES OF CITY COUNCIL.

#### APPOINTED DECEMBER 19TH, 1887.

Ways and Means—J. Adger Smyth, Chairman; C. S. Gadsden, James F. Redding, A. F. C. Cramer, Andrew Simonds, Jr., W. K. Darby and the Mayor.

Sewerage of City—R. C. Barkley, Chairman; J. F. Lilienthal, H. L. Cade, A. J. Riley, C. L. Meyer and the Mayor.

Streets—C. S. Gadsden, Chairman; A. Johnson, J. A. Smyth, S. J. Pregnall, Wm. Roach, J. M. Smith and the Mayor.

Accounts—James F. Redding, Chairman; W. K. Darby and the Mayor.

Lighting the City—Andrew Simonds, Jr., Chairman; J. A. Smyth, C. S. Gadsden, J. F. Lilienthal, M. A. Connor.

Contracts—A. F. C. Cramer, Chairman; H. L. Cade and the Mayor. Engrossed Bills—H. Schachte, Chairman; Dennis O'Neill, J. P. Collins.

Fire Escapes—A. J. Riley, Chairman; R. C. Barkley, F. Kressel, Jr. Steam Engines—J. M. Smith, Chairman; Samuel Webb, R. C. Barkley.

Retrenchment and Relief—Samuel Webb, Chairman; H. Schachte, Wm. Roach.

Railroads—M. A. Connor, Chairman; R. C. Barkley, John Feehan. Tidal Drains—John Feehan, Chairman; J. F. Lilienthal, A. J. Riley.

Artesian Wells and Lot—J. P. Collins, Chairman; F. Kressel, Jr., S. J. Pregnall.

Wood and Brick Buildings—F. Kressel, Jr., Chairman; A. Johnson, Samuel Webb.

Journals and Vacant Offices—W. K. Darby, Chairman; C. L. Meyer, Thomas Roddy.

Port and Hurbor Improvements—S. J. Pregnall, Chairman; F. Kressel, Jr., J. F. Lilienthal.

Water Supply—A. Johnson, Chairman; C. S. Gadsden, Andrew Simonds, Jr.

City Lands—Dennis O'Neill, Chairman; W. K. Darby, J. M. Smith.

Printing—F. J. McGarey, Chairman; Wm. Roach, John Feehan. City Hall, Clock and Chimes—Wm. Roach, Chairman; Andrew Simonds, Jr., F. J. McGarey.

Pleasure Grounds, Lower Wards—J. F. Lilienthal, Chairman; R. C. Barkley, J. F. Redding.

Pleasure Grounds, Upper Wards—H. L. Cade, Chairman; Samuel Webb, C. L. Meyer.

Public Buildings—Thomas Roddy, Chairman; H. L. Cade, H. Schachte.

Fire Loan Bonds—C. L. Meyer, Chairman; F. J. McGarey and the Mayor.

## CLERK OF COUNCIL. w. w. simons.

#### MESSENGER OF COUNCIL.

ROBERT G. O'NEALE.

#### CITY COURT.

Recorder.—Wm. Alston Pringle.
Corporation Counsel.—Charles Inglesby.
Sheriff.—Glenn E. Davis.
Clerk.—F. J. Devereux.

#### BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

J. Adger Smyth, C. S. Gadsden, James F. Redding, A. F. C. Cramer, Andrew Simonds, Jr., W. K. Darby.

#### CITY OFFICERS.

Treasurer—W. L. Campbell.
Assessor.—W, Aiken Kelly.
Superintendent of Streets.—T. A. Huguenin.
City Civil Engineer.—L. J. Barbot.
Tidal Drain Keeper.—M. Hogan.
Gaugers of Liquor.—C. L. DuBose.
Flour Inspector—

Inspectors and Surveyors of Timber—S. P. Bennett, C. S. Jenkins, Patrick Devereux,

Chimney Contractors — Wards 1 and 2, P. M. Sheridan; Wards 3 and 4, Wm. Shelton; Wards 5 and 6, Daniel Lanigan; Wards 7 and 8, W. Y. Lovett; Wards 9 and 10, John Noland; Wards 11 and 12, J. W. A. Meyer.

#### POLICE.

Chief.—Joseph Golden. First Lieutenant.—F. J. Heidt. Second Lieutenant.—E. A. Mollenhauer. Third Lieutenant.—J. H. Fordham.

#### BOARD OF HEALTH.

J. L. Tobias, Chairman; Middleton Michel, M. D.; Allard Memminger, M. D.; G. E. Manigault, M. D.; C. P. Aimar, R. M. Marshall M. A. Connor, A. Sidney Smith, Hall T. McGee, T. R. McGahan, W. P. Carrington.

City Registrar and Secretary of the Board—H. B. Horlbeck, M. D. Clerk.—Henry F. Faber.

Sanitary Inspectors.—District No. 1, M. Bolger; District No. 2, J. P. O'Neill; District No. 3, A. A. Barbot; District No. 4, E. S. Mikell.

Health Detective.—F. Nipson.

City Dispensary Physicians.—District No. 1, Lane Mullally, M. D.; District No. 2, Jos. Maybank, M. D.; District No. 3, Wm. Taylor Edmonds, M. D.; District No. 4, Wm. B. Ryan, M. D.

#### FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Board of Fire Masters.—F. S. Rodgers, Chairman; G. H. Walter, E. F. Sweegan, A. Stemmermann, R. C. Barkley, C. R. Valk and the Mayor.

Chief.-F. L. Q'Neill.

First Assistant Chief.—W. H. Smith.

Second Assistant Chief.—T. S. Sigwald.

Clerk.-B. M. Strobel.

#### COLLEGE OF CHARLESTON.

Trustees—The Mayor and City Recorder are ex-officio members of the Board; Hon. G. S. Bryan, Alderman C. S. Gadsden and Mr. S. Y. Tupper, with the ex-officio members, represent the City in the Board. The remaining members of the board are: Messrs. Ch. Richardson Miles, President of the Board; Rudolph Siegling, Vice-President; H. A M. Smith, G. W. Dingle, J. F. Ficken, G. Lamb Buist, Rev. C. C. Pinckney, D. D., and C. H. Simonton.

Secretary and Treasurer—Jacob Williman.

#### HIGH SCHOOL OF CHARLESTON.

Trustees.—Julian Mitchell, President; Rev. C. C. Pinckney, D. D.; C. R. Miles, J. A. Smyth, James F. Redding, A. B. Rose, J. P. K. Bryan, Dr. H. Baer, T. P. Lowndes, Hon. Wm. A. Courtenay and the Mayor ex-officio.

Secretary.-R. G. O'Neale.

#### DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES.

#### WM. ENSTON HOME.

Trustees of the Fund for Surviving Annuities—Hon. Wm. A. Courtenay, Chairman; J. F. Ficken, W. Enston Butler.

Trustees of the Home—Hon. Wm. A. Courtenay, President; Alva Gage, Vice President; W. G. Muckenfuss, E. H. Jackson, G. W. Williams, Jr., W. E. Butler, A. B. Rose, Chas. R. Valk, C. P. Aimar, J. P. K. Ryan, W. J. Miller, W. E. Huger, and the Mayor ex-officio.

Secretary—M. B. Paine.

#### ORPHAN HOUSE.

Commissioners—Jacob Small, Chirman; F. J. Pelzer, Dr. B. A. Muckenfuss, Geo. W. Williams, C. A. Chisolm, E. F. Sweegan, H. H. DeLeon, Theo. D. Jervey, A. T. Smythe, Andrew Simonds, A. F. C. Cramer, E. Willis.

Principal of Orphan House-Miss A. K. Irving.

Teachers—Miss N. L. LeQueux, Mrs. A. L. Reilly, Miss C. Arnold, Miss M. E. Hamlin, Miss M. McNeil.

Kindergarten-Miss E. King.

Sewing Department-Mrs. Mary Manno, Miss A. V. Webb.

Matrons-Mrs. F. Perry, Mrs. M. D. Shaw and Miss A. C. Cordes.

Acting Matrons-Mrs. D. Lucas, Miss A. E. Terrell.

Engineer-N. L. Barton.

Secretary of the Board and Treasurer of Commissioners' Trust Fund— E. Montague Grimké.

#### CITY HOSPITAL.

Commissioners—Dr. R. A. Kinloch, Dr. Manning Simons, F. Kressel, Ji., Wm. Roach, E. Willis, D. A. J. Sullivan, K. S. Tupper, D. O'Neill, E. R. White, Dr. R. B. Rhett, I. P. O'Neill, J. L. Weber.

Superintendent-D. M. Burns.

#### ALMSHOUSE.

Commissioners—E. S. Burnham, Chairman; Hermann Klatte, Vice Chairman; H. A. Moloney, Secretary and Treasurer; A. Johnson, A. B. Murray, F. Von Santen, Chas. S. Schmonsees, C. Wulbern, Morris Harris, D. A. J. Sullivan, John Feehan. J. F. Lilienthal, E. R. Whlte.

Master-H. G. Frazer.

Matron-Mrs. E. M. Frazer.

Clerk-M. B. Ryan.

#### ASHLEY RIVER ASYLUM.

Commissioners of Public Lands..

R. C. Barkley, Chairman; W. J. Parker, Vice-Chairman; T. F. McGarey, Secretary and Treasurer.

Thomas Roddy, F. W. Schlepegrell, C. B. Nell, S. J. Pregnall, A. J. Riley, Jerry O'Brien, Jason Brown, H. L. Williams, W. G. Barron.

Steward Ashley River Asylum-Thomas M. Holmes.

Matron Ashley River Asylum—Mrs. Adeline Holmes.

Grave Digger Public Cemetery-Michael Morse.

#### MARKETS AND GREEN GROCERIES.

Commissioners of the Markets—James McAllister, Chairman; M. A. Connor, F. Horris, T. F. McGarey, A. F. C. Cramer, Frank Kressel, Jr., S. J. Pregnall, C. E. Bart, J. P. Collins, G. C. Schmetzer, Wm. Heffron, John Boyd, J. R. P. Ravenel, J. C. H. Claussen, W. H. Dunkin.

Chief Clerk-T. B. McSweeney.

Assistant Clerk Lower Market-Oscar Prause.

Assistant Clerk Upper Market-L. F. Murphy.

Clerk of Weights and Measures-Clarence Wagner.

#### MARION SQUARE.

Commissioners—Col. A. Coward, Chairman; Maj. B. H. Rutledge, Gen. R. Siegling, Maj. G. B. Edwards, Gen. T. A. Huguenin, Capt. Alex. W. Marshall, Lt. Col. A. G. Magrath, Jr.

# COLONIAL COMMON AND ASHLEY RIVER ASYLUM.

Commissioners—Casper A. Chisolm, Chairman; S. S. Buist, Secretary and Treasurer; A. B. Rose, F. E. Taylor, J. F. Ficken, C. U. Shepard, Jr., C. R. Miles, Eugene P. Jervey, A. DeCaradeuc, Lanier Eason and the Mayor.

#### BATHING HOUSES.

Commissioners—Dennis O'Neill, Chairman; Andrew Simonds, Jr., Saml. Webb. M. A. Connor, Wm. Roach, C. L. Meyer, H. L. Cade.

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	livered by Hon. Chas. H. Simonton on the unveiling of L. I. Monument, July 21st, 1891, in Washington
Square	143



# Mayor Bryan's Annual Review.

CITY OF CHARLESTON, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, January, 1892.

To the City Council of Charleston:

The Ordinances of the City require that the outgoing Mayor shall present to the City Council the reports of the various officers of the City for the current year.

It gives me pleasure to say that all of the Departments have maintained their high standard, being presided over by officers of long standing in the service, experience, ability and honesty. It is greatly to be desired that what has now become an unwritten law, to wit: the retention in office of capable public servants, will not be departed from in the future.

From the Treasurer's report it appears that all of our expenditures have been promptly met—the deficit of the previous year (1890) resulting from the opening of Concord street, has been made up, and there remains in the Treasury a surplus of ten thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven  $\frac{8.6}{10.0}$  dollars, after all appropriations have been provided for.

The payment of the bonds which became due in October,

amounting to nineteen thousand two hundred dollars, has been provided for; the schedule printed herewith shows those of them which have been paid.

It cannot be amiss to put on record here my deep sense of gratitude to the members of the Ways and Means Committee (Messrs. J. Adger Smyth, C. S. Gadsden, James F. Redding, A. F. C. Cramer, Andrew Simonds and W. K. Darby), for their able and wise administration of the finances of the City during the past four years; their ever watchful care has made this part of my labors, as Mayor, an easy burden.

TRANSACTIONS OF THE CITY TREASURY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1891.

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proj	qiəəə	spendi tures	stgiese etgiese	cess Ex-	Ledger Balances	lances	Ledger I	Ledger Balances
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					€	\$ 110,127 17		\$ 132,356 97
104,719 50								
5								
328								
23								
5,248 50								
188								
388								
3								
75							95 755	
							3,13	
89 05								
89 05					€	110,127 17	\$ 25,755 69	\$ 132,356 57
	1,220 50 88 80 88 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						

TRANSACTIONS OF THE CITY TREASURY (CONTINUED.)

Ledger Balances $ \begin{array}{c} \text{December 31st, 1891} \\ Dr. & Cr. \\ Dr. & Cr. \end{array} $	\$ 25,755 69 \$ 132,856 97  4 084 60 4 229 62 4 822 99 7 287 88 7 680 16 8 832 44 18 689 42 11 08 88 21 108 88	\$151,100 tol \$100,000
$ \begin{array}{c c} \textbf{Ledger Balances} \\ \textbf{Ledger Balances} \\ \hline \textbf{December 31st, 1890} \\ \hline \textbf{Dr.} \\ \hline \textbf{Cr. Dr.} \\ \hline Cr$		\$110,010 02:4 110,011\$
Fxcess Ex- penditures	\$ 8,094 12 8 700 57 16,169 84 18,000 15,041 98 15,941 98 15,941 98	# Hood to
Fxcess of	\$ 559,261 38 \$ 559,261 38 \$ 75 132 58 40 47 7 68 805 666 805 1,308 61 1,308 61 1,308 61 8,539 03 8,539 042 8,539 042	
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Receipts	\$ 559,261 38 \$ 559,261 38 \$ 132 55 \$ 1666 86 1 988 85 1 308 61 1 308 61 5,590 42 8,539 03 8,539 03	\$ 000 P
-sirqorqqA anoid		
	Amounts brought forward \$1,286 40 \$578,489 05  Dog Badges	

TRANSACTIONS OF THE CITY TREASURY (CONTINUED.)

 	۰	1																								
Ledger Balances	December 31st, 1890 December 31st, 1891 $Cr$ . $Dr$ .	\$133,256 9											<u> </u>		974 00	<u> </u>										\$ 134,230 97
Ledger	890 December Cr. Dr.	\$121,469 15																								\$121,469 15
Ledger Balances	31st, 1890 Cr.	\$ 110,127 17	•																							\$ 110,127 17
Ledger E	December Dr.	\$116,819 02	٠									•														\$116,819 02
cess Ex- nditures	De:	\$74,899 31   \$116,819 02 \$ 110,127 17  \$121,469 15  \$133,256 97	80		35	4,999 09	3.043 25	00	9,038 93	13	1.200 00	947 I9	: ?;;	000	8	1,554 69	192	00	8	65 550 74	28	2,006 25	<u>:</u>	-	95,164 83	\$556,211 47
reess of eceipts	H M	\$77,258 61 \$580,366 94																		:						\$580,366 94
rpendi- tures	Э	\$77,258 61	80	100 00 8	32.5	5,635 79	6,073 25	6,000 00	_		8	171,678,00	98 636 80	88	8	1,592 69	38	04	8	495 34 65 705 79	18	22	138 00		96,912 08	\$573,407 74
stqiəsə	Я	\$75,815 55 \$582,726 24	29 50	26 6	i :	636 70	3,030 00	160 90	100 70							38 00		9,023 07	` :	154 08	207		:		1.747 25	\$597,563 21
propria- anoit	ďΨ	\$75,815 55	1,400 00	25,700 00	520 00	5,000 00	3,043 25	000000	888	18	1,200 00	38	30,000,000	30	8	3,000	1 200 00	12,500 00	1,350 00	500 00	50.00	S	138 00	•	95,164 83	\$563,589 11
		Amounts brought forward	City Hall, Clock and Chimes	City Officers	Commissioners Marion Square,	Commissioners Public Lands	Concord Street Extension.	Destitute Orphans	Fire Department.	High School	House of Rest	Incidental Expenses	Interest Public Debt	Lynch and Bennett's Streets Extension	Mayor's Annual Report	Mayor's Election	Miscellaneous	Orphan House	Pleasure Grounds, Lower Wards	Pleasure Grounds, Upper Wards	Printing and Stationery	Rutledge Street Extension.	Removal Dead Animals	Street Department Appropriation\$55,000 00		Amounts carried forward

# TRANSACTIONS OF THE CITY TREASURY (CONTINUED.)

Ledger Balances	December 31st, 1891 Dr.	\$ 134,230 97	1,000 00 1,000 00 500 00 1,052 58 80 30 282 09 445 87	\$ 185,505 29
Ledger		\$121,469 15	500 00	\$ 185,505 29
Ledger Balances	December 31st, 1890 Dr. Cr.	\$563,589 11 \$507,563 21 \$373,407 74 \$580,366 94 \$556,211 47 \$116,819 02 \$ 110,127 17 \$121,469 15 \$ 134,230 97	1,594 77         2,000 00         1,594 77         1,000 00           1,596 77         2,000 00         1,594 77         1,000 00           1,175 00         2,000 00         550 00           1,175 00         2,248 0         2,248 0           550 00         10,220 00         80 38           44,355 16         44,355 16           179 89         47,165 97           44,55 16         44,55 16           61,941 87         61,941 87	\$ 568,394 11 \$ 811,738 52 \$ 811,738 52 \$ 681,234 79 \$ 681,234 70 \$ 171,083 99 \$ 171,083 99 \$ 185,505 29 \$ 185,505 29
Ledger	December Dr.	\$116,819 02		\$ 171,033 99
ess Ex-	ber Ex	\$556,211 47	4 302 69 389 11 1,000 00 1,300 00 800 00 44,335 15	\$ 681,23479
To seeso stelepts	EZ EZ EZ	F6 998'0898	15 61 15 61 15 61 15 61 15 61 15 61 15 62 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	\$ 681,234 79
kpendi- tures	· ·ਬ	\$573,407 74	4,372 69 389 11 1,000 00 1,300 00 8,922 00 8,922 00 1,009 37 10,350 00 44,355 15 107,266 18	\$ 811,738 52
eceipts	'Н	\$597,563 21	4,170 00 1,025 58 1,025 58 1,025 58 107,531 67	\$ 811,738 52
-sirqorq saoit	dv	\$563,589 11	4,305 00 500 00 4,170 00 1,025 50 47,165 9 1,025 50 1,025 50 1,025 50 1,025 50	\$ 568,39411
		Amounts brought forward	Tridal Drains  Transportation  Bonds Receivable  Bonds Tper cent. due 1888  Bonds Tper cent. due 1888  Bonds Tper cent. due 1890  Colloge of Charleston  Colonial Commons  Commissioners Sinking Fund  Commissioners Forfeited Lands  Count Rattery Repairs  Unexpended Appropriation 1890  Unexpended Appropriation 1890  Commissioners Public Schools  Cash 1890  Cash 1891	Totals

Respectfully submitted,

Examined and found correct,

WM. L. CAMPBELL, City Treasurer.

T. G. MAIN,

Committee on Accounts. T. S. WILBUR.

January 1st, 1892.

#### LICENSES ISSUED AT CITY TREASURY, 1891.

BUSINESS.	No. Taken Out.	@	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
CLASS 1.				
Agencies or Companies each—				
Academy of Music, Theatre or Opera		m200	<b>a</b> 400	
House		\$200		
Bagging Manufacturing Companies Banks, State or Savings	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{500}{250}$	500 2,500	
Breweries	1	100	100	
Building and Loan Associations	12	25	300	
Cotton Manufacturing Companies	1	500	500	
Express Companies or Agencies	1	500	500	
Electric Light Companies Fertilizer Companies or Agencies	$\frac{1}{5}$	500 500	$\begin{array}{c} 500 \\ 2,500 \end{array}$	
Forwarding Agencies or Companies	1	25	2,500	
Gas Companies	1	500		
Insurance Companies or Agencies				
whose Business is less than \$1,000.		20	600	
For each additional 1000 or fractional				
part \$1,000 of business, at \$10; 12 at \$30: 12 at \$40, 6 at \$50, 8 at \$60, 1, at				
\$30; 12 at \$40, 6 at \$50, 8 at \$60, 1 at \$70; 3 at \$80, 2 at \$100, 1 at \$110, 1 at				1
\$130; 1 at \$200, 1 at \$270, 1 at \$610			3,450	
Mercantile—Dun, Bradstreet	3	150	450	
Phosphate Rock Mining or Manufac-			9,000	
turing Companies or Agencies	4			
Railroad Companies	4	300	2,000	1
persons buying or selling Railroad				
Tickets other than authorized				
Agents of Railroad Companies		100	200	1
Real Estate Agencies or Collectors of		=0	150	
Rents or other claims  Steamship, (regular lines) Agencies or	3	50	150	
Companies		250	250	
Steam Ferry Boat Agencies or Com-	1			
panies	$\cdot \mid 1$	100	100	
Steam Cotton Press where one is lo-	-	200	100	
cated and workedthen	2	200	400	'
Steam Cotton Press where more than one is located and worked		300	300	
Steamboat Companies or Agencies for		300	, , , ,	
each Steamboat		50	150	
Steam Tug Companies or Agencies for			1	
each Tug				.
Sailing Vessel Companies or Agencies.		500		
Street Railway Companies Telephone Companies or Agencies				
Terminal Warehouse Companies of		1,500	300	
Agencies				
Water Works Companies	. 1			.
Oil, Creosote or Fernoline Companies.				
Kerosene Oil Companies or Agencies	. 1	1 500	500	0 \$21,22

BUSINESS.	No. Taken Out.	@	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
CLASS 2.  Auctioneers, real estate brokers, brokers of stocks, bonds and other personal property at auction or private sale, each		100 75	\$ 200 750	\$ 950
CLASS 3. Artists, ambrotypists, daguerrean or photographists	5	25		125
CLASS 5.  Brokers, ship	3	50		150
ing domestic or foreign exchange, or discounting notes or other evi- dences of debt		150		600
CLASS 7. Billiard or pool tables, for each table	2	25		50
CLASS 8. Boarding Houses and Hotels. Other that sailor, having less than 10 rooms. Other than sailor, having 20 and less than 50 rooms. Those having over 100 rooms. CLASS 9. Bakeries, steam	10	50 100 60	100 50 100 	250 710
CLASS 10. Barbers, for each chair		2 50		710
CLASS 11.  Bill posters and distributors	28	40		197 50 80 140
CLASS 13. Builders, Master Mechanics and Workmen of all trades and employments not specially named elsewhere.		0.5	105	
Those employing not over ten hands Engravers	5 2	25 10	125 20	145
CLASS 14. Cotton presses, worked by hand	1	35		35

#### LICENSES ISSUED AT CITY TREASURY, 1891—CONTINUED.

CLASS 16.  Cook shops				
CLASS 15.  Cidass 16.  Cook shops	AMOUNT.	@	No. Taken Out.	BUSINESS.
CLASS 16.  Cook shops			1	CLASS 15.
CLASS 18.  Dentists		50	3	Dime shows, per day
CLASS 18.  Dentists				OT AGG 16
CLASS 18.  Dentists		10	15	
CLASS 19.  Outlier of trade or merchandise: Dealers, who are all persons, firms or companies, buying or selling any article of trade or merchandise: Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance.  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages		10	10	*
CLASS 19.  Outline of trade or merchandise: Dealers, who are all persons, firms or companies, buying or selling any article of trade or merchandise: Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance.  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages		0.5		
CLASS 19.  Outline of trade or merchandise: Dealers, who are all persons, firms or companies, buying or selling any article of trade or merchandise: Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance.  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages		25	6	Dentists
CLASS 20.  Dealers, who are all persons, firms or companies, buying or selling any article of trade or merchandise:  Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance.  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages				CLASS 19.
CLASS 20.  Dealers, who are all persons, firms or companies, buying or selling any article of trade or merchandise:  Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages		10	3	Dye houses
Dealers, who are all persons, firms or companies, buying or selling any article of trade or merchandise:  Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages				
companies, buying or selling any article of trade or merchandise:  Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages			-	
article of trade or merchandise: Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance.  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages				
in market), or green grocer on production of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance.  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages	-2			article of trade or merchandise:
duction of receipt for 1 year's rent of stall in the market, in advance  CI.ASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages				Dealers in meats, (sold elsewhere than
of stall in the market, in advance  CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages				in market), or green grocer on pro-
CLASS 21.  Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels:  Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages 5 200 1000		150	11	of stall in the market in advance
Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages		100	11	of staff in the market, in advance
tierces, or its equivalent in barrels: Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages				
Those buying or selling less than 5,000 packages         20         100         2000           Those buying or selling 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages         5         200         1000				Dealers in Upland Cotton or Rice in
packages				These buying or selling less than 5 000
Those buying or selling 5,000 packages or less than 8,000 packages	2000	100	20	
or less than 8,000 packages				Those buying or selling 5,000 packages
	1000	200	5	or less than 8,000 packages
and less than 15,000 packages 4 300 1200	1200	300	4	Those buying or selling 8,000 packages
	1200	300	1	Those buying or selling 20,000 packages
and less than 30,000 packages 2 400 800	800	400	2	and less than 30,000 packages
Those buying or selling 30,000 packages				Those buying or selling 30,000 packages
or more	500	500	1	or more
CLASS 22.				CLASS 22
				Dealers in Sea Island Cotton or Long
Staple Cotton:				Staple Cotton:
	450	50	0	Those buying or selling less than 1,000
		90	9	Those buying or selling 1,000 packages
and less than 2,500 packages		100	3	and less than 2,500 packages
CLASS 23.				, .
Dealers in Sewing Machines		50	2	Dealers in Sewing Machines
CLASS 24.				
Importers and Dealers in Fertilizers.				Importers and Dealers in Fertilizers.
Cotton Seed Meal, Kainit, Guano, Phosphate Rock, Marl, Lime and				Cotton Seed Meal, Kainit, Guano,
Phosphate Rock, Marl, Lime and				Phosphate Rock, Marl, Lime and
all or any other like articles, used or sold as fertilizers, or which are				or sold as fertilizers or which are
used for manufacturing fertilizers:	1			

#### LICENSES ISSUED AT CITY TREASURY, 1891—CONTINUED.

BUSINESS.	No. Taken Out.	@	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
Those selling not over 1,000 tons Those selling over 5,000 tons	2	50 500	100 600	600
Dealers in Liquor, Wholesale and Retail:				
Retail Liquor or Bar Rooms	$   \begin{array}{c c}     263 \\     12 \\     3   \end{array} $	100 150 50	26,300 1800 150	28250
CLASS 26, Dealers in books and pictures on streets or canvassers for same	5	12		60
CLASS 27. Dealers in horses or mules	7	50		350
CLASS 28.  Dealers whose stock never exceeds in value the sum of \$100		5		805
CLASS 29. Dealers in Naval Stores: Those buying or selling not over \$15,000 packages	7	100		700
CLASS 30.  Dealers in hides and tallow, furs and wool	1	50	50	
Dealers in ice, oil coal, etc., from carts or wagons on streets, for each cart or wagon, exclusive of cart license. Dealers in ice from branch ice house	8	10 10		
Dealers in ice or ice house Dealers in ice cream or ice cream sa-	2	100		
Dealers in junk, retail	6			
Dealers peddling goods around the city per week	66	5	330	
and Milk Shakes	8	10	80	
on street, per month  Dealers in Poultry, Fish, Vegetables.	2	2	4	
Fruit in Market	11	5	55	
ing only		35	70	1,144
CLASS 31.  Dealers in Coal, or Coal Yards, and all  Importers of Coal, (except such as is imported directly by officials of	3			

#### LICENSES ISSUED AT CITY TREASURY, 1891—CONTINUED.

BUSINESS.	No. Taken Out.	@	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
mechanical, manufacturing or industrial enterprises for use of such establishments,) and all persons selling Coal from wharves or vessels, shall be deemed liable to a Coal Yard License	5	50	250	
ing two members	7	50	350	600
CLASS 32.  Dealers in Poultry and Country Produce, and in any and every other article of trade or merchandise not specially named elsewhere in				
this Ordinance, whose annual sales do not exceed \$2,000	282	15	4,230	
Those whose annual sales are over \$2,000 and less than \$5,000		25	3,625	
Those whose annual sales are over \$5,000 and less than \$10,000	52	30	1,560	
Those whole annual sales are over \$10,000 and less than \$15,000	22	40	880	
Those whose annual sales are over \$15,000 and less than \$20 000	11			
Those whose annual sales are over		50	550	
\$29,000 and less than \$39,000 Those whose annual sales are over	18	60	1,080	
\$30,000 and less than \$50,000 Those whose annual sales exceed \$50,000 for each additional \$1,000—1 at \$90, 2 at \$95, 10 at \$100, 1 at \$110, 1 at \$125, 2 at \$130, 1 at \$150, 1 at \$133, 1 at \$190, 1 at \$195, 1 at \$200, 1 at \$205, 1 at \$230, 2 at \$330, 2 at \$500	15	80	1,200 4,858	17,983
CLASS 33. Fairs, Promenade Concerts, Parties, Public Balls, Glass Blowing, Operas, Minstrels, Panoramas. and every other kind of public entertainment of a like nature, per day or night.		5		820
CLASS 34. Founderies and Machine Shops, whose gross business does not exceed \$75,000		75	75	

BUSINESS.	No. Taken Out.	@	AMOUNT.	TOTALS.
Those whose gross business exceeds \$100,000		\$150	\$300	375
Bag (other than paper) Factories	2	50	100	
Barrel Factories	1	50	. 50	
Cigar Factories	4	10	40	
Candy Factories	4	15 10	60 10	·
Clothing factories	1	15	15	
Harness factories	3	15	45	
Mattress factories		15	60	
Sausage (by steam) factories		15 15	15 15	
Sash and blind factories	4		160	
Soap and candle factories	1	15	15	
Soda water factories and bottlers of soda water		0-	,	
soua water	4	25	100	685
CLASS 36.				0
Gasfitters and plumbers	8	25	1	
CT ACC OC		9		200
CLASS 38. Laundries, steam	2	50	100	
Laundries, washing and ironing houses	7	$\frac{50}{25}$	$\frac{100}{175}$	
	'	20		275
CLASS 39.				
Lumber yards, lumber ponds	. 1	60		60
CLASS 40. Lawyers, Physicians, Chemists: Whose gross business does not exceed \$600:			,	
Sixteen Lawyers—Twenty-One Physicians—0 Chemists	37	10	370	
Thirteen Lawyers—Twelve Physicians Whose gross business does not exceed \$3,000:	25	25	625	
Eleven Lawyers—Five Physicians Whose gross business does not exceed \$5,000:	16	50	800	
One Physician	1	75	75	
One Chemist	1	100	100	
				1970
CLASS 41. Marble yards	1	20		
J WA CHO!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!	1	20		20
CLASS 42.				20
Mills, flour	1	50	50	

BUSINESS.	No. Taken Out.	@	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
Mills, grits, steam		30	120	
Mills, grits, horse power		10	20	
Mills, planing	3	50	150	
Mills, saw		50	100	
Mills, rice, those doing a business of			100	
10,000 tierces and under	3	250	750	
Mills, spice or coffee, sea foam, self-rais-				
ing or prepared flour as special bus-				
iness	2	20	40	
				1230
CLASS 43.				
Papers, daily, worked by steam, gas or				
water power	2	150	300	
Papers worked by hand	1	25	25	
Printing offices, job, steam, gas or wa-				
ter power	3	50	150	
Printing offices, job, hand	1	15	15	
CT A CC 44				490
CLASS 44.	ابر	00		
Restaurants	5	30		150
CLASS 45.	1			150
Shooting galleries, skating rinks	2	25		
Shooting gamenes, skating links	ا ک	20		50
CLASS 46.				90
Stables, public or livery	2	30		
studies, public of fively	ا آ	0.0		60
CLASS 47.	. 1			00
Stevedores	1	50		
CLASS 48.	1			50
Tailor, Merchant	3	50	150	
Tailor Shops. not merchants	8	5	40	
	li			190
CLASS 49.				\$
Undertakers, whose business does not		05		
exceed \$1,000	7	25	175	
Undertakers, whose business does not	2	50	7.00	
exceed \$2,000		50	100	\$ 275
OT 4 OO #0				\$ 275
CLASS 52.				
Warehousemen and Wharfmen who				
are all persons, firms or Companies receiving any article of trade or				
Morehandice on Storage either				
Merchandise on Storage, either on Wharves, Wharf Warehouses,		- 0		
Buildings or Stores in any part of				
Buildings or Stores in any part of the City, or who have piers or wharves used for landing or ship-				
wharves used for landing or ship-				
ping of goods from vessels.				
Whose Gross Receipts do not exceed				
\$5,000		75	225	
· ·				

BUSINESS	No. Taken Out.	@	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
Whose Gross Receipts do not exceed \$10,000	3	\$100	\$ 300	\$ 525
CLASS 53. Wheelwright and Blacksmith Shops— Wheelwright, one forge	8	10	80	• 020
Wheelwright Shops, for each ad-				
ditional forgeBlacksmith Shops, one forge	1 19			
Blacksmith Shops, for each ad-				
ditional forge	1	5	5	
and Repairing	2	25	50	330
CLASS 54. Wood Yards—All parties having paid for Wood Yard License, and License for Carts, shall have the privilege of offering wood for sale on the streets without the addition of a Huckster's License, provided however the names of the owners of				
such carts be painted thereon	16	30		480
Specials				208
Total Classified License				92,069.50
CLASS 55. Vehicles, Carts used for business purposes, including farm and phosphate carts, trucks or wagons, drays, hacks.				
Drawn by one horse  Drawn by two horse  Coaches, Omnibuses, by two horses	$\begin{vmatrix} 44 \\ 6 \end{vmatrix}$	20 30	880 180	
Buggies and Carriages by one horse Buggies and Carriages by two horses	$\begin{array}{ c c } 2 \\ 29 \end{array}$			12,600
Total Classified and Carts				104,669.50

Cash Transactions of the Commissioners Sinking Fund Forfeited Lands January 1st, 1891 to December 12th, 1891.

RECEIPTS.		
To Balance from last Annual Statement		\$266 48
Arrears State Taxes\$	76 73	
State Taxes 1881-1890	180 94	
City Taxes	398 98	
Commissioners Public Schools	2 50	
Penalties	5 18	
Expense Account	27 74	
Bond Account	203 50	
Interest Account	31 50	
Rents	27 00	
Corporation Counsel	5 00	
Profit on Settlement	66 51	
•		\$1,025 58
		\$1,292 06
EXPENDITURES.		
By State Taxes 1889-90	\$309 97	
Commissioners Sinking Fund, amount paid ove		
to that Fund	. 700	
Balance	. 282 09	#1 000 00
		\$1,292 06
ASSESTS.		
Personal Bonds		\$211 50
January 1, 1891, there were on hand 43 pieces of		Ψ211 00
property assessed @\$	26,175	
Settled during the year 1891, 5 pieces as-	20,110	
sessed @	2,800	
Leaving unsettled December 12th, 1891, 38		
pieces assessed @		23,375 00
		282 09

Respectfully submitted.

WM. L. CAMPBELL,

December 12th, 1891.

City Treasurer.

Examined and found correct.

G. D. BRYAN,

J. ADGER SMYTH,

Mayor. Chairman Committee Ways and Means.

Cash Transactions of the Orphan House Fund from January 1st, 1891, to December 31st, 1891.

RECEIPTS.		
To Balance from last Statement	\$ 42	2 91
To Interest Account—		
12 months' interest on \$176,800 Four per Cent.		
Bonds\$7,072 00		
12 months' interest on \$31,870 47 State Consols. 1,912 24		
	8,984	1 24
	\$9,027	15
EXPENDITURES.		
By Amount paid over to City	.\$8,984	1 24
Balance		91
	\$9.027	 7 15
ASSETS.		
Cash	3 42	91
Four per Cent. Bonds City of Charleston	176,800	00
State South Carolina Consols		

Respectfully submitted.

#### WILLIAM L. CAMPBELL,

City Treasurer.

Examined and found correct.

JACOB SMALL,

Chairman Commi's Orphan House and Trustee Orphan House Fund.

# Cash Transactions City College Fund from January 1st, 1891, to December 31st, 1891.

	RECEIPTS.	
To Interest Account—		
12 months' Interest on \$	23,000 Five per cent.	
Stock	\$1,150 00	
12 months' Interest on \$"	75,500 Four per cent.	
Bonds		
	\$4,170	00
1	EXPENDITURES.	
By Jacob Williman, Treasu	rer\$3,922 00	
Balance		
	<del></del>	00
	ASSETS.	
Four per cent. Bonds City of	of Charleston\$75,500	00
Five per cent. Stock City o	f Charleston 23,000	00
Cash	248	00
Five per cent. Stock City o	of Charleston \$75,500 f Charleston 23,000 248	00

Respectfully submitted.

WM. L. CAMPBELL,

City Treasurer.

Examined and found correct.

CH. RICHARDSON MILES,

President Board of Trustees College of Charleston

Cash Transactions of the Commissioners Sinking Fund from January 1st, 1891, to December 12th, 1891.

RECEIPTS.	
To Balance from last Annual Statement	\$ 880 30 700 00
	\$1,580 30
EXPENDITURES.	
By Bond Account— \$1,500 Seven per Cent. Bonds Balance	\$1,500 00 80 30 
STATEMENT.	
Seven per Cent. Bonds purchased during year 1891\$1,500 00 Cancelled Seven per Cent. Bonds1,500 00	
Cash—This Fund had January 1st 1891 E80 30 Received from all sources 700 00	Φ1 F00 94
Expended for all purposes	\$1,580 30 1,500 00
Balance	\$ 80 30
ASSETS.	
Cash \$ 80 30	

Respectfully submitted,

WM. L. CAMPBELL,

December 12th, 1891.

City Treasurer.

Examined and found correct.

G, D. BRYAN,

J. ADGER SMYTH,

Mayor. Chairman Committee Ways and Means.

Schedule of 7 per cent. Bonds and 6 per cent. Bonds, paid at the City Treasury, in 1891 and cancelled; also, 7 per cent. Bonds due October 1, 1895, purchased by Com. S. Fund and cancelled.

Bonds due October 1, 1890:	No.
No.	283\$500
141\$500	284 500
142	
228	0   286 500
<b>2</b> 50	
251	
	- 289
* \$1,300	
Ψ1,000	291
	293
Bonds due October 1, 1891:	294
No.	295
261\$500	461
262 500	465
263 500	466
264	467 100
265 500	468
266 500	
267 500	)
268 500	471 100
269	7 472 100
270 500	100
271 500	5    4/4 100
272	100
273	100
274	
275	
276	
277 500	
278	* II
	- 1
	Old 0 por comm porta, 10040
280 500	-    01 0000001, 2000, 2.01 000. 2,000
281 500	- []
282 500	Total\$20,600
	11

<sup>\*</sup>Provided for in past years.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. L. CAMPBELL, CITY TREASURER.

Seven per cent. bonds due October 1, 1895, purchased by Commissioners Sinking Fund, cancelled:

157	
159	
	\$1,500

#### CITY ASSESSOR'S REPORT.

An examination of this report reveals the fact that the values of personal property for taxation have again decreased. The report is full of statistical information.

Assessor's Office, City Hall, Charleston, S. C., December 31st, 1891.

To the Honorable the Mayor and City Council

of Charleston, S. C.:

Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit my Annual Report of this Department for the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1891.

The assessed value of Real and Personal Property returned for taxation is as follows:

Total.....\$21,433,031 -@ 22 Mills...\$471,526 68

As compared with assessments for year 1890, the following differences are shown:

Total increase for 1891.....\$46,492

The returns of Real Estate for the past four years, as compared with year 1887, shows an increase of \$657,140, while the returns of Personal Property for same period show a decrease of \$736,311, making a total decrease of the taxable basis for year 1891, as compared with year 1887, \$79,171.

The number of permits issued during the past year for the erection of new buildings, and old buildings improved, are as follows:

165 New Buildings	Reported Cost	\$402.850
114 Old Buildings Improved	-	. ,
Total279 permits	.Reported Cost	\$472,485

A detailed statement, showing the number of permits issued in the different Wards, is attached to this Report, to which I refer.

The record of the sales of Real Estate kept during the past year continues to show an advance over assessments in all the wards of the city.

392 pieces, assessed for \$605,900, sold for \$880,218, an advance over assessments of 45.28 per cent.

I have prepared a statement, showing the comparison of assessments with sales in the different Wards, and the general average in the city, which is also appended to this Report.

In addition to the usual statements furnished with my Annual Reports, I have also prepared recapitulated statements for the period covering the past administration, 1888 to 1891, as a matter of comparison.

Accompanying this Report, I beg leave to hand the following annexed statements, which will furnish statistical information of interest to your honorable body and all corporators, to which I respectfully invite your attention.

WM. AIKEN KELLY,

City Assessor.

#### Α.

STATEMENT OF THE DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY RETURNED FOR TAXATION FOR YEAR 1891.

1478	Horses and Mules	112,225
280	Cows	7;095
963	Gold and Silver Watches and Plate	69,841
496	Piano Fortes, Melodeons and Cabinet Organs	40,930
470	Carriages, Buggies, &c	36.960
1026	Wagons, Drays, Carts, &c	38,445
	Dogs	6,785
	Merchandise, Money and Credits pertaining to busi-	,
	ness of Merchants	1.781.126
	Materials, Machinery, Engines, Tools and Fixtures of	-,,
	Manufacturers	889,633
	Moneys, Bank Bills and Circulating Notes on hand or	000,000
	deposit and all Credits	362,348
	Receipts of Insurance Agencies	362,478
	Receipts of Express, Telegraph and Telephone Com-	302,110
	panies	23,101
	Capital Stocks of Banks	1,239,900
	Stocks of Phosphate Companies	70,275
	Stocks and Bonds of all other Companies, Corpora-	10,210
	tions and persons	973,074
	Vessels, Boats and other Floating Property	128,325
		,
	All other Property, including Household Furniture	412,060
	Total value of Personal Property	\$6.554.601

## WM. AIKEN KELLY.

City Assessor.

## В.

STATEMENT OF THE RETURNS OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY ASSESSED FOR CITY TAXES FOR YEARS 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890 AND 1891.

1887.	
2330	
Real Estate\$14,221,290	
Personal Property	
Total Real and Personal\$21,512,202 -@ 2 %-	\$430,244,04
1888.	
Real Estate.       \$14,527,350         Personal Property.       7,042,205	
Total Real and Personal\$21,569,555—@ 23½ Mills—	\$506,884.54
As compared with assessments for 1887.	
Gain on Real Estate\$306,06 Decrease on Personal Property248,70	
Total gain for 1888, as compared with 1887	\$57,353
1889.	
Real Estate	
Total Real and Personal\$21,425,652—@ 23 Mills—	3492,790.00
As compared with Assessments for 1888.	
Gain on Real Estate is\$199,215 Decrease on Personal Property is343,118	
Total Decrease for 1889 as compared with 1888	\$143,903
Total Decrease for 1889, as compared with 1887	\$ 86,550

## 1890.

Real Estate	
Total Real and Personal\$21,386,539—@ 23 Mills-	<del>\$491,890.40</del>
As compared with Assessments for 1889.	
Gain on Real Estate is  Decrease on Personal Property is	\$ 73,435.00 112,548,00
Total Decrease for 1890, as compared with 1889	\$ 39,113.00
Total Decrease for 1890, as compared with 1887	\$125,663.00
1891.	
Real Estate       \$14,878,430         Personal Property       6,554,601	
Total Real and Personal\$21,433,031—@ 22 Mills-	-\$471,526.68 
As compared with Assessments for 1890.	
Gain on Real Estate is \$78,430 Decrease on Personal Property is 31,938	
Total gain for 1891, as compared with 1890	\$46,492.00
Total Decrease for 1891, as compared with 1887	\$79,171 00 ======
Total gain on Real Estate 1888 to 1891	\$657,140.00
Total Decrease on Personal Property 1888 to 1891	\$736,311.00

## WM. AIKEN KELLY,

City Assessor.

\$402,850

C.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF PERMITS ISSUED FOR THE ERECTION OF NEW BUILDINGS AND OLD BUILDINGS IMPROVED, FOR YEAR 1891.

## NEW BUILDINGS.

165 Permits—Reported Cost, \$402,850.	Dist'ed	in the	e city as fo	ollows:
Ward 1 4 Permits.			\$	37,900
Ward 2 1 "	• "	"		1,300
Ward 3 7 "		"		143,700
Ward 4 7 "	"	"		18,000
Ward 513 ''	"	"	4	63,000
Ward 6 8 "	"	"		34,100
Ward 7 7 ''	"	"		33,900
Ward 814 "	"	44		8,850
Ward 919 "	44	"		16,150
Ward 10 29 "	"	44		8,400
Ward 1122 "	"	"		20,150
Ward 1234 "	"	44		17,400
			_	
Total165 Permits.	Ren	orted	cost\$	3402.850
20001	Took	or coa		,,
Classified as follows				
Classified as follows:				
	15 R	.eport	ed costs	69,900
Stores		eport	ed cost\$	•
Stores	5			9,000
Stores	5 1	•"	66	9,000 3,500
Stores	5 1 1	""	66	9,000 3,500 7,500
Stores	5 1 1	" 	"	9,000 3,500
Stores	5 1 1 1	" 	"	9,000 3,500 7,500
Stores	5 1 1 1	" " "	«« ««	9,000 3,500 7,500 25,000
Stores	5 1 1 s,} 1	" " "	«« ««	9,000 3,500 7,500 25,000
Stores	5 1 1 s,} 1	  	 	9,000 3,500 7,500 25,000 135,000
Stores	5 1 1 s,} 1 1 1	 	  	9,000 3,500 7,500 25,000 135,000
Stores	5 1 1 s,} 1 1 1 1	66 66 66		9,000 3,500 7,500 25,000 135,000 1,000 1,500

Total Permits......165

#### OLD BUILDINGS IMPROVED.

## 114 Permits. Reported cost, \$69,635. Distributed in the City as follows:

Ward 1 9	Permits.	Reported	Cost\$	8,600
Ward 2 5	"			1,450
Ward 318	44	"	"	15,100
Ward 4 8	66	66	"	2,560
Ward 513	"	"	"	16,475
Ward 6 6	"	"	"	4,700
Ward 7 8	"	46	46	3,900
Ward 8 8	66	44		3,300
Ward 9 3	"	44	"	1,800
Ward 1010	"	44	"	2.450
Ward 1119	66	"	"	7,750
Ward 12 7	7 44	"	"	1,550
			-	
Total114	Permits.	Reported	Cost	.\$69,635
		-		
tal of New Buildings	and Impro	vements—		

To

New Buildings......165 Permits. Reported cost.....\$402,850 Old Buildings Improved 114

Total.......279 Permits. Reported cost.....\$472,485

## WM. AIKEN KELLY,

City Assessor.

D.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF PERMITS ISSUED FOR THE ERECTION OF NEW BUILDINGS, AND OLD BUILDINGS IMPROVED, FOR YEARS 1888, 1889, 1890 AND 1891.

		NI	EW BUILI	OINGS.				
1888.	191	Permits	]	Reported	Cos	t	\$	416,730
1889.	144			•"	66			195,600
1890.	105	"		"	66			329,775
1891.	165			**	46		••••	402,850
Total.	605	Permits	•••••	66	"		\$1 =	1,344,955
		OLD BU	ILDINGS	IMPRO	VΕι	).		
1888.	111	Permits	******	Reported	Cos	t	\$	98,855
1889.	85	"		- "	66			79,225
1890.	98			61	66			60,910
1891.	114	"	•••••	66	•	••••••	••••	69,635
Total.	408			"	"		\$	308,625
		RE	CAPITUL	ATION.				
New I	Build	ngs	. 605 Perm	itsRep	orte	d Cost	\$1	,344,955
		ngs Improved			"			
1	Total	•••••	.1,013 "	•••	<b>6</b> 6	*1	\$	1,653 <b>,</b> 580

## WM. AIKEN KELLY,

City Assessor.

E.

# Comparison of Assessments with Sales of Real Estate for Year 1891.

WARDS.	Number of Pieces.	Amount of Sales.	AMOUNT OF	ADVANCE OVER ASSESSMENTS	Per Cent.
Ward 2	21 14	\$ 71,165 63,015	\$ 48,500 41,450	\$ 22,665 21,565	46.73 52.03
Ward 3 Ward 4 Ward 5	31 24 19	$206,150 \\ 61,570 \\ 70,295$	159,840 36,870 55,330	$\begin{array}{r} 46,310 \\ 24,700 \\ 14,965 \end{array}$	28.97 66.99 27.04
Ward 6 Ward 7	29 22	92,583 45,230	54,720 33,750	37,863 11,480	69.20 34.01
Ward 8	30 26 45	90,590 $20,439$ $34,067$	56,400 13,000 20,657	34,190 7,439 13,410	60.62 $57.22$ $64.92$
Ward 11 Ward 12	70 61	92,132 32,982	63,433 21,950	28,699 11,032	45.24 50 26
Totals	392	\$ 880,218	\$ 605,900	\$ 274,318	45.28

372 Pieces sold above Assessments	.\$278,564
Amount of Sales\$861,20	
Amount of Assessments 582,64	5
Per cent. of Sales above Assessments	47.81
20 Pieces sold below Assessments	\$4,246
Amount of Assessments\$23,25	5
Amount of Sales	9
Per cent. of Sales below Assessments	18.26

## WM. AIKEN KELLY,

City Assessor.

F.

# Comparison of Assessments with Sales of Real Estate for Years 1888, 1889, 1890 and 1891.

YEARS.	Number of Pieces.	Amount of	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENTS	ADVANCE OVER ASSESSMENTS	Per Cent.
1888	326		\$ 526,840	\$ 262,071	49.74
1889	331	759,121	502,786	256,335	50.99
1890	312	780,748	520,980	259,768	49.86
1891,	392	880,218	605,900	274,318	45.28
Totals	1361	\$3,208,998	\$2,156,506	\$1,052,492	48.80
	f Sal	es	••••••••••••	.\$3,123,578	068,667
Per cent of Sale				• •	52.01
Per cent of Sale	es and	ove Assessin	енья		02.01
64 Pieces sold below	Ass	essments			\$16,175
Amount o	f Ass	sessments		\$101,595	
Amount	f Sal	es		85,420	
Per cent. of sale	s bel	ow Assessme	nts		18.94

## WM. AIKEN KELLY,

City Assessor.

Charleston, S. C., December 31st, 1891.

All of which is respectfully submitted, WM. AIKEN KELLY,

City Assessor.

## REPORT OF CITY SHERIFF.

Office of City Sheriff.
Charleston S. C.

To the Honorable the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston:

Gentlemen—I respectfully submit the following report of the business of this office for the year ending December 31, 1891.

Very respectfully, GLENN E. DAVIS,

City Sheriff.

Taxes Collected by City Sheriff during the year 1891:

January-	Tax 1888\$ 73 32	
"	Tax 1889 590 19	
"	Tax 1890 2,107 75	
		\$2,771 26
February—	Tax 1883	
"	Tax 1887 75 06	
	Tax 1888 36 00	
• 6	Tax 1889 230 35	
"	Tax 1890 957 21	
36 1	TD 1007	1,398 62
March-	Tax 1887 53 00	
•6	Tax 1888 305 95	
"	Tax 1889 805 14	
"	Tax 1890 653 66	
		1,817 75
April—	Tax 1888 1 00	
""	Tax 1889 328 44	
46	Tax 1890 895 91	
3.5	m 1000	<b>1</b> ,2 <b>2</b> 5 35
May—	Tax 1888 63 92	
"	Tax 1889 256 17	
"	Tax 1890 537 90	
T	TD 1000	857 99
June—	Tax 1886	
11	Tax 1887 163 14	
"	Tax 1888 474 03	
-	Tax 1889 901 79	
66	Tax 1890	
		2,614 55

July &					
our co.	Aug-	_	Tax 1888 78 (	00	
"	66		Tax 1889 659 (	64.	
"	66		Tax 1890 738 7	79	
g o		т.	m 1004	_ 1,476	43
		Nov	-Tax 1884 15 (		
		"	Tax 1885 15 (		
	4	"	Tax 1887 3 (		
			Tax 1888		
	"	46	Tax 1889		
	• •	66	Tax 1890 988 4		
Decemb	er		Tax 1886	<del>-</del> 1,502	89
11	301		Tax 1887		
			Tax 1888	-	
6.			Tax 1889		
66			Tax 1890		
66			Tax 1891		
			1,791	— 2,986	33
				\$16,651	17
			SCHOOL TAX COLLECTED.		
			COLOGIA THE COMMOTHE.		
Januar	v		\$182	64	
			78 8		
	·				
			96 6		
-					
				00	
				28	
June					
June July an	d A	ugust	104 1	18	
June July an Sept., O	d Ai	ugust Nov		18 34	
June July an Sept., O	d Ai	ugust Nov	104 1	18 34 50 .	24
June July an Sept., O Decemb	d Au et, l	ugust Nov		18 34	24
June July an Sept., O December	d Au Oct , l oer	ugust Nov d' b		18 34 50 .	

Respectfully submitted,

GLENN E. DAVIS, City Sheriff.

\$20,015 41

## CORPORATION COUNSEL.

The report of this officer shows a large amount of work accomplished during the year. The duties of this important office have been discharged with fidelity and zeal.

#### CORPORATION COUNSEL'S REPORT.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 5th, 1892.

To the Honorable the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston.

Gentlemen—I respectfully submit my report as Corporation Counsel for the past year.

Judgments for past due taxes have been taken in fortynine cases aggregating twenty-seven hundred and eighty  $\frac{54}{100}$  Dollars (\$2,780.54) and executions thereunder have been issued to the City Sheriff.

Suits have been issued and judgments obtained in fifty-one cases for violations of the license ordinance, aggregating eighteen hundred and eighteen  $\frac{25}{100}$  dollars. A large number of other cases for violations of the license ordinance, were instituted but were settled in the Sheriff's Office before being put into judgment. The case against J. C. H. Weller reported by me last year as being before the Supreme Court on defendant's appeal, has since been decided in favor of the city.

The appeals by the Ashley Phosphate Company in the cases against them, have been sustained by the Supreme Court. All the cases referred to me by your Honorable body "to enforce the law" were put in suit.

I have given nineteen written opinions upon questions submitted to me by the various departments of

the City Government and by the City Council and its Committees.

In August last one Edward Van Orden of the City of New York, brought an action in the United States Court for District of South Carolina against the City Council of Charleston claiming \$43,463, damages for an alleged infringement of his patent for improvement in feed water heaters for steam fire engines. I at once served a demand that the plaintiff should give security for costs. This was not done and subsequently the plaintiff abandoned the case.

At the request of the Mayor and Aldermen I prepared the following Memorial and Bill, for submission to the Legislature, which has since became a law:

- 1. Memorial to the Legislature for an Act authorizing the City Council to issue Coupon Bonds at a rate not exceeding Seven per cent. per annum, for the purpose of taking up or exchanging the Seven per cent. Coupon Bonds of the City, maturing in 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897.
  - 2. The Bill provided for in said Memorial.

At the request of the Mayor, I prepared the Memorial and other necessary papers, resolutions of City Council, memorandum on behalf of City Council with the United States, &c., in the matter of the continuation of Concord street through the Custom House grounds in the City of Charleston. These papers have been approved in Washington, and the street is now open.

At the request of the Mayor and Aldermen, I have prepared the following Ordinances which have become laws:

- 1. A Bill to strike out Sections 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471 and 472, and to insert new Sections in their place.
- 2. A Bill to authorize the issue of Coupon Bonds at a rate not exceeding Five per cent. per annum, for the purpose of taking up or exchanging the seven per cent. Coupon Bonds of the City maturing in 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897.
- 3. A Bill to abolish the Upper Market, situate at the N. E. Cor. of Vanderhorst and St. Philip streets.

Four titles were examined and two deeds to the City prepared for execution to wit:

- 1. Mrs. Fanny Alston for the extension of Rutledge street to Tradd street.
  - 2. Mrs. Eliza B. Trenholm for the extension of Concord street.

I have filed answers setting up claim for City Taxes in several cases of foreclosure of mortgage which are now pending.

Respectfully submitted,
CHARLES INGLESBY,
Corporation Counsel.

### THE STREET DEPARTMENT.

The report from this Department shows that the work of permanent improvements on our streets has steadily progressed, and at a reasonable cost. The intelligent conduct of the affairs of this department is well known to all, and requires no commendation at my hands. I cannot accept the recommendation for the abolition of what is known as the "shell road," as this is the only avenue in the city which is suitable for pleasure vehicles, and it should be kept in repair at least for the present. During the year two greatly needed extensions of streets were made, to wit: Rutledge Street from Broad Street to Tradd Street, and Lynch Street through to Calhoun Street. The East Shore Terminal Railroad has extended its tracks through Concord Street as far south as Exchange Street.

Office of Superintendent of Streets, Charleston, S. C., December 31st, 1891.

To the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston:

GENTLEMEN: I beg leave to submit for your consideration my annual report for the year 1891:

#### RECEIPTS.

General appropriations	\$55,000 00
2-mill betterment tax	
From all other sources	
Total receipts	\$96,916 08

## Expenditures during the year accounted for as follows:

#### SCAVENGER DEPARTMENT.

Miscellaneous\$ 3,405	56
Forage 6,082	80
Repairs	
Labor	. 05
	\$22,436 31
Expense account, salaries, printing, &c	1,436 48
General repairs, labor\$ 2,318	
General repairs, material 504	56
	2,822 71
General Police, labor\$10,626	
General Police, material 691	
	11,317 95
Hardware	459 20
Lime and cement	554 45
Bricks	273 34
Brick pavements and drains, labor	1,538 50
Stone-flag	9,327 82
Stone cobble, labor	1,712 35
Stone curb	3,095 98
Stone granite blocks	17,601 15
Flag pavements, labor	2,929 51
Curbing and crossings, stone, labor	916 95
Stone granite blocks, roadway repairs, labor	816 70
Stone granite blocks, hauling and tallying	798 78
Plank road repairs, labor	359 80
Wooden curbs and crossings, repairs, labor	381 80
Lumber	1,880 38
Pipe drains, labor\$ 1,228	93
Pipe drains, material 995	87
Total all and more littles	2,224 80
	3 90
Earth, shell and gravel, material 1,538	$\frac{342}{-}$ 1,697 32
Meeting street shell road, labor\$ 807	35
Meeting street shell road, material	15
	2,058 50
Rutledge street bridge drain	4,036 70
Anson street stone roadway	540 35
State street stone roadway	1,439 50
Hayne street stone roadway	77 15
Meeting street stone roadway	3,073 05
Chapel street stone roadway	630 65
Friend street stone roadway	477 90
Total	\$96,916 08
1 Otalisasississississississississississississ	φυ, 910 08

#### STONE ROADWAYS.

The combination stone roadways in Meeting street, has been continued from Mary to Sheppard street, eighteen feet of block, and the sides of cobble, as in last year. Anson street, has been paved from Pinckney to Market, eighteen feet of block in the centre, and cobbles on the sides, Hayne Street was paved with block, from Anson west to include in front of the doorway of the Brewery. State street, from Market to Broad, has been paved with a combination of blocks and cobbles. Friend street, has been paved entirely with blocks, from Broad to Tradd.

The following are the measurements of each roadway:

Anson street, 650 yards granite blocks, 1,149 yards cobble; Hayne street 338 yards granite blocks; State street 3,160 yards granite block, 2,417 yards cobble; Friend street 1,546 yards granite blocks; Meeting street roadway, 4,712 yards granite blocks, 8,546 yards cobble.

The cost per square yard for each roadway is as follows:

Anson street\$1	72
Hayne street 2	
State street	07
Friend street	
Meeting street Roadway 2	

#### BLUE STONE FLAG PAVEMENTS.

The following sidewalks have been laid during the year:

Wali street2,861 feet. Amherst street2,285 "	Reid street2,796 feet. America street 247
Spring street5,243	Vanderhorst street11,591 "
Tradd street4,809 "	Water street2,854 " King street 866 "
George street 988 "	King street

#### BLUE STONE CURB.

Year by year the effort is being made to replace the old wooden curbs with Stone.

## The following have been done this year:

South bay557	foot	Vernon street	799	foot
2		vernou succu	120	reet.
Concord street721	"	Marsh street	427	66
Inspection street795	"	Bogard street2	2,562	"
Chapel street502	"	America street	33	"
Tradd street496	"	King street	\89	٠.
Laurens street129	"	Vanderhorst street	911	"
George street205	"	Water street	60	66
Crab street	"			

#### BRICK PAVEMENTS.

The repairs to brick pavements has been continued wherever required.

The following is a list of the new work:

Broad street320 ye	ds. pavement.	Tradd street277	yds. pavement.
King street222	"	Lightwood alley.123	"
Water street. 82	"	Logan street 77	
Legare street 67	*6		

The following brick drains were cleaned during the year: Water street, Church street and King street.

Temporary repairs and cleaning has been done in many other drains.

#### PIPE DRAINS.

The system of pipe drains has been continued with satisfaction; in fact, I think it is the only proper system for this city. The following is what has been done during the year:

Percy street	450	feet	12 i	ncl	ı
Percy street	56	"	8	"	laterals
Payne street			18	"	
Payne street			12	"	laterals
Payne street	38	"	8	"	laterals
Sires alley			12	"	
Shepherd street	300	"	8	"	
Drake street			12	46	
Reid street	100	"	8	"	

#### PLANK ROADS.

The usual expensive repairs have been necessary, but with the definite system of permanent work which has

been adopted, I trust, in a few years, this expensive and unsatisfactory work will be unnecessary.

#### WOODEN CURBS AND CROSSINGS.

This class of work, which for the present is necessary, I hope will be steadily curtailed with the stone which is yearly bought for this purpose.

#### MEETING STREET SHELL ROAD.

This road is in good condition, but I regret to say that the cost of maintenance is increasing every year. The road-bed seems to have been worn away, and the winds have blown the fine shell off from the roadway, so as to leave but a thin covering of shell. At present this roadway costs more for repairs than I think is warranted, and I submit for your serious consideration the proposition of substituting another class of roadway, which may cost more in the beginning, but will be cheaper in the end. I do not see how this road can be abandoned, as it is the principal drive out of the city to the cemeteries and other places of interest. Twenty-seven thousand three hundred and eighty-eight bushels of shell were used on the road during the year.

#### SCAVENGER DIVISION

This division of this department has been efficiently managed by the officers who had it in charge. The number of loads of garbage hauled during the year, 32,681. In addition to the scavenger work proper, large amounts of sand, gravel, shell, stone and bricks have been hauled without extra cost to the city.

Very respectfully,
T. A. HUGUENIN,
Superintendent Streets.

### REPORT OF HEALTH OFFICER.

The same watchful care which has characterized the Health Department in the past still continues, and has been productive of the best results. Among the most important duties assigned to its keeping is the care of the sick poor of the city. Under the existing Ordinances ample provision is made for this class of our community, and the restriction preventing the Health Physicians from taking private practice for pay, greatly enhances the value of the public service in this respect. The poor have had better attention, and there have been fewer complaints. The recommendations made by this Department as to inspection of food and plumbing, and the improvement of the sewerage system, require the most serious consideration at your hands.

## REPORT OF HEALTH OFFICER FOR THE YEAR 1891.

CITY OF CHARLESTON, So. CA., DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, January, 1892.

To the Hon. the Mayor and Aldermen:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to submit my annual report, conveying the tables of vital statistics and meteorological observations, with such procedures of this Department as have been undertaken for the benefit of this Department, and the general health of the city, for the year 1891.

There has been no epidemic in the city during the past year, except a visitation of La Grippe, which also visited the entire country—15 white and 21 colored deaths occurred. The Epidemic was most general. A few deaths have occurred from diphtheria—whites 2, colored 1. Total 3. No scarlet fever deaths, and very few deaths from typhoid

fever; in fact, there have been fewer deaths from typhoid fever in 1891 than for twenty years past. This is most encouraging, and might be well regarded as a good test of cleanliness and good water.

There were 234 deaths from diarrheal diseases. This is far above the average, and is a very large number, it is most suggestive of a great necessity for some protection against improper and impure food.

Consumption claims 41 white and 203 colored victims. Total 244—one death in every eight deaths from this disease.

#### QUARANTINE.

The Quarantine Station of Charleston Harbor at Fort Johnson continues to give the greatest satisfaction.

It is furnished with all modern scientific appliances, and while all restrictions to commerce are recognized as irksome, the detention has been reduced to a minimum number of days.

The Holt System, embracing—Steam heating—at 230 degrees, Bi-chloride of mercury spray, and sulphur fumigation 18 per cent., furnishes a complete system of disinfection.

Communication with the post is maintained with a naphtha launch, which has given the most complete satisfaction.

The two wharves have been found to be most convenient—one furnishing disinfection and the other giving full opportunity for the discharge of ballast.

No diseases of a contagious or infectious type have appeared at the station during the past year. Dr. Lebby, Quarantine Officer, has been constantly on duty during the year, and continues to bestow his energy, zeal and thorough proficiency.

There were 230 arrivals at Quarantine during 1891.

Steamships100	Brigs 18
Barks 75	Schooners 35
Tug 1	Small Boat 1

Belgium       8         Cape de Verde       4         Chili       2         France       1         Great Britain       27         Mexico       1         Norway       2         Sicily       29         Spain       6         West Indies       53
Total230

#### SANITARY INSPECTORS.

The city is divided into 4 Sanitary Districts—to each of these is assigned a Sanitary Inspector. It is the duty of these Inspectors to superintend the carrying off of the garbage in the earlier hours of the day, and later to visit fifty premises, and to report as to the condition of these premises and where the necessity occurs to have the privies and drains cleansed. Many thousand notices to owners indicate a vast amount of work. These officers have been faithful, and the service is most efficiently done.

In this connection it is most important that the recommendations of the Board of Health to City Council should be carried out, viz: that there should be provision made for

Inspection of food.

Inspection of plumbing.

There can be no gainsaying the statement that an immense amount of unsound food is sold in Charleston every year.

Every year the amount of plumbing work is multiplying and it is most necessary that this work should be done according to requirements, such as the Board of Health deem proper for the public health.

## DISINFECTION.

This very important work is most satisfactorily done under the immediate attention of Mr. F. Nipson. We feel assured that our great immunity from infectious and contagious disease is greatly due to the very rigid custom of furnishing a full supply of disinfectants to every house which is reported as having a case of contagious or infectious disease—at the termination of every case the health detective, Mr. Nipson, fumigates most thoroughly with sulphur dioxide gas.

There was not a death from scarlet fever last year, and but three deaths from diphtheria—at once, as a case is reported the greatest care is taken to instruct the dwellers on the premises as to the importance of protection—circulars are furnished as well as the disinfectants. During the summer months deodorizing solutions are placed in all public places which require it, and a supply of disinfectants is furnished to any and all who ask for it.

62 houses were fumigated and disinfected.

6,892 persons were supplied with chloride of lime and 38,700 gallons of copperas solution were distributed,

3 horses and 2 mules, suffering from glanders, were killed.

## INTERMENTS.

Interments were made within the city limits during the year 1891 at the following burial grounds;

WHITES.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
St. Philip's Church yard St. Michael's Church yard St. Paul's Church yard St. Paul's Church yard St. Mary's Church yard St. John's Lutheran Church yard St. John's Chapel Church yard St. Peter's Church yard 1st Baptist Church yard 1st Presbyterian Church yard 2d Presbyterian Church yard Trinity Church yard Circular Church yard Unitarian Church yard Wentworth St. Lutheran C'h y'rd K. K. Beth Elohim Church yard Seamen's Church yard Hanover Street, Jewish	2 1 2 1 1	 1 1 3   4 1 	 1 1  2  1  1			1  1  1  2	1	1  1  1	 2  1  1 1 	1	2 1 1		8 2 8 4 3 13 1 3 4 6 6 6 4 2 2 1 2 8 1
Total.	9	12	7	2	10	6	4	3	5	7	5	8	78

COLORED.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Ephrat	1 3 4 	1 3 3  2 1 	1 3 5 1 1 1	1  2 2  5	1 3 1 1 3  2  1	2 1 3  1 1 	2 4 1  2 1 1  2 1 1 3	1 3  2 1  	4 4 1 1  1 3 1 	2 1 1   1 5	3  3  1 	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ \dots \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ -20 \end{array} $	17 32 13 4 12 14 25 3 12 

#### PUBLIC CEMETERIES.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September,	October,	November.	December.	Totals.
WhiteColored	26 26 26		<u> </u>	20	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	$   \begin{array}{r}     23 \\     304 \\     \hline     327   \end{array} $

#### SCAVENGERING.

The removal of garbage from the city is entirely under the control of the city authorities. The carts are owned by the city, and a superintendent is directly charged with the duty of overlooking them. The result is, that at a minimum cost the garbage is removed, and removed at an early hour.

For the last ten or twelve years this procedure has been in operation, and has worked most successfully. Not only is the garbage removed at an early hour, but an immense deal of work is done for the city—the carts being employed after the removal of garbage, in doing city work—nearly all the city hauling for the paving of the streets has been done in this way. The city has in this method complete control, and can concentrate without any additional cost. The garbage is hauled out of the city to outlying salt marsh lands and serves a most useful purpose in making a foundation for roadways through the salt marsh. The number of loads removed during the year was 32,681.

January2,281	July3,395
February2,007	
March2,135	September3,063
April2,442	October3,429
May2,582	November2.915
June2,620	December2,625

#### NIGHT SOIL.

During the past year there were 2,152 vaults cleaned out. The best that is possible is done in reference to this very great nuisance. The vaults continue to be the greatest nuisance in the city, and have been so for many a long year. Were it not that our soil is more or less percolated to a great extent with salt water, it would be a probable source of serious unhealthiness. They are certainly very offensive. During the long summer months these receptacles and storage vaults for material that is constantly undergoing decomposition and emitting pestiferous odors continue to suggest a most important departure, and that is the removal of the excreta of the city by water conduit. It is to be hoped that, at an early day, with the success of a new artesian well that is about being dug, that a sufficient supply of water will be afforded to make a beginning, and at least undertake the lower section of the city. It occurs to us that the city could be divided into four sections, and commence sewerage first as far as Broad street, then up to Calhoun street, then to Spring street, then beyond.

#### CITY DISPENSARY SERVICE.

The city dispensary physicians report during the past year, 1891, 25,829 cases treated in the four Health Districts This is a monumental charity. As will be seen, thousands of our poor have skilled medical attention, and drugs furnished; and that effected at a very small amount, when the immense work is recognized.

I am glad to be the means of testifying to the great loyalty of these medical officers. It is a most harrassing service, and it is well performed. Whites and blacks receive equally the attention required on demand. There were 20,029 blacks and 5,800 whites attended.

During the year there were 19,269 prescriptions dispensed free of charge.

Health District No. 14,886	Health District No. 32,796
Health District No. 26,044	Health District No. 45,543

#### FINANCIAL.

Appropriations	16,18	30	00
Amounts expended	16,16	39	84
-			
Surplus	\$ 1	10	16

Respectfully submitted,
H. B. HORLBECK, M. D.,

Health Officer.

## MORTUARY STATISTICS.

REPORT OF THE NUMBER OF DEATHS IN THE CITY OF CHARLESTON IN EACH MONTH FOR THE YEAR 1891.

WHI	TE	s.											
CAUSES OF DEATH,	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Totals
Abscess Alcoholism Anasarca Anæmia Aneurism, Aorta Angina Pectoris Apoplexy Asthma Ataxia Bowels, Inflammation of Brain, Congestion of Brain, Effusion on Brain, Effusion on Brain, Tumor on Brain, Tumor on Bronchitis Bronchitis Bronchitis Capiliary Cancer Cancer, Colon Cancer, Liver Cancer, Hammary Cancer, Pylorus Cancer, Pylorus Cancer, Uteri Catarrh, Senile Cholera Infantum Cholera Morbus Consumption Consumption Consumption, Laryngeal Convulsions Cystitis Debility Dementia Dentition Diarrheea	1	3  1  1  2	1	1 1	1 1	1 1 2 1 2 1 4 2 2	2 1 1 1 1 8 1 3 4 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Dropsy	•••		1	•••	3	2	1 4	1.		1 2	1	2 1 	3 14 2 2 1

WHITES.													
Causes of Death.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December,	Total.
Gastro-Enteritis Goitre Hæmorrhage, Intestinal Hæmatocele. Heart Disease of. Hemiplegia Hepatitis Hernia Hydrocephalus Hydrothorax Inanition Influenza Intussusceptio. Kidney, Bright's Kidney, Congestion of. Kidney, Inflammation of Liver, Cirrhosis of Liver, Congestion of. Lungs, Abscess of. Lungs, Congestion Lungs, Hæmorrhage Lymphadenoma Mania. Marasmus		1 5 1 1 3 1 2 1 1 1 1 1	1 2		1 4 4 ···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	ounf 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 3 1 3 1 1	8nV 4	Sept	21 3 1 1 2 3 1 3 1 1	1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 2 3	9 1 9 1 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Measles Meningitis. Meningitis, Cerebro-Spinal. Metrorrhagia. Neurasthenia Occlusion, Intestinal Old Age. Paralysis. Partuction Pemphigius. Pericarditis Perityphlitis	2 1 	1 2 1 	2	  1  1	1 2   2		1 1 1 1 2 2	2	  1  1 	1  3 2  1 	1 2 1 2 2	   2	5 10 1 3 1 1 21 18 1 1 2 7
Pleuritis Pneumonia Pneumonia, Pleuro	5	2									5	4	16 1

#### WHITES.

Causes of Death.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Pneumonia, Typho	1	Ī									Ī		1
Prostatitis							1						1
Prostate, Enlarged						1							$\bar{1}$
Pylorus, Enlarged		l				1							1
Rheumatism	1						1						$\frac{1}{2}$
Septicœmia				1			1	1					$\bar{3}$
SepticœmiaSkull, Fracture of								1					1
Spine, Injury of			1										1
Stomach, Ulceration of		1											1
Syphilis												1	1
Tabes, Mesenterica						1	1		1		1		4
Trismus Nascentium Tuberculosis		•••		1 1	2		3	•••	1	• • •	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	1	7
Tuberculosis	2	2	1	1	2	1	1		5	3	2	1	21
TumorTumor, Ovarian				• • •		• • •	•••	• • • •	•••	• • •	2	•••	2
Tumor, Ovarian	1							•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	1
Unknown						•••	• • •		1	• • •	1	1	3
Urethra, Stricture	1		•••				•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	1
Vericella			1	• • •					•••	•••	•••	•••	1
Vermes			• • •			• • •	••••	•••	•••		•••	•••	1
Volvulus		• • •	1 1								•••	•••	1 5
Whooping Cough	•••	• • •	1			•••	1	•••	1	1		1	5
Wound, Gunshot	1		1	• • •	1	•••	•••	•••	1	1	2	•••	7
m	-	-	-		-		_	-	-	-	-	-	
Totals	144	52	37	37	51	50	58	24	52	92	44	52	553

#### BLACK AND COLORED

	, -	_	==	=				_					
Causes of Death.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Totals.
Abscess	١	1			ĺ	[]			1		2	l	2
Adenitis		1							1				1
	•••						• • • •		1	1			1
Adynamia	• • • •		• • • •		• • • •		• • • •	• • • •		1	•••		
Albuminuria		1			• • • •	1		• • •	1				3
Alcoholism						1	1						2
Amputation							1						1
Anæmia							1						1
Anasarca					1		1	1					3
Aneurism.							-		1	1			2
			1				• • • •	1	1	1	1	1	$\frac{7}{4}$
Aneurism, Aorta				•••	•••		• • • •	2			9	3	16
Apoplexy	0	1	4		• • • •		• • • •			•••	Э	0	
Arthritis				• • • •		1	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • • •		1
Astbma									1		••	2	3
Bladder, Catarrh of							1						1
Bowels, Hæmorrhage of												1	1
Bowels, Inflammation of	1				1		1	1			1	1	6
Brain, Abscess on					1								1
Brain, Congestion of	1	1	9			2	1			1		111	8
Drain, Congestion of	1		4		1		-			-	•••	2	4
Brain, Effusion on							•••	• • • •			••••	ا ئ	4
Brain, Hæmorrhage of	• • •		• • •		• • •	1	1	• • • •		4	• ••		
Brain, Softening of			• • • •	• • •		1	1	1	1		• • •		4
Brain, Tumor on	1			1		1				• • •			3
Bronchitis	3	2	2	1		1	0		2	5	5	5	28
Bronchitis, Capiliary		1	1		2	1	1	1				3	10
Cachexia, Malarial							1				'		1
Cachexia, Syphilitic								1					1
Cancer						1						1	2
Cancer, Pylorus			•••	• • •		1	•	• • • •				1	$\bar{2}$
Cancer, rylorus	2	1	•••	•••	1	1	•••	1	1		1	1	$\tilde{9}$
Cancer, Uteri		1	•••		1			1	1	•••	1	1	$\frac{3}{2}$
Chill, Congestive		• • • •	• • •	1	• • • •		1			• • • •	••••		43
Cholera, Infantum		1	1	1	7	14	11	1	9	1	• • • •	1	
Cholera Morbus	1				1		• • •	1	1	••••	• • •		4
Chyluria										1		[]	1
Cirrhosis			1					,					1
Consumption	29	11	19	18	17	20	8	15	2i	15	19	11	203
Convulsions	4	2	5	3	5	3	6	2	3	2	3	7	45
Convulsions, Puerperal	-		1	1		-	1	2 4					5
Debility	6	2	1	2	4	',	3	4	2	4	3		33
	1	3	1	2	3	2 3	3	3	5	3	4	5	33
Dentition			•••	• • • •	5	5	3	2	- 1	1	-		18
Piarrhœa	1	1	•••	•••	9	-	ð	4		1	•••		
Diphtheria	• • • •	1		• • •	•••		•••	••••	•••				1
Dropsy	3	3	2	•••	1	1	1	• • •	1	3	1		16
Dropsy, Cardiac				1	• • •		2	• • •	• • • •	• • •	• • •		3
Dropsy, Renal			1	1			1	•••	1				4
Dysentery	1				3	8	4	1	1			1	18
Endocarditis											1		1
Eclampsia			1		,,,								1
130tam pata			_									1	
			-										

## BLACKS AND COLORED.

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CAUSES OF DEATH.	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Totals
Enteritis			3		1	2	2	3	2		2	1	15
Entero Colitis	1		2	1	4		14	4	7	4	4	3	$\overline{53}$
Epilepsy				_	1		1	1	1	3	*	1	9.
Epitepsy	1		•••	•••		•••	1	1	7	J	•••	1	
Femur, Fracture of	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	• • •	•••	•••	•••		••	••••	1
Fever, Bilious		• • • •	•••	• • •			• • •	2	• • •	• • • •	•••	• • •	$^2$
Fever, Continued			•••	•••	•••		•••	1	•••		• • •	•••	1
Fever, Gastric	1						2	1					4
Fever, Malarial	1	l			2	1	2	2	8	2	1		19
Fever, Puerperal					3		1						4
Fever, Typhoid			1				3	3	3	2	2		18
Fever, Typho Malarial			-			2	1	2	0	1	_		6
Fistula		1				1	1		•••	1	•••	1	3
	• • • •	L			•••	1	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	1	
Gangrene		• • • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	1	• • • •	• • •	•••		1
Gastritis			• • •	•••	1	• • •	3	•••	1	• • • •	•••	1	6
Gastro Enteritis	1			• • •			2	1	3	• • •	1	•••	8
Hæmorrhage	1	1			2		•••						4
Hæmorrhage, Umbilical								1	2			1	4
Heart Disease of	2	4	4	4	4	2	2	4	5	5	7	4	47
Hemiplegia						1	1						5
Hernia						-	1	•••	•••	• • •	1		1
Hernia, Strangulated		1		•••		1	•••	••••	•••	1	-		3
		1		•••	• • • •	2	•••	• • • •	•••		•••		6
Hydrocephalus			٠.	•••	•••	4	•••	•••	• •	2	•••	•••	
Hydro Pericardium		• • • •		•••	• • • •	• • • •	1	••••	•••	• • • •	•••	••••	1
Hydro Thorax			1	•••	1	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	2
Inanition		2		2	2	1	3	2	1	• • •	4	3	23
Influenza	2	7	1		2							9	21
Insolation								1	1				2
Intussusceptio	1						1						2
Jaundice					1					1			3
Kidney's, Bright's Disease of			1	1		2	1	2	1		1	1	14
Laryngitis		1	1	_	•••	ī	-	-	_	• • •	_		1
Liver, Abscess of				•••	• • • •	1		• • •	•••	•••	•••		2
		•••	•••	1		•••	1	•••	٠	•••	٠		5
Liver, Cirrhosis of			•••	1	1	•••	1	•••	L	• • •	1	•••	
Liver, Congestion of		• • • •	•••	•••	1	•••		••••	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	1
Liver, Hypertrophy				• • • •	• • •	• • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		•••	1
Liver, Inflammation of	1			1	• • • •		• • •			$^{2}$	• • •		5
Lungs, Congestion of	4	2	2	3	2	2	1	2			2	4	24
Lungs, Hæmorrhage of			1					1	1	1			4
Marasmus		1	1	4	5	13	12	12	8	10	7	4	80
Measles	-	l	1	1	2	1	4						9
Meningitis		1		4	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	î			1	3	4	18
Meningitis, Cerebro Spinal		1		1	2	2	-	•••	•••	1	1	-	3
		1	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	1	1	2
Necrosis			•••				•••	•••		1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	16
Nephritis	1	2		2	2	3	•••	•••	3	1	•••		
Neurasthemia			1			•••	••.	• • •	• • •	•••			1
Old Age		1	3	2	4	6	• • •		• • •	3	4	9	33
Paralysis		4	2	4	2	4	2	3	2	4	1	1	33
Parturition	1	l	1	١	١		1			1		1	5
													-

#### BLACKS AND COLORED.

CAUSES OF DEATH	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Totals.
Pericarditis	l	1					1						1
Peritonitis			1		2				1		1	1	$\hat{6}$
Peritonitis, Puerperal				1						1			2
Perityphlitis										i			$\tilde{1}$
Pharynx, Abscess	1												î
Pharyngitis	Î				1			l					$\frac{1}{2}$
Pharyngo Laryngitis				•••			· · ·			1			ĩ
Pleurisy	1	1	1							1		1	4
Pneumonia	6	7		7	4	4	l		2	4	7	11	59
							1			_	l		1
Pneumonia, Broncho Pneumonia, Typho	1		1	1		1		1		•••		1	6
Pyæmia			1							•••		1	1
Rectum. Ulcer of				•••	1	••••			•••	••••			1
Rheumatism	1	1	•••	• • • •		2	1		•••	1			6
Sarcoma		1		• • • •			1	ï	• • • •		••••	••••	1
Scrofula			1	•••	1	2	1	1	"2	1		•••	9
Septicæmia	3	1	1	1		_			_		1	•••	6
		1	•••	0		••••	•••		•••	•••	1	••••	1
Septicæmia, Puerperal Shock			• • • •	•••	••••	1				•••	5	•••	1
Skull, Fracture of			• • • •	•••	••••	1			•••	• • • •	•••		1
Stomach, Ulceration				•••	••••		•••		•••	•••	1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$
Stomatitis	1	•••	1	•••	••••	1	• • • •	110	1	•••		_	4
	1	• • • •		•••	••••	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•••	••••	•••	1
Synovitis		1			••••	••••	•••	2	1	• • • •	1	• • •	8
Syphilis	2	1		1 1	••••	••••	• • • •			•••		• • • •	4
Syphilis, Hereditary Syphilis, Tertiary		1	1		••••	• • • • •	•••		•••	•••	1	•••	1
Tabes	1	• • • •	1	•••	•••	••••	•••	••••	•••	•••		•••	1
Tetanus	•••	• • • •	1	•••	1	•••	•••	• • • • •	••	•••	•••	•••	$\frac{1}{2}$
Thyroid Gland Enlar'g.	1	•••	1	•••		••••	•••	••••		•••	•••	•••	1
Taxemia, Malarial		• • • •	•••	•••	••••	••••		1		•••	•••	•••	1
Trismus Nascentium	6	6	6	•••	8	 5	7	9	6		4	7	$7\overline{5}$
Tuberculosis	5			4	2	7	3	$\frac{9}{2}$	8	7	4	4	51
	9	0	9	3 1	_		9	- 7		2		4	
Tumor	•••	• • • •	••••		••••		••••	••••	•••	•••	••••	• • • • •	$\frac{1}{3}$
Uræmia	• • • •		••••	1	1	2	••••	••••	•••	•••	1	••••	4
Vermes	•••		••••	•••		_	•••	••••		1	1	••••	3
Whooping Cough			1	•••	••••	•••		••••	2	••••	1	• • • •	2
Wound, Punct	1			•••	1	•••	1	• • • •		•••		•••	8
Wound, Gun Shot	•••	3	••••	• • • •	1	•••	1	1	1	1	•••	• • • •	0
Motel .	130	04	04	0.1	120	151	124	107	100	105	110	150	1371
Total	150	94	94	81	120	TOT	104	101	123	100	110	102	1011

Ac	CIDEN	TS, E	TC.					
	WHI	TES.						
		January.		April. May.	June. July.	August. Septemb'r.	October Nov'mber.	December.
Accident		. 1	1 1 .	1 1	2 2 1 2	1 1 1	6	9 1 5 1 3 10
Total	KS AN		2 1 1 ORE	2 1 D	3  4	1 3	6	2 28
		1 1,	1 1		1	<u> </u>	l li	<u>=</u>
		January.	March.	April. May.	June. July.	August. Septemb'r.	October. Nov'mber	December Total.
Accident			2 2 2 2 5	2 2 4 1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{vmatrix} \dots & 1 \\ 2 & \dots \\ 2 & \dots \\ -2 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} & 9 \\ & 7 \\ & 1 \\ 5 & 27 \\ \hline 5 & 50 \end{array} $
	STI	LL I	BOR	N,	$_{\mathrm{PR}}$	ЕМА	TUR	E.
	Male. Kemale.	Total.	Female.	Total.	Male. A	Total.	Male.	Total.
January February March April May June July August September October November December		2 4 5 5 1 3 5 4 1	6 3 7 3 6 3 4 2 4 5 9 8 5 11 6 13 6 10 3 8 7 9	9 10 9 6 9 17 16 29 16 21 20 24	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3	1 2 2 1 1 4	1	1 4 1 2

14 18 32 104 82

186 5

9

## Number of Deaths in each Ward in each Month, 1891.

WHITES.													
WARDS.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 No. 5 No. 6 No. 7 No. 8 No. 9 No. 10 No. 11 No. 12	2 3 3 6 4 4 8 4 2 4 1 -44	3 1 3 4 5 5 5 7 5 2 10 2	1 1 5 1 2 2 3 9 5 1 5 2 2 3 7	1 2 4 2 3 4 2 6 3 6 2 2	3 6 5 7 5 5 6 5 2 2 	33 22 54 44 77 74 88 3	1 1 6 5 4 1 4 4 10 7 6 9	1 3 1 3  1 3 4 2 3  24	3 1 7 4 4 6 4 10 4 2 4 3	3 1 7 6 1 2 3 5 7 11 6 	2 2 4 3 5 2  10 5 3 7 1	4 4 3 4 3 2 6 7 2 11 2 52	27 19 53 41 46 39 39 80 67 47 68 27  553

#### COLORED.

WARDS.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 No. 5 No. 6 No. 7 No. 8 No. 9 No. 10 No. 11 No. 12	6 4 6 12 13 5 13 21 7 11 20 12	4 3 8 11 9 4 4 21 5 7	9 2 2 6 6 6 6 11 16 3 8 14	5 6 4 8 4 4 4 18 3 11 11 3	15	4 4 5 17 16 7 8 35 7 10 27 11	9 1 3 8 11 9 15 20 9 11 26 12	4 7 4 12 6 1 6 20 4 10 16 17	8 4 6 9 9 5 10 16 7 10 25 14	4 3 3 11 8 7 6 18 4 11 18 12	7 2 1 6 12 6 13 20 10 11 15 7	6 4 4 11 11 3 15 24 6 13 14 11	70 42 48 121 117 70 115 246 72 128 210 132
Total	130	94	94	81	120	151	134	107	123	105	110	122	1371

Number of Deaths, with Ages, in each Month, for the Year 1891.

WHITES.													
Ages.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Under 1 year of age  From 1 to 5 years  From 5 to 10 years  From 20 to 30 years  From 30 to 40 years  From 40 to 50 years  From 50 to 60 years  From 60 to 70 years  From 70 to 80 years  From 80 to 90 years  From 90 to 100 years	3 7 4 7 6 7 5		3 5 6 5 5 3 4 4 1 1		18 5 1  3 6 2 3 5 4 4 4	19 7  1 3 2 5 2 6 3 2 	16 9 1 1 6 9 2 3 6 5 	6 2 1 3 3 5 1	8 8 1 2 4 5 7 5 5 6 1	10 2 1 3 5 4 5 11 5 3 3 	5 6 1 1 2 2 10 4 4 7 2	9 3 1 1 6 5 5 5 9 6 2	94 65 7 12 55 56 56 56 64 60 27
Totals	44	52	37	37	51	50	58	24	52	52	44	52	553

Number of Deaths, with Ages, in each Month, for the Year 1891.

BLACKS AND COLORED.													
AGES.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Under 1 year of age From 1 to 5 years From 5 to 10 years From 20 to 30 years From 30 to 40 years From 40 to 50 years From 50 to 60 years From 60 to 70 years From 70 to 80 years From 80 to 90 years From 90 to 100 years	9 5 13 17 14 18 11 10	8 5 8 6 11	5 8 7	19 8 3 8 17 6 5 4 4 2	37 18 3 8 11 14 6 8 3 6	51 27 3 5 14 11 10 6 9 8 5 2	43 37 3 7 15 7 10 2 7 2 1	20 3 8	30 4 10 17	20 20 2 7 12 10 5 10 6 7 5	23 14 7 17 19 18 6 5 8 2 1	5 4 11	
Totals	130	94	94	81	 120	 151	—- 134	107	123	105	110	122	1371

# Number of Deaths in Each Month, with Place of Nativity, 1891.

WHI	TE	s.											
NATIVES OF	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Totals.
City of Charleston South Carolina Bayaria Bohemia China Denmark England Finland France Germany Ireland Italy Norway Nova Scotia Russia Scotland Spain St. John's, N. B. Alabama Florida Georgia Maryland Maryland Massachusetts New Jersey New York North Carolina Pennsylvania Rhode Island Tennessee Vermont	1		23 5 1		31	324 	40 4 4  1 2 4  1  1  1	15 4	25 12  2 5 1  1  1 2  1 	27 111 2 4 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	21   4   1   1   1   7   1     1     1     1     1     1 		$\begin{array}{c} 306 \\ 78 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 37 \\ 56 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 11 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2$
Unknown				1		1	1		1	1			5
Totals	44	52	37	37	51	50	58	24	52	52	44	52	553

Number of Deaths in Each Month, with Place of Nativity, 1891.

					~								===
B	LAC	K	AN	D	C0:	LOR	ED,						
NATIVES OF	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Totals.
City of Charleston South CarolinaAlabama Florida	79 44 1						108 17	76 28			73 26 1		$950 \\ 345 \\ 2 \\ 2$
Georgia Louisiana Maryland		1					3	1	1		1		11 1 1 1
New York		1			2	4	1 3 		3	1	1	1	15 15 1
TennesseeVirginia	$\frac{1}{2}$	 				2	1	1		1	2		10
Unknown	3	2		1	1	6	1	1	1	8	6		30
Totals	130	94	94	81	120	151	134	1107	123	105	110	122	1371

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT AS TO SEX, IN EACH MONTH.

Months.		WHITE.			Colorei	o.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Gr.	Total
January	24	20	44	59	71	130		174
February		25	52	46	48	94		146
March		19	37	46	48	94	1	131
April			37	37	44	81		118
May		23	51	45	75	120		171
June		23	50	64	87	151		201
July	23	35	58	74	60	134		192
August	15	9	24	44	63	107		131
September		18	52	62	61	123		175
October		25	52	56	49	105		177
November	26	18	44	49	61	110		154
December	27	25	52	59	63	122		174
Total	296	257	553	641	730	1371		1924

MARRIA	GES.				BIRTHS	
	Wh.	Col.	Total	Wh.	Col.	Total.
January February March April May June July August September October November December	9 16 16 5	31 28 40 34 20 29 26 20 33 26 37 32	45 43 55 59 29 45 42 25 44 46 59 40	49 30 49 32 30 49 44 54 48 26 28	87 84 82 61 56 77 79 92 100 90 75 96	136 114 131 93 86 126 123 146 148 116 103
Total	176	356	532	470	979	1,449

Twins-Whites 3. Colored 11. Total 14.

TABLE SHOWING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CASES TREATED, AND OF DEATHS, IN THE CITY HOSPITAL AND HEALTH DISTRICTS, DURING EACH QUARTER, 1891.

	Qυ		/HITE	ENDI	ng.				OLOF End	RED.	Cases.
CASES TREATED.	March 31.	June 30.	September 30.	December 31.	Total in the Year.	March 31.	June 30.	September 30.	December 31.	Totals in the Year.	Grand Totals in all
City Hospital	119	91	116	169	495	153	178	178	180	689	1184
Health District, No. 1	366	391	408	498	1663	1028	1721	1575	1607	5931	7594
Health District, No. 2	93	102	128	114	437	787	1445	1675	1696	5603	6040
Health District, No. 3	1157	<b>42</b> 8	458	641	2684	1396	877	1212	1191	4676	7360
Health District, No. 4	34 >	314	173	184	1016	898	987	979	955	3819	4835
Totals	2080	1326	1283	<del>16</del> 06	6295	4262	5208	5619	5629	20718	2 <del>7013</del>
DEATHS.											
City Hospital	10	7	14	8	39	30	34	25	32	121	160
Health District, No. 1	6	5	3	6	20	27	34	32	20	113	133
Health District, No. 2	0	2	1	0	3	18	37	35	33	123	126
Health District, No. 3	6	3	4	2	15	22	22	19	22	85	100
Health District, No. 4	2	4	1	0	7	21	23	30	22	105	112
Totals	24	21	24	16	84	118	150	150	129	547	631

TOTAL MORTALITY 1891—WHITES, BLACK AND COLORED.

SEX AND STATUS.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Totals.
Male, WhiteFemale, White	24 20	27 25	18 19	26 17	28 23	27 23	23 35	15 9	34 18	27 25	26 18	27 25	29 <b>6</b> 257
Totals, White	44	52	37	37	51	50	58	24	52	52	44	- <u>-</u>	553
Male, Black & Colored Female, Black & Col'd		46 48		37 44		64 87	74 60		62 61	56 49	49 61	59 63	641 730
Totals, Black & Col'd	130	94	94	81	120	151	134	107	123	105	110	122	1371
Grand Totals	174	146	131	118	171	201	192	131	175	157	154	174	1924

Estimated population—White, 28,870; Blacks and Colored, 36,295; Totals, 65,165. Proportion of Deaths—Whites, 1 in 52; Blacks and Colored, 1 in 26; Total proportion, 1 in 33.

Ratio	per 1000	o in ti	he year-	-Whites	·····19.15
٤.	"	+6	"	Blacks and Co	lored37.77
66	46	46	44	Total	29.06

### COMPARATIVE MORTALITY.

	V	VHITE	g	BLACK	s & Co	LORED
YEARS.	Population.	Number of Deaths.	Proportion of Deaths.	Population.	Number of Deaths.	Proportion of Deaths.
1891 1890	28,770 28,770		1 in 52 1 in 56			1 in 26 1 in 28
1889	27,605	516	1 in 52	32,540	1,431	1 in 23
1888 1887	27,605 27,605		1 in 56 1 in 50			1 in 23 1 in 24
1886	27,605	571	1 in 48	32,540	1,596	1 in 20
1885 1884	27,605 25.000		1 in 56 1 in 42		1,250 $1,215$	1 in 26 1 in 22
1883 1882	25,000 $25,000$	540	1 in 46 1 in 45	27,286	1,285	1 in 21 1 in 32

### LONGEVITY.

### 1891—WHITES—LONGEVITY REPORT.

DATE OF DEATH.	AGE—YRS.
January 23—A. J. Doran	80
February 14—Maria Finley	
February 14—Augustus R. Taft	
February 17—Cath, A. Griswold	
February 18—Margaret M. Duval	
February 19-Margaret J. Cobia	
March 26—Joseph Triest	
March 28—Mary Murphy	97
April 5—Adeline Van Ness	
April 9—Sister Mary Stanislaus	
April 15 – Mary Teresa Barbera	89
April 21—Wm. J. Matthiessen	
April 27—Matthew Ryan	
May 4—Mary Mazyck	89
May 19—Sabina Elliott Sangster	
May 21—Isaac I. Merritt	83
May 27—A. J. Addison	
June 17—Elizabeth H. Geiger	
June 20—Hannah A. Lawrence	86
August 2—Ann Elizabeth Miller	82
September 17—Elizabeth B. Haile	80
October 14-John H. Mangles	82
October 16—Duncan N. Ingraham	88
October 24—Margaret Card	83
November 22—Catherine D. Wilson	80
November 26—Ann W. Rentz	86
December 2—Robert W. Burnham	81
December 8—Ann Nolan	87
1891—Colored.	
January 7—Thomas Middleton	00
January 30—Susan Davis	
February 13—Lucy McNeil	
February 17—Matilda Brown	
March 8—Julia Nesbit	
March 14—Sarah Marshall	
March 17—Rebecca Brown	
March 26—Sarah Kinloch	
March 31—Kitty Barnwell	
April 9—Jane Scott	
A DELL S-JAME OCOLL	

DATE OF DEATH.	AGE—YRS.
April 22—Louisa Jackson	83
May 1—Elizabeth Alston	
May 25—Jacob Mills	92
May 26—Lewis Gadsden	
May 28—Mary Moore	
May 30—Cornelia Harris	90
May 31—Cynthia Jeannerett	90
June 2—Maria Edwards	97
June 2—Isabella Jennings	80
June 19Maria Morgan	81
June 21—A. Mitchell	97
June 21—Peggie Black	85
June 26—Jane Richardson	83
June 28—David Jones	80
July 18—Diana Coxum	85
August 22—Barbara Grayson	85
August 23—Eddy Williams	85
August 31—Flora Johnson	81
October 4—Nelson Richardson	81
October 10-Sarah Perry	
October 23—Jack Bradley	
October 25—Rosetta Holmes	
October 26—John McRae	
October 31-Nancy Polite	
November 4—Hester Lawrence	
November 8—Dolly Johnson	
November 16—Hannah Sheppard	
December 2-Jas. Middleton	
December 7—Maria Cabon	
December 15—Lucy Lawson	
December 19—Rachel Bryan	
December 20-John Parker	
December 22-David Hill	
December 24—Patsy Wilson	
December 26—Susan Capers	
December 27—Maria Drayton	
December 27—J. Williams	
December 30-Jos. Maxwell	80

### ANNUAL SUMMARY OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSER-VATIONS MADE BY THE WEATHER BUREAU, CHARLESTON, S. C., 1891.

#### AIR PRESSURE.

Mean, reduced to 32° Fahrenheit and sea-level, 30.10 inches.

Highest, reduced to 32° Fahrenheit and sea-level, 30.70 inches, November 19.

Lowest, reduced to 32° Fahrenheit and sea-level, 29.55 inches, February 26.

Annual range in pressure, 1.15 inches.

#### AIR TEMPERATURE.

Mean, 66,5 degrees.

The average annual temperature of Charleston, for 20 years, is 66.0 degrees and for the months—January, 49.9; February, 53.7; March, 56.7; April, 64.2; May, 72.7; June, 78.8; July, 82.3; August, 79.8; September, 75.4; October, 67.7; November, 58.9; December, 51.9.

Highest, 95, July 4.

Lowest, 29, February 27 and December 1.

Annual range, 66.

Greatest daily range, 28, March 6.

Least daily range, 3, October 11.

Greatest monthly range, 51, in February.

Least monthly range, 25, in September.

Mean monthly range, 39.

Mean daily range, 14.

Number of days on which temperatures were above 90: 21 days; in May, 1 day; June, 5; July, 4; August, 11.

Number of days on which temperatures were below 32: 3 days; in February, 1 day; November, 1 day, and December, 1 day.

Last Ice formed March 15.

First Ice formed November 30.

#### HUMIDITY.

Mean dew-point, 59 degrees. Mean Relative humidity of the air, 84%.

#### WEATHER.

Mean cloudiness, (scale 0 to 10 tenths,) 5.1 tenths. Greatest monthly cloudiness, 7.0 tenths, in March. Least monthly cloudiness 3.1 tenths, in April.

There were 120 cloudless days, distributed as follows:—January, 13; February, 3; March, 5; April, 19; May, 11; June, 8; July, 6; August, 11; September, 11; October, 14; November, 12; December, 7.

There were 140 partly cloudy days, distributed as follows:—January, 9: February, 12; March, 6; April, 10; May, 12; June, 13; July, 9; August, 19, September, 14; October, 9; November, 12; December, 15.

There were 105 cloudy days, distributed as follows:—January, 9; February, 13; March, 20; April, 1; May, 8; June, 9; July, 16: August, 1; September, 5; October, 8; November, 6; December, 9.

#### WIND.

Prevailing direction:—Northeast.

Total movement, 62,401 miles.

Greatest monthly movement, 6,910, in February.

Least monthly movement, 3,205, in August.

Greatest daily movement, 437, December 18.

Least daily movement, 15, August 15.

Highest velocity, 36 miles, N. W., November 18.

Number of times the wind was observed blowing from the N., 91 times; N. E., 150; E., 78; S. E., 49; S., 32; S. W., 141; W., 69; N. W, 60; number of calms, 120.

The average hourly wind velocity for the year is 7.1 miles. The hourly values are:—1 a. m., 5.6 miles; 2 a. m., 5.6; 3 a. m., 5.5; 4 a. m., 5.4; 5 a. m., 5.6; 6 a. m., 5.7; 7 a. m., 5.9; 8 a. m., 6.5; 9 a. m., 7.2; 10 a. m., 7.6; 11 a. m., 8.0; 12 noon, 8.6; 1 p. m., 9.3; 2 p. m., 9.9; 3 p. m., 10.2; 4 p. m., 10.0; 5 p. m., 9.7; 6 p. m., 8.5; 7 p. m., 7.4; 8 p.

m., 6.4; 9 p. m., 5.9; 10 p. m., 5.6; 11 p. m., 5.7; 12 midnight, 5.6.

#### PRECIPITATION.

Total, 45.50 inches.

Greatest monthly, 8.98 ins., in July.

Least monthly, 0.99 inch, in February.

Greatest in any 24 consecutive hours, 3.81 inches, July 19 and 20.

The average annual precipitation of Charleston for 20 years, is 56.98 inches, and for the months—January, 4.07 inches; February, 3.46; March, 4.01; April, 4.06; May, 4.06; June, 5.28; July, 7.40; August, 7.31; September, 6.09; October, 4.36; November, 3.26; December, 3.62.

There were 129 days on which 0.01 inch or more of precipitation occurred.

Thunder-storms occurred as follows:—in February, 1; March, 1; May, 1; June, 5; July, 3; August, 2; September, 2; November, 1; December, 1.

The last frost occurred April 6.

The first frost occurred October 21.

L. N. JESUNOFSKY, Observer, Weather Bureau.

Charleston, S. C., January 5, 1892.

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

CHARLESTON, S. C., December 2d, 1891.

REPORT OF DR. H. B. HORLBECK, 19TH MEETING OF THE AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION HELD IN KANSAS CITY, OCTOBER 20–23, 1891.

The badges presented by the local committee of arrangements to the members of the A. P. H. A. at Kansas City indicated the comprehensive character of the meeting. In the centre of each of these badges are grouped three flags—Mexican, Canadian and the Stars and Stripes.

This will give an idea of the present membership of the Association—about 150 members of the United States, 13 from Mexico and several from Canada

These men were brought together to meet each other for the nineteenth time, to confer together as to the best means of lengthening human life, abrogating disease, and diminishing human suffering.

They met at ten o'clock on time in the auditorium.

Doctor Montizambert, of Canada, the President, declared the Association convened; after the initiatory business, the Association commenced work.

Dr. McDonald, of Kansas City, read the first paper: on infant mortality. He said that infant mortality soon after birth was 20 per cent. and where the infant, is fed by artificial means, it reached 50 per cent., with natural food, the mortality was but 10 per cent.; in reference to artificial foods, he said that he was opposed to all of them outside of the milk they contain; there was no good in any of them. One of the principal causes of mortality was exposure to a low temperature—a chilly room soon after birth, forcing sleep by soothing syrups was also another evil.

The best artificial food was milk, pure cow's milk; no starchy substance could be digested in the infant stomach.

Starchy infant food is converted by the chemical processes of the stomach first into sugar, then alcohol and then acetic acid, when nature gets ready for starchy food, she gives teeth. No sensible farmer would attempt to feed a calf on hay.

Dr. Sharp read the next paper; on glanders in man. He classed glanders with acute infectious diseases, such as tuberculosis. This terrible disease is readily transmitted to man and he gave a report of a case which had occurred in his practice; he recommended that for the prevention of glanders in persons coming in contact with the disease or horses having open sores or discharges from the nose, they should disinfect the hand with a solution containing a tablespoonful of equal parts of carbolic acid and glycerine in a quart of hot water; or, ten grains of corrosive sublimate in a quart of water.

Dr. Paquin told of seventeen cases of glanders in man that he knew of as occurring in the State, as an instance of the virulence of the poison, he told of a case occurring from a horse to a man driving behind. He was struck in the eye by a spray from the beast's nostril, glanders developing rapidly and ending in the man's death.

A very excellent paper was then read by Chief Justice Horton, of Kansas, on the necessity of more stringent legislation to repress empiricism: he said that upon health the happiness and prosperity of the world depended. All assistance or promotion along this line was among the highest of missions and the noblest of all aspirations. Empiricism is one of the worst obstacles in the path of the progress of medicine, it is of old origin and has been traced back to ancient Greece. A few learned men then belonged to the empirical school or school of practical observation, but most of the empirics were unlearned. The word means now only an ignorant quack.

He is full of coarse wit and low buffoonery. He is totally ignorant of medicine—medicine is medicine, he says to himself, and one doctor is as good as another. He gets to the corner of a public square, calls for a deaf man, pours a

few drops in his ear and then calls out in a loud voice that the man is cured. The man is probably an accomplice. There are a number of varieties in empirics. In another specimen of quack, there is more tact and dignity. He has more education. He secures testimonials from prominent people. Mixes his own vile compounds, charges large fees, injures the public health, the medical profession and the finances of the community, and departs unscathed. By law the legislatures have the power to regulate empiricism. The Legislature may prescribe the qualifications of those who practice whether they have sufficient learning and skill. Attempts have been made by the Legislature of Kansas and other States to suppress empiricism, but so far but little good has been done.

He spoke eloquently of the legitimate practitioner of medicine. He was the wise counsellor, the skilled restorer, the sympathetic friend.

To protect the public the A. P. H. A. should recommend the enactment of Statutes excluding from the medical profession those who are not competent, by learning, skill and experience to practice, and punishment by imprisonment, for any who violate the provisions No one should be permitted to practice medicine or engage in surgery unless authorized to do so by a competent Board of government or State examiners.

Mr. Allen Hazen, of Mass., then read a paper on water supply and public health. He said, typhoid fever and cholera bacteria are taken into the system through food and drink. Pure water is, therefore, a necessity. If water is absolutely free from sewage it can be depended upon as comparatively pure, although many waters not polluted by sewage have been known to breed disease. Flowing streams will partially free themselves. Reservoirs and long channels where water flows and becomes ærated, will not always purify it. Some system of filtration is therefore imperative, and the question to be decided, is the best means of filtration, and all present systems are, more or less defective.

Doctor Horlbeck then presented some facts in relation to

the comparative death rate among the white and black race. He indicated that in a number of cases the death rate was double among blacks to that among the whites. He offered resolutions shewing the importance of having a separate list published as to the whites and as to the blacks, and said that the U. S. Marine Hospital service only published the total in American cities, This did not fully give the ratio as to the two races. The resolutions were adopted requesting the marine service to publish separate lists. Black and white races.

It is the custom of the A. P. H. A. to have the first evening set apart to hear the annual address of the President. On this occasion there were speeches of welcome from the governors of Missouri and from the State of Kansas, also from Hon. John L. Peake, of Kansas City, The auditorium building was filled by a large and attentive audience. A grand band of music was stationed in the orchestra seats and discoursed beautiful music. The scene was a handsome one, the stage was filled with the officers and the Mexican contingent.

Governor Francis gave a most eloquent welcome to the Association; he said among other things that the age was intensely practical, but is constantly growing less celfish. A broader humanity is daily taking root in the hearts of man. Church and State and Society, enlightened, progressive, philanthropic, and practical, are all working to a common end—the elevation of man.

You who have assembled for the purpose of giving to each other and to the world, the results of your labor and research for better sanitation, and the prevention of disease, are leaders in the great contest and the State and humanity acknowledge obligation to you for scientific applications and discoveries.

In addition to its moral grandeur this sanitary work has a material value almost incomprehensible and certainly incalculable. If labor is the basis of all value, every human life must possess its proportionate worth. The city or the State which adopts and enforces with firmness and impartiality, the strictest sanitary regulations, not only enhances its material interests, but adds a charm to the attractions of home, and inspires its children with a more devoted patriotism. Missouri recognizes in you representatives of the most advanced thought of the times and the highest type of citizenship and salutes you as public benefactors.

Dr. Montizambert then delivered his annual address, he said; The objects of this Association shall be the advancement of sanitary science, and the promotion of organizations and measures for the practical application of public hygiene; this is the definition of our constitution. An acknowledged interest in, or devotion to sanitary studies and allied sciences, and to the practical application of the same. That is the qualification for admission and that alone: it is not confined to the medical profession. Any one is welcome to our ranks who takes an interest in the grand objects of the prevention of disease, and the raising of the standard of the people's health. Last year we met in a sea coast city, and quarantine—the prevention of disease from without getting into the country—came prominently under consideration. This year we meet in an inland city and health organizations to prevent disease and to deal with disease, that had got in, seem naturally to invite the greater attention. There are two main strings to a sanitary bow-a system of maritime sanitation at the ports of entry, and a system of prevention and preparedness in the interior communities. Neither is sufficient without the other. Coast quarantine and inland health organizations form our double line of defense. As to the necessity for a common fight against disease, quoting Spencer Wells, he said; "Instruct your mayor and corporation, your clergy, and household, that cases of typhoid fever, diphtheria, small pox, measles or whooping cough, can no longer be looked on as natural providential or unavoidable, but that their existence is a proof of ignorance and negligence, and a disgrace to the country, to the town, and to the family. Sunlight, pure air, and cleanliness, are natural enemies of disease germs. These

cannot live where they have not their natural food, which is found in dampness, darkness, mould and dirt."

The experiments of Koch, Ransome and others, prove that the living germs of consumption, when exposed to the sunlight, lose their vitality, in a few hours, or even in a few minutes, if the layer in which they are exposed be thin enough, and that even ordinary daylight, if it last long enough, will have a similar effect.

On Wednesday morning the Association were carried out to the slaughter houses, which form so large a part of the prosperity and industry of Kansas City. I was among the twenty-five who went through the Armour packing house. It is most certainly an interesting sight to note the method of disposing of the carcasses of 1,500 cattle and 3,000 hogs; as they said there was no waste, and nothing escapes them but the squeak of the hog when his throat is stuck with a keen thrust knife. All this killing is under careful inspection, and no meat is used that is even suspicious.

There is an inspection by the United States authorities specially for trichina—in the hog—for export. There is a Vet. Surgeon, E. L. Dundas, in charge of the work. piece of the hog is taken from the diaphragm and also from some other portion of the hog. These pieces are put in a tin box, joined together by a wire and with a number corresponding to the number upon the careass, the same pieces kept in the cooling room. These tin boxes are carried to the Laboratory, which is several squares from the slaughter house. Here there is a well lighted microscopical room, and twenty-two young women are seated at tables, each with a microscope, busily engaged in a hunt for the When they are discovered the fact is recorded upon a card, and this, with the tin box, are given to the superintendent of the Laboratory, who re-examines the same and confirms the report or not. If confirmed, the carcass corresponding to the tag in tin box is condemned, and the same is taken from the cooling room and carried to the fertilizer tanks: 3 or 4 per cent, of the hogs examined have the trichina, as the examination can only be had with a very small percentage, and this for export, it would seem a happy thing that these trichina are killed in cooking, otherwise man would be victimized to a dreadful degree.

The whole establishment is a gigantic model of management to subserve the ends for which it is used. A large part of the meat is cooked and put in tins ready for immediate use. A bellowing steer and a squealing hog are run into the abbattois, and they come out in very pretty commercial (decorated tin) packages ready to be sent over the world.

The Association convened at 11.30. The first paper read was by Dr. P. Paquin. Subject: Vaccine and Vaccination. He spoke of the necessity for absolutely pure virus. He said that virus should not contain any foreign substance whatever. He graded virus as absolutely pure, fairly pure, comparatively pure, impure, septic and dangerous. He claimed that all the trouble arising came from impure virus. In the discussion that followed, it was deemed proper that all virus sold by the manufacturers should be registered, and a copy kept carefully of the record. The general concensus of opinion was in favor of bovine virus. Dr. Ycaza, of Mexico, said that it had been found best in Mexico to use humanized virus. The whole question of the collection and culture of the virus was under the absolute care and control of the Government. There are doctors whose whole time is devoted to this matter of vaccination. All children are required to present themselves at stated periods for vaccination. The healthiest subjects are alone taken for the culture of the virus, and the result has been to drive small-pox epidemics from the land. He thought that everything depended on the intelligent handling of the virus by the physician using it, and is satisfied that its proper handling need cause no trouble to the patients or any friends.

Dr. Paquin in his paper said that he had found specimens, among others, of the following Bacilli: Bacillus Pyogenesis Foetidus, Stahylococcus Pyogenesis Aureus, Bacillus Septicus and a Gangrene Micrococcus.

Dr. Gayol, engineer of the City of Mexico then read a most interesting paper on the recent drainage works of that city. The city of Mexico, he said was situated at the bottom of the valley of the same name, inclosed by mountains, which are of great altitude on the eastern western and southern sides. On the north there is a depression, this rises about 250 feet above the city.

This valley contains 3 natural and 3 artificial lakes. Lake Texcoco natural lake, is the lowest and the most extensive; and receives the refuse of the city. Its waters are strongly impregnated with salts, chiefly carbonate of soda, and these keep the waters healthy, though for several centuries the lake has received the refuse of hundreds of thous sand of people. The bottom of the lake has risen by these accretions, until now its bottom is but 6 feet below the mean city level. This difference of level was the only means of giving current to the city's sewage and its decrease often causes a general inundation. To guard against this trouble a system has been devised. This project includes a tunnel six miles long and a canal thirty miles long. It will take care of the sewage of the city. 8,000,000 cubic feet of dirt are being removed monthly from the canal and the tunnel is being pushed through at the rate of 600 feet a month. It is expected that the work will be finished in 3 years, and it will result in the drainage of lake Texcoco. The sewers are arranged to be flushed every day by water from two of the lakes, to the full capacity of the pipes which will be 66,000 feet for drainage a minute with a velocity of two feet a second. This rate of speed being essential to carry off the solids which would accumulate.

Professor Delos Fall, Chairman of the Committee on the disposal of Garbage than read a valuable report. He spoke of the intimate relation of typhoid fever, and the accumulation of waste of organic matter. He described the various methods used, and said that in New York the method is to take the garbage out to sea and dump it; Philadelphia recommended cremation. Chicago objected to using the garbage for filling waste places and then building on it. San

Francisco recommended cremation. Baltimore has dumps which are objectionable. St. Louis gives its garbage to a desicating company, which is under contract to remove the same. In Charleston the city moves its own waste out early during the day, and dumps it on to a salt water marsh. Milwaukie has been using the Mertz system, but now dumps it into the lake. The methods in use are dumping away from human habitations, cremating it, and desicating it.

Dr. Clark recommended a galvanized iron tank holding about two or three bushels as the best receptacle for holding garbage. The tank must not be placed on the street or sidewalk but the collector should be made to go in, and get it, remove the contents and replace the cover. The appearance of many beautiful streets was destroyed by those unsightly boxes and barrels. For transporting garbage dumping carts were best for short hauls, and wagons for long hauls. of these carts should be made water tight and made of iron. They should be flushed after each load and the driver who neglected this most important sanitary proceeding should be punished, or better, discharged. Dr. Clark preferred the Mertz system to all others. This consists in disposing of the garbage in a furnace. It renders the organic matter into a fertilizer, and extracts the oil and the refuse is dumped for filling.

At the evening's session Dr. Kinyoun read a paper on Rabies. He said that this terrible disease was almost entirely transmitted by the Canine and Feline species. This disease prevails over the entire globe except in Australia, where the disease is unknown. He regretted that so little is known of this disease, and so little report is made of the disease. He said that the best sources of information were the public press. He opposed the idea that the disease was more common in summer, or confined to warm weather. The statistics showed the greater number of deaths as occurring in May and December. The disease rarely appears later than six months after inoculation. He spoke of the Pasteur institutes and of their great success, the percentage being very small where the proper application of the system was had.

He said that the Saliva became virulent several days before any symptoms appeared. Recognition is not easy in the early stages in the animal. He advocated strict Quarantine regulations in order to eradicate the disease, especially the prolonged and universal wearing of the muzzle by all dogs throughout the country.

On Thursday morning the Advisory Council held a meeting for the election of officers, and also to decide the place of the next meeting. It soon became evident that the Association thought it proper to accept the invitation tendered by President Diaz to meet in Mexico City. This being the case it was a matter of great consequence that some officer should be chosen who could speak the Spanish language. Dr. F. Formento who is a gifted linguist, was unanimously chosen, and Mexico City was chosen for the place of meeting next time.

On assembling at the morning session Dr. Bryce, of Toronto, read a paper on The present position of the milk supply problem, from the Public Health standpoint, and some practical methods for securing safe public supplies. He stated that there were about 15,000.000 milk cows in the United States and about 1,000.000 in Canada. Each one of these gives about 100 gallons of milk annually. He said that experiments had demonstrated that tuberculous cows could transmit tuberculosis to the human subject through the milk secretion. Statistics were shown giving a large proportion of cows infected with tuberculosis or consumption. Cows with infected tissues cannot furnish normal milk.

How to get pure milk?

- 1. It is especially desirable, that a system of periodic veterinary inspection be exercised in addition to the dairyman's inspection.
- 2. Strong views should be held and exercised regarding the nature and quality of food of cows. All decomposed foods as those which are liable to undergo fermentation, should be wholly avoided. The best foods are well ripened grains and grasses.
  - 3. The stables of the cows are a point of great importance.

Too often dark, damp, ill-ventilated and crowded pens have been the home of this chief of our food supplies. It is quite possible to keep even on a large scale, a dairy stable free from the ordinary disagreeable stable odors. The water supply to the cows is of equal importance.

- 4. The care of the milk at the time of taking and subsequently is of all points at once the most difficult and the most necessary to supplying a wholesome milk. As De-Claux has said "cleanliness is everywhere the sine qua non." This means almost a revolution amongst farmers and dairymen. The sterilizing of all cans and bottles by steam or dry heat, and the boiling of all strainers will be necessary.
  - 5. The delivery of the milk is of prime importance,
- 6. When milk has reached the consumer it must be placed in a refrigerator or promptly consumed.

Dr. Snow, Chancellor of the Kansas University, delivered a most interesting address on the Chinch Bug. This is a most terrible burden to Western farmers. He said that Chinch Bugs did \$100,000,000 of harm every year in the United States.

After this statement Dr. Snow certainly kept the full attention of the Association. He said that for the past three years he had been engaged in trying to diminish these ravages. It had been noticed that these bugs suffered from certain diseases, notably a fungus. It was proven that Sporotrichum-Globuliferum and Empusa-Aphidis are capable of producing fatal results among the bugs, and also of rapidly spreading the disease. These are Fungi, the former white and the latter grey. He described the method of spreading the disease. A few diseased bugs were captured. They were put in a large glass whose bottom was covered with damp sand. They were well supplied with green wheat. As many healthy bugs as could be captured were put in the jar. In thirteen days nearly every bug was dead. They had all caught Sporotrichum-Globuliferum. As demands came in for these bugs and three thousand demands had been made, a half-dozen dead bugs were put in a pill box, and the farmers were instructed to put two or three hundred bugs into the jar with the infected bugs. Within twenty-four hours every bug would catch the disease. They were all to be turned loose into the wheat fields. Within twelve days the field would be filled with the dead bugs. In about ninety per cent. the disease had been found highly effective. As long as there were any sick bugs the disease went on. In one case 10,000 died in nine days from the infection caught from one dozen dead ones.

During the afternoon an excursion was had out into the farming country of the State of Kansas. This trip gave the members an opportunity to see the splendid resources of this section of the United States.

Great herds of the finest cattle were seen on great pastures, and the country was evidently very rich in agricultural products.

Dr. Daniels, Chairman of the Committee on Car sanitation read a very interesting report. He said that there was great room for improvement and suggested a more liberal use of rattan fittings for the cars instead of tapestry. He censured the railroad companies for not more properly caring for the public, as they allow the cars to remain often in a very unsanitary condition. Passenger cars should be thoroughly cleaned and renovated both before and after each trip. Especially should this be done where cars take long trips carrying emigrants. He also censured the present method of heating which made no provision for ventilation. There were very few cars properly ventilated. quoted from a report made by Dr. Horlbeck noting the great success of the Emerson method. By this method a car can be thoroughly ventilated as well as heated. Dr. Reid expressed the opinion that the whole matter was with the people, the trouble was that the people did not demand these things. If they demanded proper ventilation they would get it.

Dr. Horlbeck then explained the progress made by the Emerson Car Company. He said that an entirely new car had been made with all of the appliances of the company. He had taken an experimental trip, and the air was contin-

uously changed. Not only was fresh air constantly put in the car but at the same time the air which had become foul was removed from the car. He said however, that none of the railroad companies seemed disposed to furnish fresh air to their passengers. It seemed that if the passengers could have a stove in the winter an an open window and ice water in the summer all was well. He spoke of the long trip from Charleston and two nights spent on the cars and each morning a severe headache. It was to be expected. Breathing the expired air all night could not produce any other result. The only possible way seemed to be to educate the traveling public to demanding these things.

Dr. Dundas, U. S. Vet. Inspector at Kansay City packing houses, read a paper on Animal Diseases. He spoke strongly against diseased cattle being shipped to market. As soon as a farmer finds his herd affected with tuberculosis, he immediately ships them off to market. He recommends constant inspection. He also recommended the police supervision of all milk dairies. He laid to the Jersey cow the blame of being most generally afflicted with tuberculosis. Dr. Bryce spoke of tuberculosis in milk, and said that this was the way that tuberculosis was transmitted, viz: through milk. Such being the case, he said that in Canada we never breed our milk cows, and in one city of great importance we never use a milch cow after she once goes dry. She is immediately sent to the butcher. seems to me that in view of the startling fact that there are 15,000,000 milch cows, and that there are from 5 to 10 per cent, affected with tuberculosis, that there should be a most careful and rigid inspection of all milk cows, as is due to the public

Dr. Orevananos gave a very interesting report of the new organization of the Supreme Board of Health of Mexico. The system shows a most complete system of supervision. It was a grand and sweeping system, and showed that the government of the Republic of Mexico were well in advance of the United States in these respects—inland and quarantine. This is of very recent origin. President Dias is deeply in-

terested in sanitary matters, and will see that every endeavor is made to carry out the best sanitary precautions.

During the evening the Association was entertained by the Commercial Club of Kansas City. Speeches of welcome and congratulation were made.

Friday saw the end of the 19th annual meeting of the Association. Two important resolutions were passed. It was resolved as the sense of the Association that State and provincial inspection of the production of vaccine virus be established.

The other was a resolution asking the general government to establish a Federal Department of Health, to have at its head a Secretary who shall be a Cabinet officer.

The Association passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Association will hold its meeting in 1893 in the city of Chicago, and that so far as possible the occasion be made an International Congress of Hygiene and Public Health.

Dr. Hewitt then read a paper on "The existing methods of dealing with Emigrants as respects Infectious Diseases in England, and on English ships." He spoke of the insufficient regulations of England, which were antiquated and bungling. He read a case of an English ship going to England and having had a case of small pox, and having passed an hour and a half at quarantine, and receiving a few ounces of sulphur fumes, and being given Pratique, small pox having broken out on the new voyage; and all of this should never have happened.

The Association listened to several other papers, one an interesting one from Dr. Bell, editor of the Sanitarian, on the new baths. Free and public baths have been established in New York.

By this method large numbers can be washed at the same time, 40 or 50, and all done in a very short time, occupying but a few minutes. Pipes run along a ceiling, and the pressure is put on overhead. The bathers stand in a nude state below, the water is made of any warmth required,

USIVE.

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	884	18	885	]:	886	18	887	18	888	18	889	18	390	18	891	То	tals
Causes of Di	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored
Smallpox Measles Scarlet Fever. Diphtheria Croup. Whooping Cough Typhoid Fever Typhus Fever Malarial Fevers Puerperal Fever All Diarrhoeal Diseas Cerebro-Spinal Menir Yellow Fever Totals	5 6 2 21 1 27 10 74 4 150	7 4 2 12 12 9 5 37 2 	2 4 2 10 17  26 11 69 2  143	16 1 19 9  14 2 51 3 	5 1 27 26  44 4 108 1 	8 18 4 1 13 8 2 544 2 110	11 2 5 2 30  23 3110 1 	15 4 3 12  6 1 52 5 	4 6 22 26 24  21 6 140 1 	8 1 2 12 12  6 1 83 2 	32 5	5 19  6  48 1 	1 3 14 37 23 4 131 213	5 10 3 2 69 1 	9 1 3 18 19 4 165 3 	60 84 120 548 104 115 444 8 254 54 1203 63 257 3314	489 1111 54 226 75 303 785 18 461 140 2570 58 27
Consumption	212	51	209	59	202	46	198	37	193	43	213	45	159	41	203	1358	4227

### DEATH FROM CERTAIN ZYMOTIC DISEASES IN TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS—FROM 1865 TO 1891 INCLUSIVE.

CAUSES OF DEATH.    The content of t		186	5	1866		1867		1868	1	1869	18	70	1871		1872	1	873	18	74	187	5	1876	1	.877	187	8	1879	18	880	188	1	1882	1	883	18	84	1885		1886	18	87	188	s	1889	•	1890	18	)1	Tot
Messics. 9 50 . 21 14 3 4 5 4 . 3 10 1 2 . 8 8 . 1 4 2	Causes of Death.	White	Colored	White	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	Colored	White	Colored	White	Volored	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	Colored	White	Colored	White
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	leasies carlet Fever hiphtheria roup Vhooping Cough yphoid Fever	11 9 2 21 8 19 31	127 30 . 20 7 54 85	37 2 12 10 2 21	39 3 11 10 11 34	8 3 2 11	2 3 2 40	1	1 2 4 6 1	1 1: 1 3 -1 2 2 2 7 20	3 1 2 10 22	3 20 21	2 5 9 19	1 11 15	1 5	6 4 3 2 6 30 13	3 3 2 3 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 103 11	18  1 35 6  25	3 10 63 2 1 20	10 7 21 4 5 25	1 5 102 8	1 3 48 1 5 8 15	8 18 4 4 3 13 5 22	8 1 15 5 5 14	8 16 2 15 29	25 1 1 1 10 2	i 2 2 2 4 4 4 2 3 2 25	7 27 31	2 81 15 3	35 1 10 1 35 1	0 2 7 3 4 5 21 59	7 10 2 8 9 1 8 22	1 3 6 2 1 34	22 1 1 22	5	7 4 2 2 12	2 4 10 2 0 11 7	5 1 1 9 27 0 26	18 4 1 13	11 2 5 2 30	15 4 3 12	6 2 26 24	8 3 1 12 12	4 1 1 1 28	5 14 9 37	5 10	9 3 18	60 84 120 548 104 115 444
otals	alarial Fevers uerperal Fever Il Diarrhœal Diseases crebro-Spinal Meningitis	83	43 324	17 3 47 1	11 3 51	17 1 49	39 1 85 3	2 1 1 12 7	8 4	4 10 2 7 0 79 4 1	6 2 37	8 7 116 3	8 2 36 1 190	15 16 67 2 23	8 4 47 2	6 2 1 2 2	8 5 5 5 8 2	7 4 39 6 37	7 6 40 2 3	5 1 44 5	3 5 58 2	15 27 27 4 29	8 6 7 0 21 1 3 1	3 1 68 3 3	9 4 34 3	12 6 43 1	6 3 34 6	5 4 1 4 34 7	9 5 47 3	9 4 45 3	12 87 2	2 18 1 5 28 5 1 8	8 16 7 7 37 8 2	18 6 90 4	20 4 55 7	27 10 74 4	9 5 1 37 2	6 1 1 9 5 2 5	1 44 2 4 1 108 3 1	8 2 54 2 2	23 3 110 1	6 1 52 5	21 6 140 1	83 2	32 5 202 4	6 23 8 131 1	3 2 69 1	19 165 1 3	254 54 203 63 257
	otals	210	695	154 8	74	91 1	33 7	3 11	5 9	5 146	83	182	272 1	.30	74 18	50 S	195	227	145	155	140	212 18	2 101	142	98	132	82 12	72	133	184 1	185 16	9 199	97	165	136	150	80 1	3 113	216	110	187	100	230 1	18 2	76 8	5 213	97	222 3	314

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, Charleston, S. C., Jan. 6th, 1892.

Annual Meteorological Summary for the Year Ending December 31, 1891, of Charleston, S. C.

Compiled for the City Board of Health.)

	P	PRESSURE.			ESSURE. TEMPERATU			TEMPERATURE.			Daw- Point.		RELATIVE HUMIDITY,		PRECIPI-		(in tenths.)			WIND.										NUMBER OF DAYS.						
MONTHS. 	Highest.	Lowest.	Меап.	8 A. M.	8 P. M.	Mean.	Lowest.	Highest.	& A. M.	8 P. M.	Mean.	S A. M.	s P. M.	Mean.	Total.	Greatest in 24 hours.	8 A. M.	8 P. M.	Mean.	Total movement (in miles.)	Maximum.	Directlon.	Prevailing Direction.	North.	Northeast.	East.	Southeast.	Southwest.	West.	Northwest.	Calms.	Cloudless.	Partly cloudy,	Rainy.	Lowest temperature below 32°	above 90° Thunder Storms.
January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. Septimer. November. December. Means.	30,53 30,51 30,35 30,42 30,17 30,25 30,15 30,34 30,54 30,57	29.80 29.69 29.86 29.81 29.95 29.77 29.76 29.95	30,15 30,05 30,07 30,03 29,97 30,07 30,04 30,11 30,19 30,28	51.5 62.3 67.9 78.4 77.6 79.0 59.1 52.0 51.4	58.1 55.8 64.2 69.9 78.7 78.1 80.3 75.8 63.3 55.3	64.8 8 70.2 9 80.2 9 79.7 9 81.5 9 76.3 8 63.8 8 56.2 8 55.2 7	0 29 4 34 0 38 2 51 5 66 5 65 4 64 9 64 9 42 0 30 3 29	65.8 51. 62.2 48.4 71.6 57.7 77.7 62.7 88.7 73.8 86.5 72.4 88.4 74.0 882.9 69.7 71.4 56 663.9 48.	9 5 7 6 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 5 4 4 4	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 2 7 7 4 7 7 4 9 5 9 5 9	5 45 5 54 5 54 5 57 6 57 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9	90 90 70 70 70 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	5 83 1 93 3 85 9 85 8 75 1 85 2 88 5 8 8 7 8 1 7 2 8 9	5 90 4 93 7 90 1 80 7 79 3 82 3 83 3 84 4 86 7 79 9 81 0 81	2,33 0,99 5,47 2,07 3,85 1,20 8,99 6,90 4,20 1,77 1,65	0.70	3,9 6,5 5,1 3,2 4,0 5,1 5,3 4,8 4,6 5,2 4,7	2.8 5.1 5.7 1.3 4.2 4.5 7.2 5.2 4.2 3.4 3.6 4.2	7.0 3.1 5.0 5.1 6.9 4.8 4.5 4.3 5.5	5848 6910 6420 4732 4634 4389 3766 3205 4293 6390 5819 6085	36 36 26 30 32 28 26 36 29 36 30	N. E. E. V. W. E. W. N. E. N. E. N. E. N. E.	S. W. S. E. S. W. S. S. W. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. W.	10 7 6 0 5 2 2 6 12 20 7 14	6 11 18 7 14 10 7 2 20 14 24 17	2 8 6 8 12 12 12 1 1 5 12 3 6	4 3 2 6 8 3 3 5 4 2 4 5	0 13 1 19 1 10 3 13 2 6 6 18 8 13 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 3 8 3 8	200 3 3 4 4 5 5 3 2 10 5 7 8 2 869	6 3 9 5 7 2 5 3 1 8 5 6	1 1 6 13 5 5 11 9 8 0 0 1	13 3 5 19 11 8 6 11 12 7	9 12 6 2 10 12 13 9 14 9 12 14 9 12 15	9 9 9 12 11 6 15 11 13 15 11 18 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 12 5 \$120 5	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 7 5 5 5 4 8 11 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1

\*\*Total.

The average annual temperature of Charleston, for 20 years, is 66.0 degrees, and for the month: —January, 49.0 degrees; February, 53.7; March, 56.7; April, 64.2; May, 72.7; June, 78.8; July, 82.3; August, 78.8; September, 75.1; October, 67.7; November, 68.9; December, 51.9. Highest temperature for the year, 85, July 1; lowest 20, February 27 and December 1; annual range, 66; greatest daily range, 25, on March 6; least March was the month of great counting range, 25, in September; mean monthly range, 39; mean daily range, 14.

March was the month of greatest, and April the month of least cloudiness.

The average annual prepitation of Charleston, for 20 years, is 56.98 inches, and for the months—January, 4.07 inches: February, 3.46; March, 4.01; April, 4.96; May, 4.06; June, 5.28; July, 7.40; August, 7.31; September, 4.09; October, 4.38; November, 3.36; December, 3.9. December, 3.9. The last frost occurred on April 1; the first frost occurred on October 21.

L. N. JESUNOFSKY, Observer, Weather Bureau.



depending on the season. It is a very great boon to the people of New York.

The Association were the recipients of many hospitalities at the hands of the people of Kansas City; and to Dr. Lewis, the chairman of the local committee, are due the thanks of the body. Kansas City, situated in the centre of a vast and prosperous agricultural area, is a city of much importance commercially and from a sanitary standpoint, and with the interest manifested in these matters must add a wholesome influence in the cause of human progress in the amelioration of suffering and disease.

It is the province of such organizations as the American Public Health Association to keep alive and distribute the sacred fire of knowledge What has been an art has become a science. In the middle ages plague, small pox, etc., swept the world with fearful havoc; pestilence, as then known, is now unknown; small pox is rarely ever seen as an epidemic, and yet sanitary science is but in its infancy. The day must soon come when diphtheria, typhoid fever, scarlatina, etc., etc., will be things of the past,

Respectfully submitted,

H. B. HORLBECK, Health Officer.

### REPORT OF TIDAL DRAIN KEEPER.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 1st, 1892.

To the Honorable the Mayor and Aldermen of Charleston:

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to submit the following report of the proceedings of this department for the past year.

Report of Tidal Drain Department from January 1st., 1891, to December 31st, 1891.

For cleaning out Tidal Drains and carting mud from same,
4,865 loads. Laborers paid for working in drain\$1,620 18
Cartage on mud
\$2,502 05
Cameron & Barkley's bill to date for rope, shovels, wick for
lamps, oils, nails, &c
C. J. Schlepegrell's bills to date for lumber, nails, &c., used
in framing sand pit frames and covers
John C. Beaird's bill to date for one dozen lamps used in
drains 3 00
J. F. Riley's bill to date for repairs to windlass 1 40
Extra cartage during year on sand pit frames and covers 6 58
C. Seel for sharpening two saws 50
Salary for Tidal Drain Keeper up to date
Salary for two hands up to date
Total amount\$4,302 69
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Very respectfully, M. HOGAN, Tidal Drain Keeper.

### DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES.

The institutions in this Department, the Orphan House, Shirras Dispensary, City Hospital, Alms House, Old Folks' Home, and Enston Home, continue to be conducted with the same care, and for the best interests of the poor and sick of our city. No city in the South, and but few in the country make such ample provision for the unfortunates in their midst as our city does. With the amount expended under the direction of the Board of Health for the city sick, our appropriations for the current year amount to the sum of fifty-seven thousand three hundred dollars. The faithful work of the Boards of Commissioners and the officers of these institutions have long been recognized and appreciated by our citizens.

### THE CHARLESTON ORPHAN HOUSE.

To the Hon. Mayor of Charleston, S. C.:

SIR:—I have the honor to submit the following annual report, viz:

From the Committee on School, Library, Purveyance and Supervision, and Committee on Binding Out, with statements showing Receipts and Expenditures of the Institution for the past fiscal year, 1891, up to December 31st, inclusive, with annexed statement of the Commissioners Trust Fund:

#### RECEIPTS.

Amount received from interest on Public Fund	8 8,984 24
Amount received from Commissioners' Trust Fund	3,111 55
Balance from City Treasury	11,249 51

\$23,245 30

#### EXPENDITURES.

Amount expended from Public Fund as per monthly returns to City Council\$ 18,933 75	
Amount expended for Physician's salary \$700 00	
For Insurance on House	
Amount expended from Commissioners' Trust Fund	
5,111 00	
\$23.245_30	

### THE COMMITTEE ON SCHOOLS.

The Committee to whom was confided the supervising of the school connected with the Charleston Orphan House, present the subjoined report:

1891.
Highest number on register during the year:
Boys, 131—Girls, 111—Total 242
Average attendance:
Boys, 129—Girls, 109—Total
Admitted:
Boys, 12—Girls, 9—Total 21
Discharged:
Boys, 14—Girls, 9—Total 23

The sessions of the school have been conducted throughout the year with punctuality and regularity.

The studies embrace Reading, Writing, Orthography, Arithmetic, (mental and practical), Common School and Physical Geography, Ancient and Modern History, Familiar Science, Grammar, Vocal and Instrumental Music. In addition to these we have this year added Stenography and Type-Writing in the evening, which do not interfere with the other studies.

The first class will soon have completed the course, and your committee are pleased to state that the boys and girls trained in the Orphan House are finding remunerative positions in banks and other institutions in the city.

The Kindergarten now numbers 81, but a class of 24

will shortly be advanced to the Primary Department. The class from the Kindergarten mentioned in last year's report has done excellent work, reflecting great credit not only on the Kindergarten training, but also on its present teacher.

The entire School has maintained its usual standard. The reports of the past have been so full that there is but little left for your Committee to say; they would, however, remind the Board that the Teachers not only faithfully performed their duties in school, but assist the Principal in every way they can in carrying on the other work of the Institution.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. W. WILLIAMS, FRANCIS J. PELZER, B. A. MUCKENFUSS, THEO. D. JERVEY, A. SIMONDS,

Charleston, S. C., January 7, 1892.

### COMMITTEE ON LIBRARY.

CHARLESTON, January 9th, 1892.

The Committee on Library report that the Library contains 3,313 volumes. The children have drawn out and read during the year 3,200 volumes. There has been added in new books during the year 52 volumes. The children continue to take great interest in reading, and those too young to read have 'been read to by the efficient Librarian, who has discharged the duties with zeal and fidelity.

Respectfully submitted,

H. H. DELEON, Chairman. FRANCIS J. PELZER. ANDREW SIMONDS.

#### THE BINDING OUT COMMITTEE.

The Binding Out Committee report that 15 children have been received into the House—8 boys and 7 girls.

Twenty-one children have been bound out—12 boys and 9 girls.

Such as have been heard of are giving satisfaction, with one or two exceptions.

Respectfully submitted,

THEO. D. JERVEY,
AUGUSTINE T. SMYTHE,
A. F. C. CRAMER,
Binding Out Committee.

January 7, 1892.

## REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PURVEYANCE CHARLESTON ORPHAN HOUSE.

The Committee on Purveyance beg leave to submit their Annual Report of Expenditures for the Charleston Orphan House, for the year ending December 31, 1891, as follows, viz:

LBS	•			COST	
Fresh Meat	\$,290	1,447	12		
Bacon, ham and other salt meats	3,398	618	38		
Coffee	418	81	47		
Cocoa Shells 1	,233	60	09		
Rice 4	4,310	217	39		
Butter 1	<b>,3</b> 20	364	12		
Cottolene	390	31	55		
Tea	175	95	65		
Sugar 4	,140	195	84		
Molasses	575 gals.	208	08		
Flour	18 bbls.	111	40		
Irish Potatoes	$25\frac{1}{2}$ bbls.	80	20		
Sweet Potatoes	$58\frac{1}{2}$ bbls.		35		
Bread57,	750 loaves.	1,588	14-	\$5,174	78
Expenses of cows furnishing 3,22	5 gals milk		•••••	. 661	73
Corn and Peas, $156\frac{1}{5}$ bushels				. 176	41
Small Groceries			•••••	. 516	10
Soap, starch, etc		• • • • • •	• • • • •	176	87
Fuel, wood and coal					
Clothing, house linen, hats and she					
Books, stationery, etc				231	
Medicine, carbolic soap, disinfectar				216	•
House furnishing, garden seeds, etc					
Salaries and labor				5,562	09
Incidental expenses, such as veg					
tables, extras for sick and other					
ous to mention				950	
Repairs				•	
Grist and meal 514½ bushels			•••••	525	<b>4</b> 9
			_		

\$18,867 64

Respectfully submitted,

A. F. C. CRAMER. GEO. W. WILLIAMS.

### THE COMMITTEE ON REPAIRS.

The Committee on Repairs would beg leave to report that owing to the liberality of Council they were enabled in 1890 to paint the exterior walls of the house, which was much needed for some years. The interior is in fair condition, with the exception of the floors throughout the house, which have been laid for a number of years and require attention in many places. The committee would recommend early attention to this matter, either by adding cost of same to the appropriation asked for the year 1892, or asking the City Council for a special appropriation for that purpose.

The boiler used for the house having been in use for a long time was condemned by the inspector and a new one was ordered and contracted for by the Board, for the cost of which the Honorable the City Council have been petitioned for a special appropriation.

All of which is respectfully submitted by

E. F. SWEEGAN.

H. H. DELEON.

E. WILLIS.

Committee on Repairs.

Charleston, S. C., December 31, 1891.

#### THE COMMITTEE ON RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM,

To the Chairman and Board of Commissioners of the Charleston Orphan House:—

The Committee on Retrenchment and Reform begs leave respectfully to report that in their opinion the management of the institution is now as economically conducted as possible, and they have no recommendation to make.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

AUGUSTINE T. SMYTHE. H. H. DELEON.

E. F. SWEEGAN.

Committee.

#### THE COMMITTEE ON IMPROVEMENT AND DISCIPLINE.

The Committee on improvement and Discipline respectsfully report that they cannot see where any improvement can be made in the discipline of the house.

FRANCIS J. PELZER.
GEO. W. WILLIAMS.
E. WILLIS.
H. H. DELEON.
E. F. SWEEGAN.

#### SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The work of the Sunday School has been uninterrupted—though we find great difficulty in obtaining teachers; those now engaged in teaching, are, with but three exceptions from the School and House.

Mr. Cook, the former Superintendent, left the city some time ago, and Mr. Knox, one of the teachers, has been filling his place faithfully ever since. Mr. Miscally, an earnest and devoted teacher, has been with us for over 20 years.

School opens at 9, and is continued for a little over an hour.

## CHAPEL,

The Chapel has not been closed once during the year—the usual afternoon services having been conducted by the resident Clergy (who always cheerfully respond to the calls made upon them), and eleven visiting ministers.

The Commissioners gratefully acknowledge these services.

The music is still an attractive feature, and the pews in the Chapel reserved for visitors, are usually fully occupied, showing the continued interest of the citizens in this noble work.

#### SANITARY.

The Sanitary condition of the Institution is excellent, and the general health of the children remarkable. We have to record but one death—Edward Antibus, aged 13, who died after a few hours illness, Dec. 20th, of congestion of the brain. He was interred in the Children's Lot, at Magnolia Cemetery.

A careful perusal of the foregoing full and interesting reports demonstrate that the high standard and character of this noble Institution has been fully maintained in every particular, and I deem it but just to render my testimony to the intelligent, faithful and devoted services of our Principal, who, with God's blessing, has achieved such beneficent results in the management of our Orphan House.

Respectfully submitted,

JACOB SMALL,

Chairman of Board of Commissioners of Charleston Orphan House. ABSTRACT of the Receipts and Expenditures of the Private Fund of the Commissioners of the Charleston Orphan House. for the year ending December 31st, 1891.

# DR.

To balance in hand January 1, 1891.			\$ 807	50
Cash received from interest on in-	<b>~</b> 00			
vestments \$2				
Cash from rent of Ufferhardt Farm	250	00	2,848	00
			\$3,655	50
· Cr.				
	111	00		
By Cash paid for Officers Salaries, &c. \$2,0	)44	00		
Magnolia Cemetery and				
painting fence to Lot	41	50		
Books for Library and				
Sunday-School and				
Papers	60	98		
Pic-Nic	141	00		
Marriage Donations.	75	00		
Printing Centennial				
	130	0.0		
Advertising	20	78		
Typewriter,Books,&c.				
	277	29		
Sundries			- 3,111	55
Balance			543	
Darano				

\$ 3,655 50

E. E.

E. MONTAGUE GRIMKE, Treasurer.

Examined and found correct.

 $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{FRANCIS J. PELZER,} \\ \text{THEO. D. JERVEY,} \end{array} \right\} \textit{Com. on Accts.}$ 

LIST of Bonds, Stocks and other Securities, belonging to the Private Fund of the Commissioners of the Charleston Orphan House exhibited to us this first day of January, 1892.

50	Bonds	of the	City of C	harlesto	n 4 pe	r ct.	\$1,000	\$50,000
6	46	66	"	4.6	66		500	
1	"	"	"	44		for		100
2	"	"	Northeas	stern Ra	ailroad	l Co.		
	1st M	ortgag	e, 8 per c	ent. of 5	600 eac	h.		1,000
1 (			Consolida					ĺ
	State	of Sout	h Carolir	na 6 per	cent fe	or		4,500
1 (			20 Share	-				·
			.00 each	9				2,000
1 (	·		3 Shares					·
	Charl	leston,	N. B. A.	of <b>1</b> 00 ea	ich.			300
1 7			Six Lots i			eme-		
			,					
1 (			Deposit					
			ah R. R. 1					
1 I			Savannal		-			
			50					
				ICIS J.			Com	on Accts.
			THE	). D. JE	RVEY		<i>f</i>	710 2100000

# SHIRRAS DISPENSARY.

T. Grange Simons, M. D., Treasurer, in account with the Trustees of the Shirras Dispensary. Cr.

Jan.	1891	. RECEIPTS.			
Jan'y	1.	Amount brought forward (balance in			
		bank,)	\$280	<b>2</b> 3	
Jan'y.	13.	Interest on City 4 per cent. January			
		Coupons			
Feb.	2.	Rent of House Meeting Street, Jan'y. '91	50	00	
Mch.	3.	" " Feb. "	50	00	
Apl.	1.	" " " Meh. "	50	00	
May	30.	" " " Apl. May	100	00	
July	7.	Interest on City 4 per cent. Bonds, July			
		Coupons	330	00	
Aug.	19.	Rent of House Meeting St., June, July	100	00	
Oct.	19.	" " " Aug., Sep.	100	00	
Dec.	4.	" Oct., Nov	100	00	
				—	\$1,490 23
Jan.	1891	. EXPENDITURES			
Jan'y.	3.	Repairs and Improvements to House,			
		Jas. Preston	\$112	50	
Jan'y.	3.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, and washing			
		towels	8	50	
Jan'y.	15.	Dr. P. G. DeSaussure, by vote of Trus-			
		tees			
Jan'y.	15.	Dr. Manning Simons, by vote of Trustees			
Jan'y.	15.	Dr. J. L. Dawson. Jr., by vote of Trustees			
Jan'y.	15.	Dr. J. J. Edwards, by vote of Trustees			
Feb.	3.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, etc	8	50	
Feb.	11	Wm. Johnson & Co., 1 ton coal and 4			
		cord wood		15	
Mch.	2.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor and broom		10	
Mch.	5	H. W. Hummel, prescriptions and drugs		38	
Mch.	11.	World-Budget Co., advertisement	10		
Mch.	15.	C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co., 4 doz., towels	10		
Apl.	2.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, etc		50	
Apl.	2.	E. R. Cowperthwaite, instrument case	18		
Apl.	5.	Daily Sun, advertisement		00	
Apl.	9.	News and Courier, advertisement	10	00	

Apl.	13.	G. W. Aimar & Co., instruments	100	45		
May	2.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor and gas fixtures	9	10		
May	19.	Edward Perry & Co., printing cards and				
_		Circulars	6	10		
June	3.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, etc	8	50		
June	4.	H. W. Hummel, prescriptions	24	00		
June	6.	Richardson & Sons, lock-work	1	00		
June	11.	James Preston, doors and painting	11	50		
July	3.	J. C Johnson, Janitor, etc	8	50		
July	14.	R. M. Marshall & Bro., on account pur-				
_		chase 4 per cent. Bond No. 87 for \$500	350	00		
Aug.	3.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, etc	8	50		
Aug.	19.	R. M. Marshall & Bro., balance due	60	00		
Aug.	31.	Aimar & Co., instruments	1	50		
Aug.	31.	Morris, repairs to water-works	<b>2</b>	75		
Sept.	1.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, etc	8	50		
Sept.	3,	H. W. Hummel, prescriptions, etc	19	88		
Oct.	2.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, etc	8	50		
Oct.	3.	Charleston Water Works, 1 year to Sep-				
		tember, '92	11	40		
Nov.	3.		8	50		
Dec.	3.	J. C. Johnson, Janitor, etc	8	50		
Dec.	7.	H. W. Hummel, prescriptions, etc	15	66		
					\$1,296	77
	Balar	nce in bank		• • • •	193	47
				-		_

1,490 23

## CITY HOSPITAL.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 31, 1892.

To the Honorable Mayor of the City of Charleston:

DEAR SIR:—Now ask to hand you under the Annual Report of City Hospital to 31st December, 1891. Table A. shows 1,171 patients treated during the year. B, that 96 patients remained in Hospital, 31st December.

C. That the expenses for year	\$18,903 60
Earnings	4,677 41
Assets	3,191 00

I cannot do less than to call your attention to the serious and growing evil of forcing the insane into the Hospital, to be ultimately sent to asylum, at expense of the city, instead of the county, and ask that the city attorney be requested to adjust it, so the county will send the insane to Columbia as provided by law, and not to City Hospital except in extreme cases.

I am, with great respect,

E. WILLIS.

Chairman Hospital Board.

Hon. J. F. FICKEN, Mayor.

# ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1891.

#### TABLE A.

	FREE.	PAY.	
			Grand
Patients	W. C. Total.	W. C. Total.	Total.
In Hospital January I, 1891 Admitted during year			73
Admitted during year	363 516 879	138   81   219	1,098
Total admitted and treated			1,171

#### TABLE B.

#### Showing Patients Discharged and Died during Year.

Treated, Free and Pay—Table A Discharged	White. 457 43	Colored. 459 116	$\binom{916}{159}$	Total. 1,171 1,075
Remaining in Hospital 31st Decemb	er, 1891			96

TABLE C.

Patients Admi	tted du	ring Year	r.		
	$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{R}}$	EE.	PA	Y.	
•	w.	C.	W.	C.	7
City	363	516	51	4	
State at large	•••		19	$2\tilde{1}$	
Berkeley County			11	34	27
N. E. R R. Co			1	9	
Colleton County	. 24		1		
Italian Consul	•••		3	• • • •	
Williamsburg County	•••		I		
St. Andrews Phos. Co	•••			1	
Chas. & Sav. R. R. Co	•••		1	4	
Charleston County	•••		2	4	
Consul Sweden and Norway	•••	•••	1	•••	
Etiwan Phos. Co	•••			1	
H. B. M., Consul	* **	1	30	1	
S. C. R. R. Co	•••		5	3	
Charleston M. & M. Co	•••			1	
Foreign	•••		10	•••	
Wotels	262	<u></u>	126		1.000
Totals	363	516	136	83	1,098
Total number Patients admitted					
Admitted on $Phy$	sicians	Certifica			M 4.1
From Health District No. 1			W.	C.	Total.
" No. 2	• • • • • • • • • •	***********	133	108 46	231 70
" No. 3				50	102
" No. 4			40	123	163
110. 1	• • • • • • • • • •	••••••		1200	
			ll		566
' <b>Г</b> AВ	LE F				
Number of days treatment, Free	Patier	nts	22	,905	
Number of days treatment, Pay					
					27,308
Average number of days, Free Patients26 <sup>51</sup> / <sub>100</sub> days.					
Average number of days, Pay Patients2023 days.					
Maximum number in Hospital on any one day107					
maximum number in Hospital of	1 any (	опе сау	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.107	107
					107
Minimum number in Hospital or	anyo	ne day	••••••	. 51	
					51

TABLE G.
Collections and Earnings, for 1891.

•	COLLECTION	s.	EARNINGS.
Berkeley County	\$ 1,583	30  \$	1,298 30
Chas. & Sav. R. R. Co	231	00	220 00
North-Eastern R. R Co	276	00	274 00
So. Ca. R. R. Co	257	00	299 00
Charleston County	15	00	232 00
British Consul	260	00	448 00
Consul Sweden and Norway	23	00	23 00
Italian Consul	33	00.	33 00
Coffins, etc., etc	134	81	134 81
Pay Patients	1,105	80	1,519 00
Williamsburg County			64 00
Colleton County		,	38 30
Charleston M. & M. Co			69 00
Etiwan Phos. Co			15 00
St. Andrews Phos. Co			10 00
Lunatics		20 .	•••••
	\$ 3,960	11 \$	4,677 41

# DR.

# January 1st, 1891.

Cash on hand at this date	§ 185	78		
Collections 1891	3,960	11		
Appropriation 1891	16,000	00		
Deficit				
		\$	20,658	84

## CR.

# January 1st, 1891.

Balance due City Treasurer	•••••	\$	1,755	24		
Cost of Hospital for 1891:—						
For supplies\$	2,030	68				
For advertising	18	17				
For repairs	726	16				
For subsistance	7,289	36				
For medicines	825	27				
For nursing	7,690	31				
For insurance	55	00				
For lunatics	268					
		\$	18,903	60		

20,658 84

#### Assets January, 1892.

Berkeley County\$	985 00	
N. E. R. R. Co	102 00	
H. B. M. Consul	188 00	
Charleston County	232 00	
Certificates received	584 55	
S. C. R. R. Co	79 00	
Charleston M. & M. Co	69 00	
Colleton County	42 00	
Pay Patients	908 50	
		3,190 05

F. KRESSEL.
HENRY SCHACHTE.
S. V. STEWART.

City Hosp

Finance Committee.

## THE ALMS HOUSE.

Office of Commissioner of City Alms House, Charleston, S. C., January 12th, 1892.

To the Honorable Mayor and

Aldermen of the City of Charleston, S. C.:

Gentlemen:—Enclosed please find Master's report of the Alms House, for the fiscal year ending 31st December, 1891, as presented to the Board of Commissioners, and by them ordered to be sent to your Honorable body.

It affords us pleasure to state that the amount necessary for the maintenance of the Alms House, for the past year, has been \$8,094.12, leaving a balance of \$5.88 to credit of appropriation.

The public transportation account I have, by careful attention to the same, examined each case or applicant, and feel that all deserving applicants have received transportation to their homes, notwithstanding the fact that a large number of applicants have been sent to me by other associations of charity.

I report the amount expended for this account for the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1891, to be \$399.11,

leaving a balance of \$100.89 to the credit of the appropriation. All of which is respectfully submitted.

Very respectfully, EDW. S. BURNHAM, Chairman B. C. A. H,

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 11th, 1892.

To the Board of Commissioners of Alms House:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to present for your consideration, in accordance with the rules, the following report for the fiscal year ended December 31st, 1891.

There were admitted into the Institution during the year fifty-three persons, classified as follows:

#### Admitted.

Males	110000000
Natives of Ireland       22         Natives of Germany       4         Natives of Switzerland       1         Natives of Pennsylvania       1         Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Italy       1         Total       53         Discharged         Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       18       Natives of Ireland       11       Natives of Rostia       1       1         Natives of Germany       1       1       Natives of Rostia       1       1         Total       32       32         Transferred to Hospital       19       Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8       Natives of Germany       1       Natives of Ireland       8       Natives of Italy       1       Natives of Italy       1       Natives of Italy       1       Natives of Italy       1       1       Natives of Italy       1       1       Natives of Italy       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1 <td>Males27. Females25. Children1. Total53</td>	Males27. Females25. Children1. Total53
Natives of Germany       4         Natives of Switzerland       1         Natives of Pennsylvania       1         Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Italy       1         Total       53         Discharged         Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       11       Natives of Ireland       1       1         Natives of Germany       1       1       Natives of Russia       1       1         Total       32       32       1       1         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1       1         Natives of Italy       1       1	Natives of South Carolina23
Natives of Switzerland       1         Natives of Pennsylvania       1         Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Italy       1         Total       53         Discharged         Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       18       18       Natives of Ireland       11       Natives of North Carolina       1       1       Natives of Germany       1       Natives of Russia       1       1         Total       32       Transferred to Hospital       32         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1       Natives of Italy       1         Natives of Italy       1       1	Natives of Ireland22
Natives of Pennsylvania       1         Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Italy       1         Total       53         Discharged         Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       18       18       11       Natives of North Carolina       1       1       Natives of Germany       1       1       Natives of Russia       1       1       Total       32       32         Transferred to Hospital         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1       1         Natives of Italy       1       1	Natives of Germany 4
Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Italy       1         Total       53         Discharged         Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       18       11       Natives of North Carolina       1       1       Natives of Germany       1       1       Natives of Russia       1       1       Total       32       32       Transferred to Hospital       19       Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8       Natives of Germany       1       Natives of Italy       1       Natives of Italy       1	Natives of Switzerland 1
Natives of Italy       1         Total       53         Discharged.         Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       18       11       Natives of North Carolina       1       1       Natives of Germany       1       Natives of Russia       1       1       Total       32       32       Transferred to Hospital       19       Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8       Natives of Germany       1       Natives of Italy       1       Natives of Italy       1	Natives of Pennsylvania 1
Total	Natives of North Carolina 1
Discharged.         Males	Natives of Italy 1
Discharged.         Males	
Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       11         Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Russia       1         Total       32         Transferred to Hospital         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9         Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1	Total53
Males       19. Females       12. Children       1. Total       32         Natives of South Carolina       11         Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Russia       1         Total       32         Transferred to Hospital         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9         Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1	Discharged
Natives of South Carolina       18         Natives of Ireland       11         Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Russia       1         Total       32         Transferred to Hospital         Males       10       Females       9       Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8       Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1       1       1	•
Natives of Ireland.       11         Natives of North Carolina.       1         Natives of Germany.       1         Natives of Russia.       1         Total.       32         Transferred to Hospital.         Males.       10. Females.       9. Total.       19         Natives of South Carolina.       9         Natives of Ireland.       8         Natives of Germany.       1         Natives of Italy.       1	
Natives of North Carolina       1         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Russia       1         Total       32         Transferred to Hospital         Males       10       Females       9       Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1       1         Natives of Italy       1	
Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Russia       1         Total       32         Transferred to Hospital         Males       10       Females       9       Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1       1         Natives of Italy       1	
Natives of Russia       1         Total       32         Transferred to Hospital.         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9       Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1       1         Natives of Italy       1       1	
Total	
Transferred to Hospital.         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9         Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1	/
Transferred to Hospital.         Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9         Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1	Total 32
Males       10. Females       9. Total       19         Natives of South Carolina       9         Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1	
Natives of South Carolina       9         Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1	Transferred to Hospital.
Natives of Ireland       8         Natives of Germany       1         Natives of Italy       1	Males
Natives of Germany	Natives of South Carolina 9
Natives of Italy 1	Natives of Ireland 8
<del></del>	Natives of Germany 1
	Natives of Italy 1
Tota]19	<del>-</del>
	Total19

## Deaths.

Males2. Females4. Total6
Natives of Ireland5
Natives of Italy1
Total6
Inmates of the House.
Males26. Females45. Total71
Natives of Ireland31
Natives of South Carolina24
Natives of Germany 7
Natives of New Jersey 1
Natives of Pennsylvania 1
Natives of Canada 1
Natives of Virginia 1
Natives of Georgia 1
Natives of Russia 1
Natives of Sweden 1
Natives of Switzerland 1
Natives of France 1
<del>-</del>
Total71
Out-Door Pensioners.
White Males 4. Females33. Children39. Total76
Colored Males12. Females36. Children47. Total95
<del></del>
171
The number of rations drawn weekly by Out Door Pensioners 190
The number of rations drawn weekly by Out-Door Pensioners132

The same care has been taken of the inmates, most of whom are persons quite aged and utterly incapable of helping themselves, as heretofore.

Expenditures

The total amount expended during the year.....\$8,094 12

They have been supplied with substantial and wholesome food and raiments; everything has been done to make them comfortable.

The sick have likewise been attended to and nursed with

care. The physician in charge has been prompt in responding to my calls.

Such of the inmates who were able were required to assist in the work of the House.

The average number of persons in the House during the year were seventy-three.

Permit me gentlemen, to say in conclusion, that I have endeavored to perform the duties of my office with fidelity and impartiality, and assure you that since my official connection with the House it has been my aim and purpose, and I have at all times endeavored to act in the interest of the Institution, and to execute the orders of your Board.

I am not unmindful of your kind consideration, and thank you most heartily for the same.

Respectfully submitted,
H. G. FRAZER,

Master City Alms House.

# ANNUAL REPORT OF TRUSTEES OF WILLIAM ENSTON HOME FOR 1891.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 27, 1892.

To the Honorable the City Council of Charleston:

The Trustees beg leave to report, that the affairs of the Home have progressed satisfactorily during the past year; the general health of the village continues good, no case of local sickness occurring during the year.

There were three deaths in 1891; one between fifty and sixty, one between sixty and seventy, and one over eighty years of age; one was admitted with an incurable disease, and one died of old age.

The cottages are all in good order, and as a general condition are neatly kept; the residents express themselves pleased with the accommodations.

The Memorial Hall is kept supplied with magazines and newspapers, and it is intended to form a library there. The main apartment is nicely furnished, and is used for religious purposes at the pleasure of residents.

Herewith the Trustees send their annual financial statements, which show that, with close economy, the income has been sufficient for necessary current expenses.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. A. COURTENAY, President.

#### WM. ENSTON HOME.

Cash Receipts and Expenditures from January 1, 1891, to December 31, 1891.

RECEIPTS.				
From interest, &c	s for 18 \$10,200 7,515	91. 00 00	2,857	89
Cash December 31, 1890			27 \$28,895	40
EXPENDITURES.				
Expenses of Administration Repairing subsoil drain Fuel and Lights Investment Colleton Bonds Investment Marion Bonds Investment Winnsboro Bonds, and interest from April 1, 1891 Investment Bills Receivable	9,750 7,376	00 63	\$2,588 279 739 24,984	27 83
Balance cash on hand			302	69
			\$28,895	19

#### ASSETS.

\$14,500 Charleston 4 per cent. Bonds, costing 5,000 Colleton 7 per cent. Bonds, costing 10,000 Marion 6 per cent. Bonds, costing 15,000 Personal Bonds, 7 per cent., costing	5,000 9,750	00 00		
7,000 Winnsboro Bonds, 7 per cent, costing	7,035 302		48,080	<b>4</b> 6
New Cottages account: \$11,000 Charleston 4 per cent Bonds State Stock Bills Receivable	2,902	53	14,819	17
			\$62,899	63

## WM. A. COURTENAY, President.

E. E. Charleston, December 31, 1891.

#### WM. ENSTON ANNUITANTS FUND.

Cash Transactions of Wm. A. Courtenay, Jno. F. Ficken and W. E. Butler, Trustees, from January 1, 1891, to December 31, 1891. (Statement No. 9.)

Jan'y.       To Interest on State Stock, January and July	\$ 7 21 10,942 00
	12,096 86 \$23,046 07
EXPENDITURES.	
To Annuities for 1891	7,550 35
To Trustees Commissions on Receipts. \$10,942 00	
To Trustees Com's on Disbursements 7,550 35	
To Trustees Com's on Disbursements 2,857 89	
\$21.350.24 at 2\frac{1}{2} %	533 76

	stees Wm. Enston Home, surplus 1891 nent Sumter Bonds	2,857 89 12,000 00
	cash on hand	104 07
		\$23,046 07
	ASSETS.	
\$113,200.00	State Stock, (South Carolina,) costing\$	115,333 42
	Charleston 4 per cent. Bonds, costing	63,487 51
12,000.00	Sumter Bonds, costing	12,000 00
7,500.00	Camden Bonds, costing	7,500 00
	Cash	104 07
\$217,700.00	\$	198,425 00

WM. A. COURTENAY, JNO. F. FICKEN, W. ENSTON BUTLER,

Trustees.

E. E. Charleston, December 31, 1891.

#### FIRE DEPARTMENT.

This department continues to be most efficient. The addition of a chemical engine would be a decided improvement. The report of the Firemasters is most elaborate, and gives in full the work of the department during the year:

# Office Board of Fire Masters, Charleston, S. C., January 1st 1892.

To the Hon. the Mayor and City Council of Charleston:

The Board of Fire Masters respectfully submit the operations of this Department for the year 1891, and its condition at this date, as contained in the annexed statements, which will show:

The force of the Department.

Condensed expenses from 1st January to 31st December, 1891.

Summary of expenses by companies from January 1st to December 31st, 1891.

Record of fires for the year 1891.

Inventory of property 31st December, 1891.

Comparative statement of property at risk, insurance and loss. FRANCIS S. RODGERS,

Chairman Board Fire Masters.

# Force of the Fire Department, December 31st, 1891

- 103 Officers and Men.
  - 7 Steam Fire Engines in service.
  - 2 Steam Fire Engines in reserve.
  - 2 Steam Fire Engines condemned.
- 8,934 Feet of Hose.
  - 2 Fuel Wagons.
  - 3 Alarm Bells, and a complete system of Fire Alarm Telegraph.
  - 2 Hook and Ladder Trucks.
  - 7 Hose Carriages.
  - 31 Horses, four of which are unfit for service.

# Condensed Expenses of the Fire Department from January 1st to December 31st, 1801.

3 ,	
Pay Roll	<del>)</del> 2
Grain and Hay for 30 Horses 3,442 5	23
Wood and Coal	)7
Oil, Waste and Supplies 141 8	36
Repairs and Improvements to Apparatus 514 9	94
Repairs and Improvements to Houses and Towers. 214	19
Repairs to Harness	)2
New Hose—500 feet Leading Hose, \$287.50; $15\frac{9}{12}$ feet	
Suction, \$59.06	56
Horse Shoeing	64
Veterinary 30 9	92
Printing and Stationery 10	50
3 Horses	00
Repairs and Improvements to Fire Alarm Tele-	
graph:	
600 Zincs, \$192.00; 50 Binding Posts, \$2.50\$194 50	
300 Coppers, \$39.00; Pins, \$3.00; Barrels and	
Freight, \$10.25 52 25	
9 Bbls. Blue Stone, 4,087 lbs. at 5½c 224 78	
50 Poles and Freight, \$89.00; Labor, 22.75 111 75	
Arms and Box Boards, \$16.35; Magnets,	
\$15,00	
Lag Bolts, Staples, Nails, Rope & Hatchet 17 53— 632	
Stable Utensils	41
INCIDENTAL EXPENSES OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
Repairs to Heaters, \$152.56; Repairs to Roof	
and Gutters, \$129.75	
Rent of Telephone, \$60.00; Saw Dust, \$60.37 120 37	
Repairs to Wagon, \$59.00; Rent of Lot, \$37.60 96 60	
Pipe Holder, \$35.00; Suction Collars, \$24 50 59 50— 558	78
	-
\$44,134	20
By Sale of 2 Horses	
By Sale of 98 feet Hose 39 20	
By Sale of 100 Brackets 4 00— 168 20	
By Sale of Old Metal 60 44	
By Sale of Manure and Bags 60 37— 120 81— 289	)1
	_
\$43,845	19

# Comparative Statement of Property at Risk, Insurance and Loss.

Years.	Number of Alarms.	Property a Risk.	Insurance.	Loss on Real Estate	Loss on Personal Property.	Total Loss.
1882	34	\$ 293,500 0	0 \$ 106,205 00	\$ 12,539 09	\$ 20,087 52	\$ 32,626 61
1883	72	1.229,885 4	1,112,350 00	50,261 19	243,699 11	
1884	43	412,163 0				
1885		394,802 1				
1886	57	431,774 4				
1887	43	1,191,577 0				
1888	35	1,256,991 8				
1889	52	941,975 0				
1890	38	521,275 0				
1891	54	1,549,725 0		12,086 50	27,928 17	40,014 67
1001		1,0 10,120 0	1,120,000 00			
	478	\$8,223,668 8	\$7,158,382 97	\$ 214,033 13	\$ 656,883 71	\$ 870,916 84

# AVERAGE FOR TEN YEARS.

Property at Risk	\$822,366 88
Insurance	
Loss on Real Estate	\$ 21,403 31
Loss on Personal Property	
Total Loss	\$ 87.091 69
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Wheelbarrows, Brooms, Shovels, Forks and Stable Utensils,	00 8 9 1 1 2 0 0 2 1 1 2 0 0 2 1 1 2 0 0 1 1 1 1	S  10    10    118   98   9266   98   98   9266   98   98   98   98   98   98   98
Galvanometers, Time Wheel and Switch Boards.	10	ha ha clo
relegraph Poles,	458	1 2 S
Repeaters.		31 3 14 hree hor during the sold, pieces of ring the ring the ring the ring the ring the ring the y
Wagons.	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	See
Miles of Wire.	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	31 du du pee
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3ongs.		19
Chairs and Tables.	14 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	. '91, 8,934 ft. 638 ft. 93 ft. 198 ft. 9,868
Horse Blankets.	იიიიიიი <u>იი</u> 101 : : : :	8,934 8,934 98 198 9,868
Sets Harness.	<u> </u>	791,
Pieces Bed Clothing.	: : : : :	845 17 25 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66
Bedsteads.	95955555	3 100 nd Dec
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Horses,		31 nd
Ladders, Rams, Hooks, &c.	34 34 34	se on
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Feet Hose.	1000 1000 1000 1000 1007 1017	7   8   8934   2   88   31   3   100   845   88   845   84
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Hose Carriages.		Servi Cond Sold Lost
Engines and Fixtures.		T NOW A
Houses and Fixtures.		1 2
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DAT	E.	TIM	Œ.	Вох	Lo	of	Occupant or Owner of
				<u> </u>		S	Personal Property
Jan.	2	11.46 p	. m.	94	S. S. Yess		Captain and Crew. Miss Etta Kelly. Various Colored Families,
Jan.	4	3.39 p	. m.	424	S. W. Cor	Filmo	Mice Ette Kelly
Jan.	13	4.55 p	. m.	513	NoMa	r rue	Various Colored Families
Jan.	14	8.24 a	. m.	313	16 Mazyc	************	D Constitute Pallines,
Jan.	14	11.37 a	. m.	524	No. 7 Wa	•••••	Cooper M. Loveely
Jan.	18	3,25 a	. m.	146	No. 3 Lin	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	George M. Lavack.
Jan.		5.30 p		74	562 King	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Dunneman & Allway.
Feb.	2	10.56 p	m.	713	Cotton Fa		Catter western Ca
Feb.	7	10.56 p 12.55 p	. m.	614	119 Smith		Cotton Factory Co.
Feb.	10	12.25 p	. m.	154	S. S. Suns		Unoccupiea.
Feb.	îĭ	10.48 p.	. m.	526	C. & S B		Captain and Crew.
Feb.	14	9.20 p	. m.	526	C & S B		Atlantic Coast Line.
Feb.	14	9.20 p 11.25 p	. m.	532	America		*** 1
Feb.	23	10.19 a	m.	343	30 Rutled		welch.
March				333	Kingand	Flue	Mrs. S. C. Black and Others.
March		9.27 p.	m.	75	S C R R		Wm. Bargamann.
		3.55 p.	m	813	60 Bogord	1	S. C. R. R. Co.
March	30	4.50 p.	m	512	Calhoun		Annie Ehney.
March		4.20 p.		363	2 Pitt Str		J. C. H. Claussen.
April	9	10.15 p.	m	552	Cor Most		W. L. & J. Smith.
April		12 25 p.		85	169 Line		F. Murphy & R. G. Dun & Co.
		8.25 p.		313	102 Line 8		Martha Ann Brown.
April	21	3.45 a.		222	17 Franki		M. Levy and Others.
April				526	17 Friend		Ross. A. Smith.
May	$\frac{1}{21}$	9.35 p. 9.20 a.	m.	55	U. & S. R.		Atlantic Coast Line.
May				1.93	44 Emzane	Flue	Howell Jones and Others.
May		5.26 p.		791			Captain and Crew. Miss Etta Kelly. Various Colored Families, P. O'Neill. George M. Lavack. Dunneman & Allway. C. L. Schmencke. Cotton ractory Co. Unoccupied. Captain and Crew. Atlantic Coast Line. """ Welch. Mrs. S. C. Black and Others. Wm. Bargamann. S. C. R. R. Co. Annie Ehney. J. C. H. Claussen. W. L. & J. Smith. F. Murphy & R. G. Dun & Co. Martha Ann Brown. M. Levy and Others. Ross. A. Smith. Atlantic Coast Line. Howell Jones and Others.
June		7.45 p.	1111.	201	S. C. R. R.		S. C. R. R. Co.
June	24	8.50 p.		125	Archdal	٩	J. E. Martin.
July		8.45 a.		710	News & Co	q	Howell Jones and Others.  S. C. R. R. Co. J. E. Martin.  News & Courier Co.  Wm. Coles.  Geo. Simmons.  W. T. Keogh and Others.  Unoccupied.  Bagging Factory Co.  Colored People.  C. Elias & Co.
July		2.48 p.		164	Cooper		Wm. Coles.
Sept.	18	2.20 p.	m.	703	16 Inspect	Ch'v	Geo. Simmons.
Oct.	8	7.22 p.	m.	505	Academy	1	W. T. Keogh and Others.
Oct.	21	2.53 p.		612	lə Alexan	9	Unoccupied.
000.		7.06 p.	m.	019	Bagging F	Yard.	Bagging Factory Co.
Oct.	25	8.47 a.	m.	496	101 King 8	Flue	Colored People.
Oct.	27	6,05 p.	m.	900	Decoratio	& Co.	Colored People, C. Elias & Co.
Oct.	27	6.47 p.					
Oct.	27	9.53 p. 1.55 a.	m.	015	101 King S	lets	I. L. Mintz.
Oct.	30	1.55 a.	m.	019	No. 1 Desp	1	Various Persons.
Oct.		1.55 a.		010	No. 2 Desp		Geo. Gregory.
Oct.		1.55 a.		010	No. 3 Desp		Wm. Bee.
Oct.		1.55 a.		015	No. 5 Desp	4	I. L. Mintz, Various Persons. Geo. Gregory. Wm. Bee. James Edwards. M Edwards. Fanny Rutledge.
Oct.		1.55 a.		019	No. 6 Desp	)	M Edwards.
Oct.	30	1.55 a.	m.	615	No. 8 Desp	4	Fanny Rutledge.
Nov.	6	7.19 p.	m.	614			- and readings.
Nov.	13	9.25 a.	m.	181	9 to 25 An	8	I. A. Goldsmith
Nov.	18	4.45 p.	m.	85 1	20 Rutled	Ch'v	Geo Lucas:
Nov.	18	5 p.	m.	351	20 Meetin	gearth	L. W. Ricaise & Co
Nov.	19	6.05 p.	m, 8	. Alarm 1	45 Meetin	9	C H Chanman
Nov.	21 1	0.06 p.	m.	131		rin	o. xx. onapman
Nov.	3	11 a.	m.	154	************	rm	***************************************
Nov.	30	6.53 a.	m.	163)		-m	***************************************
Dec.	1	9.31 a.	m.	84 i	81 St. Phi	11	Honry Fields
Dec.	5	3.15 a.	m. S	. Alarm	Palmer M	f	Pulmar Mfr. Co
Dec.	6	3.30 p	m.	135	2 Broad	3	Hibomia Covings Insti & Others
Dec.	15	5.35 p.	m.	333	Pavilion F	I logi-	Opposite Cailland and Others
Dec.	24	4.17 a	m.	333 1	4 Princes	ryios'n	Uppedebeck, Gamard and Others
Dec.	25	6.33 p	m.	363	la Regutai	That	various Persons.
Dec.	25	9.23 p.	m.	514	o Deaulai	-jet	Fanny Ruledge.  I. A. Goldsmith. Geo. Lucas. L. W. Bicaise & Co C. H. Chapman  Henry Fields Palmer Mfg. Co. Hibernia Savings Insti. & Others Oppedebeck, Gaillard and Others Various Persons. J. B. Mushington.
200.	45	L'ac L'					J. B. Mushington,

Total Number of Alarms.....

Marine Loss ....... All other Losses...

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Cells Battery.	266	118'98 8'266 7 been purchased Two horses have fift for service. 772 hing worn out du- chairs broken du-
Clocks,		S ses vic
Signal Boxes.		98 hor hor wor
.slooT	21 18 18 18 10 10 10	for for airs
Wheelbarrows. Brooms, Shovels, Forks and Stable Utensils.	10 8 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	18 10 100 118 98 8 266 7 res have been purchased e year. Two horses have being unft to service. 272 being unft to service. 272 bed clothing worn out our year. 10 chairs broken duar.
Galvanometers, Time Wheel and Switch Boards,	10	10 ha ear ng log log log log log log log log log lo
Telegraph Poles,	458	hree horses buring the year.
Repeaters.		31 3 1 46 hree hors during th been sold, pieces of ring the
Wagons.		Sees n sees the sees
Miles of Wire.	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Three durin been s pieces ring ring t
Bell Towers.	00	: m H
Gongs.	: : : o :	19
Chairs and Tables.	46 27 7 7 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	106 16 16 934 ft. 938 ft. 198 ft.
Horse Blankets.	ათთათთ <u>თთ</u>	9, 8, 25
Sets Harness.	<u> </u>	17.
Pieces Bed Clothing.	131 77 77 124 69 124 82 126 37	3 100 845   17 25   100 845   17 25   100 845   17 25   100 845
Bedsteads.	222222222	100 Dec
Hose Dryers.	- :- : :- : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	3nt
Horses.	നെ ഡ ഡ ഡ ഡ ഗ ഗ । : . ∞ : :	31 nd
Ladders, Rams, Hooks, &c.	20 88 48 02 48	88 88 88 88 88
Trucks.		4 los
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# RECORD OF FIRES FOR TWELVE MONTHS, ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1891.

DATE.	TIME.	Box	LOCATION OF FIRE.	OWNER OF REAL ESTATE.	Value of Property at Risk.	Insurance.	Loss on Real Estate.	Loss on Personal Property.	Totai ioss.	Origin of Fires,	Occupant or Owner of Personal Property
Jan. 2	11.46 p. m.	94	S. S. Yesso, I Southern Wharf	Pinckney & Sons	380,625 00	380,625 00		12,500 00	12,500 00	Unknown	Captain and Crew.
	3.39 p. m.	924	S. W. Cor. Wentworth & Smith	Miss Etta Keliy	20,000 00 1,500 00	16,000 00			55 00	Descetive Flue	Miss Etta Kelly, Various Colored Families,
Jan. 13 Jan. 14	4.55 p. m. 8,24 a. m.	313	16 Mazvek	Est. F. G. Rolando P. O'Neitl	3,000 00				150 00	l A ceident	IP O'Naill
	11,37 a. m.	524	No. 7 Washington Street	Samuel Johnson	4 (90) (8	1,000 00	300 00	300 00	600 00	Accident	George M. Lavack.
Jan. 18	3,25 a. m.	146	No. 3 Linguard Street	Dnnneman & Allway	100 00	100 00	3 00		3 00	Aecident	George M. Lavack. Dunneman & Aliway.
	5,30 p. m.	74	562 King Street	C. L. Schmencke	7,300 00						
Feb. 2	10.56 p m.	/13 #11	Cotton Factory	Cotton Factory Co	500,000 00 500 00		100 00		25 00	Accident,	Cotton Factory Co.
	12.55 p. m. 12.25 p. m.	154	S Sunching Union Wheat	Mrs. D. Riker John Wood	300,000,00			25 00	25 00	Accident	Captain and Craw
Feb. II	10.48 p. m.	526	C. & S. R. B. Vard	Atlantic Coast Line	8,000 00				1 870 00	Accident	Captain and Crew. Atlantic Coast Line.
Feb. 14	9.20 p. m.	526	C & S B R Vard	Atlantic Coast, Line	725.00	·	350 00	375 00	120 00	Accident	
Feb. 14	11.25 p. m.	532	America Street,	Weich Mrs, S, C, Black	1,500 00	1.100 00	20 60		20.001	Accident	Welch
Feb. 23	10.19 a. m.	343	30 Rutledge Street	Mrs. S. C. Black	7,200 00	6,500 00	200 00		295 00	Defective Flue	Mrs. S. C. Biack and Others.
March 3	9.27 p. in.	75	King and Princess Streets	Wm. Bargamann S. C. R. R. Co	11,000 00 525 00	5,000 00	1,500 00	50 00	50.00	Accident	Wm. Bargamann.
March 28	3.55 p. m.	813	69 Rogard Street	H. H. Knee	1,000 00	750 00	20 00	50 00	20.00	Accident	Annie Fhney
March 30	4.50 p. m.	5121	Calhoun and Mosting Streets	I C H Claussen	9 600 08					Accident	J. C. H. Clanssen
March 31	4.20 p. m.	363	3 Pitt Street	J. D. Easterling J. C. H. Clausseu Martha Ann Brown Mrs. T. Levey	5,750 00	4,400 00	1,250 00	621 00	1,871 00	Accident	J. C. H. Clanssen. W. L. & J. Smith. F. Murphy & R. G. Dun & Co.
April 2	10.15 p. m.	552	Cor. Meeting and Market	J. C. H. Clausseu	41,000 00				120 00	Accident	F. Mnrphy & R. G. Dun & Co.
April 9	12 25 p. m.	213	162 Line Street	Martha Ann Brown	800 00	500 00	7 50		7 50	Accident	Marilia Anu Brown.
April 10	8,25 p. m. 3,45 a. m.	222	17 Franklin Stieet	R. W. L. Lawton	8,000 00	5,000 00	10 00 675 00		1 075 00	Hoknown	Martha Anu Brown. M. Levy and Others. Ross, A. Smith. Atlantic Coast Line. Howell Jones and Others.
May 1	9.35 p. m.	526	C. & S. R. R. Vard	Atlantic Coast Line	5,000,00	3,000 07	079 (0)	300 00	300 00	Accident.	Atlantic Coast Line
May 21	9.20 a. m.	55	H Elizabeth Street.	Atlantic Coast Line Mrs. Ann R. Robinson	1.000 00		5 00		5 00	Defective Fine	Howell Jones and Others
	5.26 p. m.									Chimney	
June 5	7.45 p. m.	721	S. C. R. R. Work Shop Line St	S, C. R. R. Co T. J. Williams	35,000 00	35,000 00		25 00	25 00	Accident	S. C. R. R. Co.
June 24	8.50 p. m. 8.45 a. m.	124	Archdale Street	T. J. Williams	1,950 00 15,000 00	1,000 00					
Jniy 6' July 16 i	2.48 p. m.	710	News & Courier Office, Broad St	News & Courier Co Wm. Coles	10,000 00	10,000 00	10 00		20.00	Accident	News & Courier Co. Wm. Coles.
Sept. 18	2.20 p. m.	164	16 Inspection Street	I H Schwekie	600 00	500.00	10 00	10 00	10 00	Sparks fm Ch'y	Geo Simmons
Oct. 8	7.22 p. m. 2,53 p. m.	333	Academy of Music	J. H. Schwekie Est, Jno. E. Owens	40,000 00				161 00	Accident	W. T. Keogh and Others.
Oct. 21	2,53 p. m.	020	5 Alexander Street	P. Collins	500 00	500 00	6 00		6 00	Accident	Unocennied
Oct. 21	7.06 p. m. 8.47 a. m.	909	Bagging Factory	Bagging Factory Co					05.00	Trash in Yard	Bagging Factory Co.
Oct. 25	6,05 p. m.	436	101 King Street	E. W. Lewith	4,000 00					Dec. Elias & Co.	Colored People,
Oet. 27	6.47 p. m.	323	Arch Broad and Fing Streets				***************************************			Areh Broad & K	C. Ellas & Co.
Oct. 27	9.53 p. m.	010	iol King Street.	I. L. Mintz	16.000 00	10.000.00	15 00		15 00	Sky Rockets	I. L. Mintz.
Oet 30	1,55 a. ni.	010	No. 1 Desportes Court	Ias. Wigfall	400 00		400 00	25 00	425 00	Unknown	Varlous Persons.
Oct. 30	1.55 a. m.	615	No. 2 Desportes Court	Geo, Gregory	400 00	300.00	300 00		400 00	Unknown	Geo. Gregory.
Oct. 30	1.55 a. m.	645	No. 3 Desportes Court	lane Fletcher	705 00				350.00	Unknown	Wm. Bee.
Oct. 30 Oct. 30	1.55 a. m. 1.55 a. m.	615	No. 5 Desportes Court	J. Edwards	600 00 100 00	500 00 100 00		100.00	400 00	Unknown	James Edwards.
Det. 30	1.55 a. m.	615	No. 8 Desportes Court	J. Edwards	1 000 00	100 00	200 00		200 00	Unknown	M Edwards, Fanny Rutledge,
Nov. 6	7.19 p. m.				4,000					Chimney	
Nov. 13	9.25 a. m.	181	9 to 25 Anson Street	l. A. Goldsmith	24,800 00	18,000 (K)	2,600.00	6,300 00:	5,900 00:	Accident	1. A. Goldsmith
Nov. 18	4.45 p. m.				500 00	250 00			25 00	Sparks fin Ch'y	Geo. Lucas.
Nov. 18	6 p. m. s	Alarm	20 Meeting Street	Robt. McCarreil	10,000 00 5,000 00	4,000 00			1 210 00	Der uve Hearth	L. W. Bleaise & Co C. H. Chapman
Nov 21	0.00 p. m.	131	115 Meeting Street	H. J. Moroso	5,000 00	3,500 00	400 00		1,010 00	Faise Alarm	C. H. Chapman
Nov. 3	10.06 p. m. 11 a. m.	194								False Aiarm	
Nov. 30	6.53 a. m.	163)								Fillse Alarm	
Dec. 1	9.31 a. m.	84]]	81 St. Philip Street	Mrs. C. D. Bateman	500:00	300 00	130 00	50 00	180-00	Accident	Henry Fields
	3.15 n. m. S.				40,000 00				1,550 00	Accident	Palmer Mfg. Co.
Dec. 6 Dec. 15	3.30 p. m. 5.35 p. m.	333	Broad Street	Hibernian Savings Institution F. Oppedebeck	10,000 00 17,000 00	E 000 00	20 00				Hibernia Savings Insti. & Othe Oppedebeck, Gaillard and Othe
Dec. 24	4.17 a. m.	333	I Princes Street	J. D. Kennedy	1.350.00	1,300,00	20 00	10.00	10 00	Lamp	Various Persons
	6.33 p. m.	363	8 Beautain Street	Methodist Episcopal Church	1.200 00	2,000 00		10 00		Sky Rocket	Various Persons. J. B. Mushington.
Dec. 25	9,23 p. m.	514			2,200 00					False Alarm	
						\$ 1,420,350 00					

Total Number of Alarms......54.



Summary of Expenditures of the Fire Department by Companies, from January 1st to December 31st, 1891.

.faloT	83,384 4,5191 99 4,516 41 4,516 128 4,602 17 4,607 10 6,607 10 7,23 42 1,723 42 1,723 42 1,733 42 1,635 67 1,845 67
Incidental.	558 78 8558 78
Repairs and Telegraph.	632 16
House and Stable Utensils,	33.33 13.33 13.33 13.33 13.33 14.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23 16.23
Horses,	725 00
Printing and Stationery.	2 10 50
Veterinary.	888 888 100 101 123 133 123 123 123 124 125 127 127 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128
Horse Shoeing.	* \$300 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83
New Hose.	59 06 59 06 287 50
Repairs to Harness.	17 15 17 15 4 99 6 89 6 89 6 17 17 25 1 70 5 07
st'mevorem'ts and Improvem'ts.	17 115 17 115 19 109 19 109 19 109 10 109
Repairs and Improve- ments to Apparatus.	20 10 20 30 20 30 20 30 20 30 20 3
Oll, Waste and Supplies.	\$15.71 26.57.77 29.92 9.92 14.33 18.18 6.84 6.84 8.84 18.66 19.74
Wood and Coal.	01 02:
.928го	\$414 38 856 37 856 37 875 58 874 5 58 874 5 58 874 6 99 83,442 28 83,442 28
Pay Roll.	\$3,384 96 4,019 52 4,007 70 4,008 53 4,018 63 4,017 63 4,017 02 8,360 00 879 96
	Chief, Assist's and Clerk 4,019 52 5414 38 Engine No. 2 4,007 70 556 87 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67

By Sale of 2 Horses, &c	.   <del>6</del>
of 2 Horses, &c	
By Sale	

# POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The faithful and intelligent work of the head of this department speaks for itself. His long connection with the police force (extending over twenty years) and familiarity with the service. coupled with his high, personal character, has produced the best results. Though extra policemen had to be employed, owing to sickness, the expenses of the department were kept within the appropriation, and there was a balance to its credit of \$1,784.76 at the end of the year.

## ANNUAL REPORT OF CHIEF OF POLICE.

CENTRAL STATION OFFICE CHIEF OF POLICE, CHARLESTON, S. C., January, 1892.

To the Honorable the Mayor and City Council of the City of Charleston:

I respectfully submit my Fifth Annual Report as Chief of Police for the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1891.

The force has been maintained during the year at its full strength, viz:

One Chief.
Three Lieutenants.
One Electrician.
Two Orderly Sergeants.

Four Line Sergeants. Three Detectives. Eighty Privates. Two Gate Sentinels.

Two Daymen.
Three Drivers.

During the latter part January, and up to the 15th February, the Police force suffered from a serious attack of LaGrippe, placing on an average twenty Policemen on the sick list from that cause alone. Eight special Police were added to the roll, doing duty to February 15th, and paid from the Police appropriation; since then the health of the

Department until December was very good, when the force was again afflicted from the same cause.

I regret to report, that on the night of October 11th, Private Eanes was shot and killed by Private Quinlivan; also report the death of Private Leddy, one of the oldest and most esteemed members of the force, at his residence, October 31st.

Twenty privates and three drivers were discharged for cause, and twenty-two privates resigned. The vacancies were filled as they occurred.

The city has been exceptionally quiet the past year. The total number of arrests for all causes was 3,301, a slight increase over the previous year.

Amount of fines imposed	88,331 00	Paid\$4,605 00
Amount of fines imposed in 1890	7.551 00	Paid 4,346 50
		1
Increase	\$780 00	\$259 50

The Police, Signal and Telephone Service has been kept up, and maintained very economically and its efficiency improved.

During the year one extra Police Telephone box was placed at the corner of Line and Payne streets, costing for box, extra wire, poles and labor, \$200.

Sections 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470 and 471 of the City Ordinances, as ratified by Council February 10th, 1891, was practically put into force on Monday, March 9th, and discontinued April 9th, during which time 104 dogs were captured and disposed of as follows; 79 killed, 24 redeemed, 1 escaped.

On June 1st an order was given to re-open the Dog Pound. Every effort was made to obtain a suitable dog catcher, by advertisement and otherwise. No one could be induced to accept the position. In consequence the pound was closed; and no further action taken, except to Section 470, which has been enforced to the present time.

Great improvements have been made to the quarters, by

making closets for clothing, the whole building kept in repair, and everything paid for out of the appropriation for the Department, and leaving a balance to credit of \$1,784.76 on December 31st, 1891.

Yours respectfully,

JOSEPH GOLDEN,

Chief of Police.

Report of the Chief of Police to the Honorable Mayor and City Council of Charleston, showing the Number of Persons Arrested in the City of Charleston during the Year Ending December 31st, 1891, and the cause of their arrest.

Amount of Fines imposed at Police Court.  Amount of Fines Paid byPrisoners  Amount paid to		mount of For- eitures deducted rom pay of Po-	lost time	mount of Fines imposed on Po- lice for violation	n Q
id Fi Fi	ľ	T DE	£ .	<u> </u>	ಜಜ್ಞ
mount of Fi imposed at lice Court. mount of Fi aid byPrison	.: l	of ledu 7	lice for lost t	# _ :	Rules a gulations.
t ou	Treasurer	2 2 2 2 2		t og r	at
	ng	re r	Į.	म ००५	
mou limpou mou mou mou mou mou mou mou mou mou m	ea		e e	$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} a_j$	Reg
Amount of Findonsed at lice Court.  Amount of Findonsed at Amount of Findonsed at Management of Findonse Paid by Prison Amount paid	<b>j</b> 1	Amount feitures from pa	≝ I.	Amount of imposed lice for vid	OM
1st quarter   \$1,456 00 \$ 902 00 \$ 90	2 00 8	§ 718			42 25
	8 00		90		18 50
3d "	2   00	181	19		11 50
4th "	3 00	384	54		3 25
\$8,331 00 \$ 4,605 00 \$4,60	5 00	\$1.549	79	 \$'	75 50
	1		1		
	WH	ITES	COL	ORED	,
OFFERMATIO					Total Arrests
OFFENCES.		Females		Females	Total
	leg	na	e	na	P-1
· ·	Males	-3-	Males	J-g-	
Applied for Lodgings	30		3		1 35
Assault	27		127		171
Assault, Aggravated	8	3	49		62
Assault with intent to kill			2		2
Arrested on Telegram	2		4		6
Breach of the Peace	40	_	107	86	237
Breach of Trust	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			1 7
Burglary and Larceny			$\frac{7}{10}$		10
Burglar Killed			10		10
Careless Driving	8		26		34
Carrying Concealed Weapons	9		21		30
Car Breaking and Larceny			6		6
Cruelty to Animals	2		2		4
Disorderly House		3		9	12
Disorderly Conduct	149		430	138	761
Died Suddenly Drunk	$\frac{4}{201}$		$\begin{vmatrix} 7\\54 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	13 272
Drunk and Disorderly	238		250	67	577
Escaped Convicts	200	22	1	0.	1 1
Exposing the Person	5		$\frac{1}{2}$		7
Found Sick	48	2	51	6	107
Found Injured	18		40	2	60
Found Dead	6		5	1	12
Found Drowned	3	•••••	7		10
Firing Crackers, Guns and Pistols	20	•••••	19	2	41
Forgery	1		•••••		1

# Number of Persons Arrested and Causes of Arrest—Continued.

•	wHI	TES	COLO	RED	zα
OFFENCES.		702			Total Arrests
OFFEROES,	202	Females	20	Females	L'C
	Males	ä	lle	m	, A
	M	Fe	Males	Fe	
Foundlings			1	1	1
Gambling			20		20
Grand Larceny	12	3	43	9	67
Highway Robbery	1		6		7
House Breaking and Larceny		••••	2		2
Interfering with an Officer	13	•••••	8	1	22
Indecent AssaultInsane	5	3	3 14	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{4}{24}$
Larceny	15		194	33	$\frac{24}{243}$
Larceny of Live Stock	1		6	00	6
Lodged for Safe Keeping	8	2	12	3	25
Lodged as Witnesses			32	11	48
Lodged on Warrant	11		. 47	3	61
Lodged on Order of Coroner			2	4	6
Lodged as a Deserter	4				4
Lost Children	3	2	3	1	9
Malicious Mischief	2	•••••	5	• • • • • •	7
Malicious Trespass	9		1	•••••	1 1
MurderRape	4	• • • • • • •	11	•••••	13
Surrendered to Police	1		1		2
Suicide	5	2		1	8
Suicide, Attempted	3	2			5
Swindling	2		4		6
Trespass	15	1	35	2	53
Vagrancy	42		27	2	71
Wife Beating			2		$\frac{2}{12}$
Allowing Dog to run at Large and Bite	$\frac{5}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	10	10	17
Allowing Chimney to take Fire	16	4	7 16	19	$\begin{vmatrix} 30 \\ 32 \end{vmatrix}$
Reported by Health Inspector	3	2	10		5
Posting Bills without a License	1				1
Running a Game of Chance	1				Î
Keeping Saloon open on Sunday	2		1		3
Peddling without a License	1				1
Refusing to pay for having Chimney Swept Allowing Horse to Bark Trees			1	3	4
Allowing Horse to Bark Trees	1		1		2
Violation of Ord. in regard to Privy Vaults		1	1	1	3
Running a Sailors Bd'g H'se without License Running vehicles on Stolen Licenses			$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\1 \end{vmatrix}$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$
Obstructing the street with Builders' Material	1		1		1
Driving loaded Drays through King street		,	1		1
Putting out Garbage on Sunday	1		ļ		î
Selling Fish without a License			1		Ĩ
Total	998	112	1754	437	3301
		-			

# Number of Persons Arrested and Causes of Arrest-Continued.

	WH	ITES	COL	ORED	
SENTENCES.	Males	Females	Males	Females	Total Arrests
	Ma	Fe	Ma	Fe	
Dismissed	385	47	442	138	
Sent to Jail	300	26	761		
Sent to Trial Justice	123	10	284	51	
Sent to Hospital	72	5	103		
Delivered to warrant	13		42		
Delivered to Parents	5	1	2	3	
Delivered to Officer			2		
Delivered to Sheriff of Berkeley	1				
Referred to Coroner	19	1	44	15	
Referred to Old Folks Home			1	$^{2}$	
Bail Forfeited	79	21	72	25	
Let the Dog be Killed			1		
Referred to Italian Consul	1				
Fined		1			
Total	998	112	1754	437	3301

# Police Signal and Telephone Service.

	Times	Distance	Miles
Calls sent in by policemen 90,774		1	1
Arrests made by wagon			
Alarms responded to by wagon	1.838	Distance	3,384
Wagon sent to jail with prisoners	260	66	520
Wagon sent to hospital with prisoners	146	66	292
Wagon sent to Trial Justice with prison'r's	142	46	284
Wagon sent with sergeant and squad to			
fires	46	66	102
Wagon sent with relief squad	1,328	66	11,060
Wagon sent on special duty	61	"	160
m			
Total		·····	12,802
T) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			0.04=
Prisoners brought in by Wagon	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	. 2,317
Reported cases		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 238
Vagrancy			. 71
Brought in by Policemen			
			0,0
77 4 1			0.007
Total	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 3,301

In addition to the above the following property was recovered:

One overcoat, 1 receipt book, 1 gold watch, valued at \$300, 2 shirts, 1 pistol, 2 valuable shepherd dogs, a lot of clothing and other articles, 5 bbls. merchandise, 1 light colored overcoat and umbrella, 1 gold watch, 1 gold sleeve button, 1 dressing case, 2 silver pitchers, 1 razor, 2 clocks, 1 glove, 1 overcoat, 1 bunch keys, twenty-three 50 dollars currency, 2 ploughs, 1 Spanish poodle dog, 1 bag of potatoes, 1 gold bracelet, 1 dress, 1 kid glove, 1 saddle cloth, 1 cow, 1 silver watch and chain 1 nickel watch and chain, 1 violin, 1 guitar, 2 tambourines, 1 fife, 2 mouth organs, 1 triangle, 4 masks, 1 drum, lot of cloth, twenty-three dollars in money and other property amounting in all to \$295, 2 pistols, 1 nickel watch, 1 pistol, 1 hat, 1 gold ring, 1 cow, 1 pistol, 2 geranium pots, 1 belt, 1 dirk, 1 pistol, 1 straw hat, 1 pair shoes, 1 pair sleeve buttons valued at \$40, 1 pistol, 1 piece of meat, 1 diamond stud, 1 gold watch, 2 valuable dogs, a deposit book on Miners' and Merchants Bank, 1 walking cane, 1 pair shoes, 1 shirt, 1 coat and neck tie, 1 gold watch, 1 pistol, 2 gold watches, 2 gold chains, 1 lot of clothing, 2 umbrellas, 1 rubber coat, 1 hat, 1 pin, 1 satchel and contents, 3 sleeve buttons, 1 satchel and contents, 1 gold watch, 2 gold rings, 1 gold ring, 2 silver watches, 4 bbls. beef, 1 silver watch, 1 Whitehall boat, a valise containing samples, 1 stirrup and strap, 2 straw hats, 1 piece of lead pipe, 1 watch and chain, 1 coat, 1 black setter dog, 1 breastpin, 1 pistol, 1 pair spectacles, 1 tricycle, 1 silver watch and gold chain, 1 pair pants, 1 vest, 1 pair suspenders, 1 handkerchief, 1 buggy rug, 2 boxes cigars, lot of lace goods and 2 pair silk hose, 1 gold ring, 3 bags cotton, 6 cans lard, 1 silk umbrella, 1 valise and contents, hair brushes, combs, articles to toilet silver match box, 10 hens, 9 head of cattle, 1 valuable red setter bitch, 3 sacks corn, 1 empty trunk, 1 rooster, 1 pistol, 3 keys, 1 toilet set, 1 silver stand, 1 gold ring, 1 lamp, 1 crumb cloth, 2 glasses, 1 large lamp and shade, 1 key with ring, 2 gold rings, 1 pistol, 4 cents from boys gambling, 2

pairs shoes, 1 glass clock, 5 pairs shoes, 1 silver pitcher, 1 silver cup, 5 silver tea spoons, 2 pistols, lot of bread tickets, watch and chain and keys, 1 pair spectacles, 1 valise and satchel, 4 pairs shoes, 2 hats, 1 quart measure, 1 pistol, 3 geese, 2 planes, 1 saw, a valuable collie dog, 2 pairs leggings, 1 large lamp, letter containing money order, 2 lounges, 1 gold watch, 2 keys, 1 gold chain, lot of old iron, 1 large piece of rope, 1 axe, 1 silver watch, 1 key, 96 plugs of tobacco and 3 pieces of meat.

The whole valued at ......\$775 00

Found open and owners and occupants notified or watched by the police, 65 stores, 37 offices, 8 banks, 1 Merchant's Exchange, 7 barber shops, 1 fruit store, 1 hotel, 2 warehouses, 2 saloons, 3 mattress factories, 2 stalls in the market, 1 bakery, Orphan House Chapel and 1 green grocery.

Found running at large and disposed of as required by City Ordinance, 18 horses, 12 mules, 36 cows, 6 mules and drays, 9 horses and buggies, 2 goats and 4 sheep.

Twenty two dogs, I horse and I mule were killed by the police.

Fifty-three alarms of fire were attended by the police.

STATEMENT OF CHARGES PREFERRED AGAINST MEMBERS OF THE FORCE, THE DISPOSITION OF CHARGES, ETC.

CHARGES.		DISCHARGED.	RESIGNED
Conduct unbecoming an officer	6 priva	tes 3	3
Neglect of duty	6 "	3	3
Asleep on Post	2 "	2	
Continued absence	2 "	2	
Being under the influence of			
liquor	20 "	10	9
Resigned without charges	7	•••	7
Neglect of duty	3 Driv	ers 3	•••
Killed on Duty	1 Priv	ate	•••
Died		•••	•••
			_
Total	48		
Suspended			1

Appointed 31 Privates and 3 Drivers. 14 Privates were reinstated.

CHAS. LIEBENROOD,

Orderly Sergeant.

I certify that the foregoing is a correct report as per Recorder's Morning Reports.

JOSEPH GOLDEN, Chief of Police.

## PLEASURE GROUNDS.

These grounds are in reasonable good condition. White Point Garden needs more attention. The roadway on East and South Batteries should be improved with some pavement not easily blown away by the high winds which have free sweep in that locality.

# REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS MARION SQUARE.

Charleston, S. C., January 1st, 1892.

To the Honorable the Mayor and City Council:

I have the honor to submit the following Statement of expenditures for work, implements, &c., used in the care for Marion Square during the year 1891.

Appropriations	\$520 00
Paid Jules Lavergne, Keeper, 3 months\$ 99 99	·
Paid Wm. Baker, Keeper, 9 months 300 01	
Paid Roessler & Son, Tools	
Paid Wm. Baker, 1 Whet-Rock 10	
Paid C. P. Poppenheim, Tools and Implement 97 50	
Balance not expended 19 30	
\$520 00	\$520 00

Respectfully submitted,

ASBURY COWARD,

Chairman Commissioners of Marion Square.

# REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS COLONIAL COMMON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 1st, 1892.

Hon. John F. Ficken, Mayor City of Charleston:

DEAR SIR:—The Board of Commissioners of Colonial Common and Ashley River Embankment, beg leave to submit the following report for year ending Dec. 31, 1891:

Amounts received during the year 1891, through City Treas-		
urer from P. P. Toale, on account rent	\$300	00
Amount received from sale condemned boats	11	25
Total receipts	\$311	25

# Amounts expended during year 1891:

Amount paid out for labor during the year cutting grass,	
cleaning walks, &c., &c\$280	22
Amount paid for trees, &c	95

Total amount expended......\$297 17

Balance to credit of Board January 1, 1892...... 14 08

Very respectfully,

C. A. CHISOLM, Chairman C. C. & A. R. Embank't.

## UPPER WARDS.

CHARLESTON, S. C., February 2, 1892.

Hon. John F. Ficken, Mayor:

DEAR SIR:—The following statement of receipts and expenditures for Pleasure Grounds, Upper Wards, for the past year, is respectfully submitted on behalf of the Committee:

Amount of appropriations	\$500 00
Paid for repairs, trees, shell, &c\$187 10	
Paid for labor, care of grounds. &c 308 24	495 34
To 1	
Balance turned into City Treasury	\$ 4 66

# HENRY L. CADE, Chairman.

# PUBLIC MARKETS.

# MARKET HALL, CHARLESTON, S. C., December 31st, 1891.

# To the Commissioners of Public Markets:

GENTLEMEN:—In accordance with law, I hereby submit a statement of the transactions of this office from January 1st, 1891 to December 31st, 1891:

Collections from Fish and Vegetables	\$2,195	80
" Centre Beef and Pork Markets		
" Upper Market	980	25
" Weights and Measures		33
" Scale fees		23
" Mount Pleasant Ferry Co		04
" Fish Licenses		
" Ice House Rent Upper Market		
" Hall Rent		
" Flag-stones sold to City		
" Fines		
1 11105		
Total	\$7,680	85
EXPENDITURES.		
Freight and Wharfage on Flag-stones	\$ 107	10
Wages to Hands		
Repairs		
Sundry Expenses		
City Treasurer		
Olly licasurer	0,240	-
Total	\$7,680	85

T. B. McSWINEY, Chief Clerk Markets.

# PORT OF CHARLESTON.

The tonnage arrivals have increased one hundred thousand tons over the year 1890, and since 1887 has been most marked.

In 1888 there were 799 arrivals with a tonnage of 590,602 In 1889 there were 850 arrivals with a tonnage of 736,207 In 1890 there were 927 arrivals with a tonnage of 844,536 In 1891 there were 952 arrivals with a tonnage of 948,875

#### HARBOR-MASTER'S REPORT.

Office of Harbor-Master. Charleston, S. C., January 2nd, 1892.

Hon. John F. Ficken, Mayor and Chairman, ex-officio Board of Harbor Commissioners, Charleston, S. C.:—

DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to submit the accompanying report of the arrivals of Vessels at this Port for the year ending December 31st, 1891.

Yours Respectfully,

JAMES ARMSTRONG,

Harbor Master,

No. 1.

MONTHS.	Steamers.	Schooners.	Barks.	Brigs.	Tonnage.	Nationality.
January	25	44		1	69,582	United States
February	24	40	1	$egin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	62,606	United States
March	25	42	1	2	67,134	United States
April	26	31	1		63,495	United States
May	25	36	1	2.	63,113	United States
June	25	. 40		1	65,492	United States
July	26	20		1	60,541	United States
August	27	40		$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$		United States
September	24	36				United States
October	28	48		1 2 1 2		United States
November	28			1		United States
December	24	32		$\bar{2}$		United States
2 00222002						C ZZZZZZ Z ZGWOO
Totals	307	433	6	17	785,962	

No. 2.

MONTHS.	Steamers.	Schooners.	Barks.	Brigs.	Tonnage.	Nationality.
January	12		$\frac{1}{2}$		15,970	British.
February	6	1	2	1	9,488	British.
March	8				10,526	British.
April	4				5.128	British.
May	1					British.
June	1					British.
July					-,	
August	4				4.261	British.
September	6					British.
October	22				31,018	British.
November	22	1		1		British.
December	4					British.
Totals	90	2	3	2	119,327	-

# No. 3.

MONTHS.	Steamers.	Schooners.	Barks.	Brigs.	Tonnage.	Nationality.
Longony			1		497	German.
January			1	•••••		
January			1	1		Norwegian. Spanish.
			3	. 1		Italian.
February		•••••	4	1		Italian.
			7	2		Spanish.
February			1	ī		Swedish.
February			1			Austrian
February	1		î			German.
February			1			Norwegian.
March			2			Norwegian.
March			$\overline{2}$			Spanish.
March			ī			German.
March			ī			Austrian.
March			1		418	Italian
April			1		442	Italian.
April			1	1		Spanish.
April			2			Danish.
April			3			Norwegian.
April			1		438	German.
May			1		389	German.
May			2		634	Norwegian.
May			1	1	713	Italian.
June			4	1	2,053	Italian.
June			1		366	German.
June			. 1			Norwegian.
July			2			Italian.
August			3			Italian.
August			1			Norwegian.
September	1		1			Norwegian.
September			1			Italian.
September			1			German.
October			3			German
October	1					Spanish.
October	2	• • • • • •	2			Norwegian.
October			1	1		Italian.
November	1		1			Italian.
			3		1,318	Norwegian.
		•••••	2	2		Spanish.
November	1	•••••	1			Danish.
December		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	1,107	Spanish. Italian.
December		•••••	$\frac{2}{4}$		4 100	Norwegian.
December	2	•••••	1			Swedish.
December	•••••	•••••	1			German.
December			1			GOI HIGH
Totals	Q		69	15	43,586	
Totals	0		00	. 10	10,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Making a total of 162,913 tons Foreign.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT ARCHER.

Office of the Superintendent of City Public Schools, Charleston, December 31st, 1891.

To the Honorable the City Board of Public School Commissioners:

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to submit herewith my report of the operations of your Schools for the year just ended:

Number of Pupils enrolled	5,237
Number of Pupils re-admitted	584
Number of Pupils withdrawn	686
Number of Pupils on register to date	
Net gain on enrollment of 1890	26

The average daily attendance of pupils was as follows:

Bennett School, Mr. Clement, Principal	756
Courtenay School, Mr. Finger, Principal	732
Crafts School, Mr. Seabrook, Principal	718
Memminger School, Miss Simonton, Principal	234
Morris Street School, Mr. Hill, Principal	,274
Shaw School. Mr. Carroll, Principal	
Total	1 722

Average per centage of daily attendance, 92.

The average percentage of daily attendance for 1890 was 94.

The average daily attendance for the past year was, therefore, two per cent. less, and is accounted for by sickness. The attendance of the teachers, I am sorry to report, was very much interfered with, by the prevailing influenza.

During the year there were 63 days of absence, but in no case were the classes dismissed, nor the work of the schools suspended. The services of the extra teachers were called

into immediate requisition, and the interests of the pupils were in no wise prejudiced.

The practical experience obtained by the extra teachers during their temporary employment was of great value to them, since it qualified many for positions subsequently filled, and enabled the Board to obtain skilled and well trained teachers for their schools. I find from the reports of other cities, that these extra teachers, or supernumeraries as they are called elsewhere, are required to report daily to the office of the Superintendent, and to remain there till midday, subject to call. Should their services not be needed, they spend the remainder of the day's session at some school in their District, and improve their time by observing the methods pursued. The arrangement is a good one, and I respectfully recommend its adoption here.

I take pleasure in saying, that the work done during the past year was creditable alike to pupils and teachers. Many of the boys, on the completion of their course at the grammar schools, entered the High School of Charleston, or the Porter Academy, and, from what I can learn, are holding their own in classes of large and intelligent membership. The girls, with but a few exceptions, after leaving the grammar grades, entered the Memminger High School, and are pursuing their studies with a view to graduation in due course of time.

The Commencement Exercises of this excellent School were held in July, and diplomas were presented to the graduates by the Chairman of the Board. The honors of the class of 1891 were won by Miss Ellen Frost Hayne, and the "Mitchell" prize for composition by Miss Gertrude E. Burges.

It is with sincere regret that I report the death of Miss Caroline C. Harbers, the estimable and efficient principal of the Girls' Department of the Bennett School. Miss Harbers was a typical teacher of the "old school;" earnest, pains-taking, and conscientious; she did her work thoroughly, and was opposed to change merely for the sake of change. Her connection with the school dates as far back

as March, 1858, when she entered the St. Philip Street School as the sixth assistant teacher in the Primary Department. On the 27th of February, 1860, she was promoted to the position of third assistant teacher in the Boys' Department, where she taught most acceptably till February, 1861. In December of that year she was transferred to the Friend Street School, and taught the second class in its Boys' Department till the destruction of the school house by fire.

At the opening of the schools in January, 1867, she was unanimously elected the first assistant teacher in the Boys' Department of the Bennett School, and in September of the same year was promoted to the principalship of the Girls' Department—a position which she held with credit to the day of her death. With but two exceptions she had been longest in the service of the schools, having taught for thirty-three years. She is dead, but she yet speaketh in the lives and example of those whom she taught.

On the evening of the 2d of December, the last monthly meeting of the Board was held, and in fitting recognition of the zeal and fidelity of your Chairman, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, it is proper, when opportunity offers, for the public, of itself or through its representatives, to give substantial evidence of its appreciation of those whose services have redounded to the weal of the people; and whereas, the Hon Charles H. Simonton, the distinguished Chairman of this Board, whether as a private citizen, legislator, jurist or School Commissioner, has done good and faithful service for this city and for his State, and particularly in the cause of Education; Be it, therefore,

"Resolved, That in consideration of Judge Simonton's "eminent services, and as a sign, though not the measure "of the estimate in which they are held by the City Board "of Public School Commissioners, the school heretofore "known as the Morris Street School be named, designated, "and hereafter known as the Simonton School."

The Morris street school house was the only remaining one of the six school buildings which bore the name of the street on which it was situated, and the change of name was both timely and appropriate.

In concluding this report, I beg to thank the members of the Board who will retire from office at the end of their term—Commissioners Hamett, Olney and O'Driscoll—for their uniform courtesy and kindness during the past four years. To the remaining members I also tender my grateful acknowledgments.

Respectfully,

HENRY P. ARCHER,

Superintendent City Public Schools.

# HIGH SCHOOL OF CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 21, 1892.

To his Honor the Mayor, and the City Council of Charleston:

Gentlemen:—It gives me great pleasure to hand you herewith the admirable report of Mr. Dibble, Principal of the High School of Charleston.

I heartily endorse the views of the Report, especially the part bringing to the attention of our community the necessity of a building for carrying on the work with still greater success for the welfare of education in our midst.

The very large number of pupils in attendance is the best evidence of the advantages the School offers, and we hope in a few years to have a well adapted structure to satisfy the increased interest taken by our people in the mental culture of their children.

With great respect,

JULIAN MITCHELL,

President of the Trustees of the High School of Charleston.

# CHARLESTON, January 20, 1892.

The President and Trustees of High School of Charleston:
Gentlemen:—The attendance at the School for the several sessions of the past year has been as follows:

## JANUARY 5 TO MARCH 31.

First Class	15	Pupils.
Second Class		16
Third Class	30	66
Fourth Class	55	4.4
Preparatory Class	21	66
Total14	12	

#### APRIL 1 TO JUNE 26.

First Class	15	Pupils.
Second Class	21	**
Third Class	24	4.4
Fourth Class	54	66
Preparatory Class	19	46
-		
Total	133	66

#### OCTOBER 5 TO DECEMBER 31.

First Class	13	Pupils.
Second Class	17	16
Third Class	44	"
Fourth Class	89	"
Preparatory Class	20	44
<u> </u>		
Total	183	46

The large increase in the enrollment of pupils for the session ending December 31, the first of the present school year, is very gratifying. Only once before since the reorganization of the school, (after the earthquake, when most of the schools in the city were closed for a time,) has the attendance been as large. I have reason to believe that we will be able to retain a larger proportion than usual of our accessions, and if so we may confidently expect that the school will soon pass beyond the highest enrollment ever reached

In consequence of the large number in the fourth class, it became necessary to divide the class into three sections,

and an addition to the Faculty of the school was determined upon. The Trustees were fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Robert V. Royall, of Mount Pleasant, a teacher who has had an extended experience in the school room. Mr. Royall's work with us has been chiefly in the preparatory class, and the progress and attainments of his pupils show his ability and painstaking industry.

Through all the classes of the school, and in every department of study, good work is being done. The monthly averages of the classes have, in almost every instance, been above those of past years, and the examinations this year, both mid-year and final, will show very satisfactory results

attained by the pupils of the school.

In this connection it affords me pleasure to speak of the thorough preparation of most of those who came to us after having completed the course of study at the Public Schools. The section of the fourth class to which these were assigned, is probably the best that we have ever had, and the intelligence and earnestness of the boys composing it, are a practical tribute to the faithfulness of their former teachers, and render easy and pleasant the work of those now in charge of them.

At the Commencement, held June 26, fourteen members of the first class, having met the requirements for graduation, were awarded diplomas. Their names are as follows: Messrs Charles P. Aimar, Jr., Matt. B. Barkeley, Levin Brown, Thos. W. Carroll, Virgil C. Dibble, Jr., Wm. L. Erckmann, Frank L. Frost, Jr., Frederick Geddings, Henry F. Hayne, C. Julian Huguenin, Jr., Wm. O'D. Langley, Thomas G. Prioleau, C. Eugene Welling, Geo. W. Witte, Jr. No. class graduating from the school has ever given as general satisfaction to their teachers as this class, and if the young gentlemen composing it show as much fixedness of purpose and steadiness of application in the future, as during their school days, they will achieve large success in their life work. Seven of the graduates are at Charleston College. and doing well; four are at other colleges; the others have entered business.

The Peabody medals were won by Messrs. Henry F. Hayne, of the first class—next in merit, Levin Brown—and Claude Burckmyer, of the second class—next in merit, Lewis M. Hamlin. These young gentlemen had, in their respective classes, acquitted themselves very handsomely, and their record as students showed them fully worthy of the honor conferred upon them. The Hon, W. A. Courtenay, a Trustee of the School and also a Trustee of the Peabody Education Fund, presented the medals.

There was awarded also, at the Commencement, the Ferguson Colcock Conduct Medal. This medal is connected with a very interesting and touching piece of history. Master W. Ferguson Colcock, Jr., of Green Pond, S. C., a lad of singularly pure and manly character, entered the preparatory class of the High School in May, 1886. He continued a pupil of the school, rising each year with his class, until he finally reached the first class. In February 1890, four months before the graduation of his class, under a mysterious dispensation of Providence he was stricken down by disease, and after an illness of a few days only he closed his eyes in death, ending an earthly career that had seemed so full of promise.

He had been very ardently attached to his school, speaking frequently, and even during the days just preceding his death, of his teachers and his classmates in the most affectionate terms.

After his death, his father, treasuring the remembrance of his son's devotion to the school, purchased with money which had been Ferguson's, some City Bonds and conveyed them to the Trustees, with the request that the interest be used each year to procure a Conduct Medal, to be presented to the member of the first class who, at graduation, should be judged most worthy. The Trustees accepted the gift, and established the Ferguson Colcock Conduct Medal.

And thus now, and henceforth in the years to come, the boys in the first class may engage in a generous rivalry in noble words and deeds, and a lad whose life was that of a high toned Christian gentleman, though dead, will yet

speak and be an inspiration to others to lead upright, manly lives.

The presentation of the medal was a surprise to the boys. An expression of their opinion as to the best boy among them had, however, been obtained, and the Faculty of the school concurring, to Master C. Eugene Welling the medal for 1891 was assigned.

The Hon. C. R. Miles, one of the Trustees of the School, in an address embodying the loftiest sentiments, couched in singularly appropriate language, presented the medal.

The flourishing condition of the school, which, after passing its fiftieth year, has all the vigor of its youth, and which is affording educational advantages to so many of our boys, is a matter upon which our people can congratulate themselves. No Charleston boy need go away from home to prepare for college, and those who have no college aspirations can find here all the training which belongs to a Classical High School course. The graduates of the school are prominent in the learned professions, as civil and mechanical engineers, and in every department of active employment where brain power is demanded. Our community has a reputation for culture which is not confined within State limits. To the building up of this reputation the influence exerted by the High School for more than half a century has contributed not a little,

In each report for several years past, I have asserted the need of a properly constructed and properly located building, that the largest possibilities of the school might be realized. I wish at this time to emphasize the statement, and to express the hope that in the near future the measures inaugurated to secure a new school house may find their accomplishment. If to the 180 boys now enjoying the advantages of the school, there shall be next year the accessions anticipated, it will not be easy in the present building to so distribute and classify the boys in attendance as to do justice to all. Besides, a city as wealthy as Charleston, and with its reputation for interest in education, should have a home for its High School which would be at once a blessing to

its sons and an ornament to be admired by all. Other cities—in New England, the Middle States, the West and also in our sister States of the South—count it the soundest financial policy, and the most practical economy, to provide the best facilities for those desiring more than the common school education, so as to keep their boys and young men at home, and to attract those of the surrounding country.

The time has come—the opportunity presents itself—for Charleston to put itself abreast of other cities, its friends and its rivals.

Respectfully submitted,
VIRGIL C. DIBBLE,
Principal.

# COLLEGE OF CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, March 1st, 1892.

Hon. Ch. R. Miles, President Board of Trustees, College of Charleston.

Dear Sir.—The work of the College has moved on both harmoniously and efficiently during the period embraced in this report. Every possible effort has been made by the Faculty to expand the sphere of its influence and usefulness, and to render its benefits freely accessible to all who would avail themselves of them—such for example, as lectures upon Natural History and Geology, Archæology and English Literature. University extension as it is termed in Great Britain, has been in effect practised by the College of Charleston during the last five or six years. It is our constant endeavor to bring knowledge out of her cloistered seclusion and make her dwell with men.

The beneficent results of our labors will be more apparent to succeeding generations, than to that which is contemporary with us, and our Lope, stimulus and inspiration are principally derived from this conviction. The Academic character of the college advances with every successive year.

We have not a single department that in quality of its teaching, can be described as inefficient or inadequate.

Our work is seriously hampered by the want of modern appliances and instruments of culture, in the form of books and apparatus, which the condition of our financial resources renders it impossible for us to obtain even in a moderate degree. Want of means, and the absence of cooperation or general support, embody in concise terms, all the obstacles against which we are contending. When I reflect upon the depressing and seemingly hopeless situation of the college in this respect, I am sometimes amazed at the results which it achieves. No institution in the history of human culture, with an environment so unpropitious and adverse, has been more productive of good or richer in benefits. Our Alumni are attaining from year to year, positions of recognized honor and distinction in academic and professional circles.

Many conspicuous illustrations might be cited in proof of this general declaration. In conclusion, I can merely re-affirm my previous statements, that the College of Charleston, if properly nurtured and cherished, will speedily ascend to a degree of excellence and efficiency unexcelled by any similar institution in the United States.

I am with sincere respect,

HENRY E. SHEPHERD.

President College of Charleston.

On the 21st July, 1891, the Washington Light Infantry unveiled in Washington Square, a granite Shaft, commemmorating their comrades who laid down their lives in the war between the States. The City Council had granted permission for this use of the Square. The monument is an ornament to the city. Its preparation and erection are the result of efforts of members of that company. A large audience attended upon the cceasion, and the address was delivered by the Hon. Charles H. Simonton, a former Captain of the Washington Light Infantry.

As this occasion was one of public interest, I have deemed it proper to publish the Address as an Appendix to these Annual Reports, so that it might be preserved in permanent form.

G. D. BRYAN, Mayor.

### ORDINANCES RATIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1891.

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL SECTION 465, 466 AND 467 OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF CHARLESTON, RATIFIED SEPTEMBER 26TH, 1882, AND TO ENACT OTHER SECTIONS IN LIEU OF THE SECTIONS AS STRICKEN OUT.

Be it ordained, by the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston, in City Council assembled, and by the authority of the same, That Section 465, 466 and 467 of the Revised Ordinances of the City of Charleston, ratified September 26th, 1882, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and the following sections inserted in lieu thereof, that is to say:

SECTION 465. The City Treasurer shall annually provide a sufficient number of metal badges suitable for dogs, numbered from one upwards.

SEC. 466. Any person or persons owning, keeping or having a dog or dogs within the limits of the city shall pay annually to the City Treasurer the sum of two dollars and fifty cents for each and every dog so kept; to whom the City Treasurer shall deliver a badge or license, as provided in Section 465, which said badge or license shall be in lieu of any taxation by the City Council on said dog or dogs. Any dog found within the limits of the city without such badge or license, shall be killed by the police or by such person or persons as the Mayor may appoint.

SEC. 467. All licensed dogs found going at large in the City of Charleston, shall be taken up and detained in some suitable place by such person or persons as the Mayor may appoint, and the owner or person entitled to the control of such dog or dogs so taken up and detained, shall pay a fine of one dollar for every dog so taken up. All licensed dogs so taken up and not redeemed by the payment of said fine within three days shall be killed under the direction of the chief of police or such person as the Mayor may appoint.

All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed

Ratified January 13, 1891.

AN ORDINANCE TO ABOLISH THE UPPER MARKET, SITUATE AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF VANDERHORST AND ST. PHILIP STS.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained, by the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston, in City Council Assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twelfth day of December, Anno

Domini, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, the Market situate at the northwest corner of Vanderhorst and St. Philip streets, in the City of Charleston, and known as the Upper Market, be, and the same is hereby abolished.

SEC. 2. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances conflicting with this ordinance be, and the same are hereby, repealed, in so far as they relate to the said Upper Market, and no further; and the powers and duties of the board of commissioners of the markets shall be, and remain, unaffected by this ordinance, except so far as they relate to the said Upper Market.

Ratified December 8th, 1891.

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL SECTIONS 465, 466, 467 AND 468 OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF CHARLESTON, AND ALL AMENDMENTS OR SUBSTITUTES THEREFOR, AND TO ENACT OTHER SECTIONS IN LIEU THEREOF:

Be it Ordained by the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston, in City Council assembled, and by the authority of the same, That Sections 465, 466, 467 and 468 of the Revised Ordinances of the City of Charleston, and all amendments or substitutes therefor, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and the following Sections inserted in lieu thereof, that is to say,

Section 465. Any person or persons owning, keeping or having a dog or dogs within the limits of this City shall, annually, before the first day of March, pay to the City Treasurer the sum of two and a half dollars for a badge or license, which shall be fastened upon the collar of such dog or dogs, which shall permit such dog or dogs to go at large under charge of a responsible party, and be in lieu of any other taxation on such dog or dogs.

SEC. 466. The City Treasurer shall annually provide a sufficient number of metal badges suitable for dogs, numbered from one upwards, and with the year of their issue stamped on them, to be issued as stated in Section 465; that the name and residence of each party to whom a badge has been issued and the number of such badge to be kept on file in the City Treasurer's office, for the purpose of identification in case such badge should at any time be lost, stolen or otherwise misappropriated.

SEC. 467. No dog licensed or otherwise shall go at large in this City, except in charge of the owner or some responsible person. Any licensed dog so found shall be caught and returned to the owner, and a fine of one dollar be exacted. If said fine is not paid within three days, the said dog shall be slain. Any unlicensed dog found going at large in the City of Charleston, shall be taken up and

detained in some suitable place by such person or persons as the Mayor shall appoint, and if the said dog or dogs shall not be redeemed as hereinafter provided, within three days said dog or dogs shall be slain: Provided, however that any such dog so taken up may be redeemed upon exhibiting a receipt from the City Treasurer, showing that the license hereby imposed upon such dog has been paid, and upon the further payment of a fine of one dollar.

Sec. 468 Whosoever shall wrongfully remove the badge from or steal a licensed dog, or wrongfully kills, maims, entices or carries away any such dog, shall be punished by fine not less than twenty dollars or imprisonment for not less than thirty days, or both.

That it shall be the duty of the Pound Keeper, to be appointed by the Mayor, to keep a registered roster, from day to day, of the dogs received and a description of the same, and the name and residence of each party bringing in each dog.

SEC. 469. If any owner or possessor of a fierce or dangerous dog, licensed or not licensed, shall permit the same to go at large in the City, to the danger or annoyance of any of the inhabitants, he, she or they shall be liable to a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than twenty dollars, and upon a second conviction for the same offence the Chief of Police shall cause the said dog to be slain.

SEC. 470. All bitches running at large while in heat, licensed or not licensed, shall be slain forthwith.

SEC. 471. That whenever it shall be made to appear to the Mayor that there are good reasons for believing that any dog or dogs within the City are mad, it shall be the duty of the Mayor to issue a proclamation requiring that all dogs shall, for a period to be defined in the proclamation, wear a good and substantial muzzle, securely put on, so as to prevent their biting, and any dog going at large during that period defined by the Mayor without such muzzle shall be impounded, and if said dog shall not be redeemed within three days, by the payment of a fine of one dollar, such dog shall be slain.

Ratified February 10th, 1891.

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 23, OF AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO REGULATE PILOTAGE AT THE PORT OF CHARLESTON.

SECTION 1. Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, that an Act entitled "An Act to Regulate the Pilotage at the Port of Charleston," approved March 4th, 1878, be amended as follows: That Section 23 of said Act be amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 23. That the Board of Commissioners of Pilotage for the Port of Charleston shall have the power and authority to prescribe to the licensed pilots for the bar and harbor of Charleston such orders and regulations not inconsistent with this Act; to arbitrate and adjudge all questions of dispute between pilots as to the pilotage of outward and inward bound vessels, as to them, or a majority of them, may appear suitable and proper; and any such pilot neglecting or refusing to conform to any such order or regulation shall be suspended for not more than three (3) months, or fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or both, at the discretion of the said Board of Commissioners, or a majority of them.

Approved December 22nd, A. D. 1891. 20 Statute, 1269.

- AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE AND REQUIRE THE COMMISSIONERS OF PILOTAGE FOR THE PORT OF CHARLESTON TO ESTABLISH STATION BOATS ON THE BAR OF CHARLESTON.
- SECTION. 1. Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, that the Board of Commissioners of Pilotage for the Port of Charleston shall have the power, and are hereby authorized, to establish Station Boats on the Bar of Charleston.
- SEC. 2. That each regular licensed pilot boat for the harbor and bar of Charleston shall perform and keep station duty, unless prevented by stress of weather, at or near the Bar of Charleston, alternately, for six days each, whenever it becomes the turn of such said pilot boat to perform the same, or to furnish as a substitute another licensed pilot boat, under a penalty of fifty dollars for each day's of fence; said pilot boat to be in charge of a full branch licensed pilot for the bar and harbor of Charleston, and the services of any pilot boat when on station shall be free of charge.
- SEC. 3. That the Board of Commissioners of Pilotage shall have power, and are hereby authorized to make such rules and regulations for the governing of station boats on duty not inconsistent with this Act as to them, or a majority of them, may appear suitable and proper; and any such pilot boat refusing or neglecting to conform to any such rules and regulations, the pilot at the time in command shall be subject to a fine in the sum of not exceeding fifty dollars, or in case of non-payment of fine imposed within thirty (30) days, be suspended for not over sixty (60) days.
- SEC. 4. That all fines collected under the provisions of this Act shall be paid over to the Board of Harbor Commissioners for the Harbor of Charleston, and by them used and disbursed.

SEC. 5. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved December 16th, A. D., 1891.

20 Statutes, page 1268.

# AN ACT RELATING TO THE SALARY OF THE SCHOOL COMMISSIONER FOR CHARLESTON COUNTY.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this Act, the School Commissioner for Charleston County shall be paid a stated salary of six hundred dollars per annum, payable by the County Treasurer in equal monthly instalments, which salary shall cover also all traveling expenses that may be incurred.

Section 2. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved December 22nd, A. D., 1891.

20 Statutes, page 1268.

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE CITY COUNCIL OF CHARLESTON TO ISSUE COUPON BONDS, AT A RATE OF INTEREST NOT EXCEEDING FIVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM, FOR THE PURPOSE OF TAKING UP OR EXCHANGING THE SEVEN PER CENT COUPON BONDS OF SAID CITY, MATURING IN 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896 AND 1897.

Whereas, certain seven per cent, coupon bonds of the City of Charleston, heretofore issued pursuant to law, will become due as follows, that is to say:—

In 1892 seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000); in 1893, sixty-two thousand one hundred dollars (\$62,100); in 1894, seventy-three thousand seven hundred dollars (\$73,700); in 1895, ninety-one thousand five hundred dollars (\$91,500); in 1896, sixty-seven thousand dollars (\$67,000); in 1897, twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000); aggregating three hundred and eighty-four thousand three hundred dollars (\$384,300.) AND WHEREAS, it is the desire of the City Council of Charleston to provide for the payment or exchange of the said bonds, so maturing as aforesaid, by the issue of new bonds, in the aggregate not exceeding the said sum of three hundred and eighty-four thousand three hundred dollars, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding five per centum per annum. Now, therefore,

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly. and by the authority of the same, That for the

purpose of the payment or exchange of the seven per cent. coupon bonds of the City of Charleston, falling due in 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897, the City Council of Charleston be, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time, to execute and issue coupon bonds, payable in thirty years from their respective dates, to an amount not exceeding in the aggregate three hundred and eighty-four thousand three hundred dollars, said bonds to bear interest at a rate not exceeding five per centum. per annum, payable semi-annually, and to be exchanged at par for the said seven per cent, bonds maturing as aforesaid, and to bear date from the date of the payment or exchange of said bonds for which they shall be respectively exchanged.

Section 2 That the said bonds shall not be taxable by the City of Charleston for any purpose whatsoever, and the coupons shall be receivable in payment of taxes due to the said City.

Section 3. That the principal and interest of said bonds shall be payable at such places as the City Council may by ordinance provide.

Approved December 16th, A. D., 1891. See 20 Statutes at Large, page 1271.

AN ACT TO REMOVE ANY DOUBT AS TO THE DUTY OF THE SUPER-VISOR OF REGISTRATION FOR CHARLESTON COUNTY, IN REGARD TO THE ELECTION OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF CHARLESTON, AND TO MAKE PROVISION IN CASE OF ANY FAIL-URE, NEGLECT OR INABILITY TO PERFORM SAID DUTY.

Whereas, doubts have arisen as to the duty of the Supervisor of Registration for Charleston County in regard to the election of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston under the provisions of an Act, approved December 24th, 1890, and entitled "An act to amend Part 1, Title 2, Chapter 10, Section 163, of the General Statutes of South Carolina, relating to the location and names of voting precincts, and Acts amendatory thereof, so far as the same relate to the voting precincts in the City of Charleston, to rearrange the said precincts for all elections, whether State, Federal or Municipal, and to provide for a revision of the registration of electors in accordance therewith." Therefore,

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That at each and every election of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Charleston, whether the same be a regular election or one to supply a vacancy or vacancies in any of the said offices, the Supervisor of Registration for Charleston County shall furnish the managers of such elec-

tion with one of the registration books for each such precinct, or with a copy of such book, duly certified by the said Supervisor to be a true copy; for the care and custody of which the managers receiving the same shall be responsible, and which they shall return to the Supervisor of Registration within three days after the close of the election:—

Provided, However, That in case the Supervisor of Registration for Charleston County shall fail, neglect or be unable to furnish the managers of such election with the registration books or with copies of such books, duly certified by the said Supervisor as required hereinbefore, in time for any such election, then, and in such case, the production by any voter qualified to vote at such election and offering to vote thereat, of his registration certificate issued in accordance with law shall be sufficient evidence of his having been duly registered. Provided, said certificate of registration shall have been issued on or before the thirty-first day of May, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, by the Commissioners appointed under the provisions of the Act mentioned in the preamble hereof, or by any Supervisor of Registration for Charleston County since the date last named.

Section 2. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Section 3. That this Act shall take effect from and immediately after its approval.

Approved December 4th, A. D., 1891. 20 Statutes, 1270

### APPENDIX.

Address delivered by the Hon. Charles H. Simonton on the unveiling of the Washington Light Infantry Monument, July 21st., 1891, in Washington Square.

Gentlemen of the Washington Light Infantry; Comrades of the Veterans:

On this beautiful summer's afternoon we unveil a permanant memorial of our dead. The Monument erected in Magnolia with so much effort nearly a quarter of a century ago, was among the first of its character in the South. It has proved to be of perishable material. Providentially we are able to substitute for it, this shaft of imperishable granite, the product of our native soil. May it remain through many generations, the faithful witness of our affection for our comrades.

At the dedication of the first Monument, we were honored by the presence of Wade Hampton, and heard from his lips an eloquent exposition of the principles and the motives for which the Confederate Soldier put his life in peril. He discussed the cause which led up to the war and paid the tribute of a soldier and a statesman to its dead heroes. Ours is a more humble, but not less interesting task. A few survivors of a stormy period, we gather for the last time around this commemorative shaft in tender memory of the friends and companions of our boyhood and early manhood. We pay the tribute of affection. Again we feel the sense of personal bereavment. Nearly every name on that monument recalls some one of our personal friends. Many of them had been in the old company before the war, had met with us at drills, parades and company meetings, and had sat with us around the same festal board. We can recall their familiar features, their well known names, the tones of their voices, their personal characteristics. They shared

with us the jest and frolic, the toil, of our holiday excursions. How this occasion brings back to us the memory of our long lost youth, its aspirations and its hopes, its careless enjoyment of the present, its confident encounter with the threatening future. In this halcyon period, these men heard the call of the State, to arms. Reared in a community which recognized the superior authority of the State, without any hesitation they obeyed the call. To them it was a simple question of duty. They gave the best proof of their sense of its obligation, their lives.

I propose on this occasion, appealing as it does so much to our affections and so full of touching associations to confine myself to our family history, to tell in a few brief words the story of our three companies in the war between the States. We arrogate for them no superior place. We lav claim to no unusual merit, to no marked excellence, no special service. That grand army of which they formed a part was an army of unnamed heroes, was filled with able men content to march in the ranks, to encounter without reward or hope of reward, the toils and perils, and suffering of a private soldier; but one motive guiding them, duty to their State, one hope sustaining them, that their cause would succeed. The history of each regiment composing that army was the same. From every rank in life in our Southland they went, filled with enthusiastic patriotism, caring nothing for the questions disturbing politicians and Statesmen, knowing only that their country was invaded, ready to meet any odds. At first they were borne along in the flush of victory; at the end they were in calm despair. At no time, under no circumstances were they faltering or false to the cause for which they had pledged their all.

The Washington Light Infantry, a volunteer militia company, owed its origin to the burst of patriotic indignation which swept the country upon the encounter of the Chesapeake with the Leopard. The Leopard skin so long a part of our uniform, commemorates this. William Lowndes was then at the opening of that brilliant career which would have borne him to the Presidency but for his untimely

death. He organized the company and his character and genius gave it its first impulse. Through many years it enjoyed and profited by the influence of successive, excellent Captains, the bold and energetic Cross, the accomplished Wm. Crafts, S. Lewis Simons, a valued and public spirited citizen, W. H. Miller, the accomplished merchant, the learned and popular Gilchrist, Henry Ravenel, fitting representative of a pure Huguenot ancestry, the calm and incorruptible B. M. Lee, Wm. Jervey, the modern Southern gentleman, the accomplished W. D. Porter, profound lawyer, gifted orator, distinguished statesmen, Joseph Walker, energetic, active and accurate, L. M. Hatch, with his laborious study of and genius for war. Its social position and influence were remarkable. With ranks always full, and with an unquenchable esprit du corps, it maintained during all the years of its existence the well earned and well deserved reputation of a Crack Military Company. Originally formed for service and kept always well equipped, it was used during two National Wars and on many occasions of Civil disturb-The militia system of the State was in excellent condition, and details were constantly made from Brigade and Division Headquarters. In these details, the Washington Light Infantry frequently appeared. When, therefore, the troublous time of 1860 began, and the State was in the ferment presaging war the logical result of circumstances brought the Washington Light Infantry to the front, and they were among the first called upon for duty. Early in November, 1860, they were sent to guard the Charleston Arsenal. They were then detailed to do patrol duty between Sumter and Moultrie, they were in the detachment which took possession of and manned Castle Pinckney. The Gun upon the Star of the West called them to Morris Island, and as a company of the Regiment of Rifles, they did their part during the whole of the operations around Sumter.

What a holiday campaign that was, with what appliances and comfort did we begin the first days of the war. A rude awakening was before us How few dreamed when the first gun was heard opening the siege of Sumter that its sound would re-echo through this broad land, summoning a nation to arms, inauguarating a struggle in which the traditions and habits, the institutions and wealth, the result of a century and a half would be swept away forever. The first realizing sense of the work before us came when we bade God speed to the Washington Light Infantry Volunteers on their start for Virginia. This our first contribution to the Confederate Army, left Charleston for Columbia in May, 1861, and was the first company reporting for duty in the afterward renowned Hampton Legion, and became and is known as Company A, in that veteran command. To no better man could have been entrusted the good name of the Washington Light Infantry than James Conner, who went out as their Captain. With large personal influence, unquestionable courage, great self control, firm, just, considerate, he was an ideal commander. Then he began the career which by force of unusual merit carried him through all inferior grades to the post of Brigadier. In which he won while living, the respect, confidence and affection of the State, and which put a whole community in mourning for his death.

The story of the Washington Light Infantry Company A, of the Legion would be the history of the Army of Northern Virginia. It was among the very first of the organizations which formed that Army. It followed the fortunes of Lee and Jackson, of Johnson and Longstreet from the first Manassas and its remnant surrended at Appointatox. One hundred and fifty-two officers and men served with it. It gave three Brigadiers to the Confederate Army, In twenty five pitched battles, on very many a weary march footsore, barefoot, starving in the winter camp, staining the snow with bloody footsteps, in the sweltering trenches they exhibited the highest and best qualities of the soldier and acquired for themselves a reputation of which we may well be proud. Our roll of Captains has no name more honored than Conner, Logan or Thomas.

To-day has been selected for our present purpose because

it is the anniversary of the first battle in which blood was shed in the Washington Light Infantry—Henry Blankenser, G. L. Philips, Gabriel Jervey and Henry A. Middleton, Jr. The war found Mr. Middleton a successful planter in Georgetown. He had raised a company of Cavalry for service. Impatient to be at the front, he resigned his position and volunteered as a private in Company A of the Legion. At first Manassas he fell mortally wounded. In his own person he gave one more instance of devotion to South Carolina, which has characterized his family—which has interwoven their name with that of the State from the earliest period of colonial history. There is one name on this monument, a private in Company A, of the Legion, a stranger to many of us, which, even in this hurried sketch, deserves mention. Oscar Lieber, the eldest son of Dr. Francis Lieber, was reared from early boyhood within the walls of the South Carolina College. Associated with several generations of students he imbibed all the tastes and feelings, the principles and prejudices of these friends of his boyhood. Graduating at that College his marked ability and acquirements created frequent demands for his services in this and in the Gulf States, and he became the State Geologist. When the war broke out he volunteered in Company A. His distinguished father, forgetful of his own stormy youth and that he was an exile from the fatherland, because of his political opinion, denounced his son as a traitor and rebel, disowned and repudiated all relationship with him. He suffered his son to die of his wounds, affectionately and tenderly nursed, it is true, but by strangers in blood to him, and shut his ears to any report of his son's last hours. We, the children of the soil, may have made sacrifices. We were supported by the sympathy of those nearest and dearest to us. Lieber, when he followed his convictions, made sacrifice and shipwreck of all the ties which men hold most dear.

One other name cannot be passed over in silence. Theodore Klinck entered a boy into the ranks of the old Company and had the affection of all of us. In the enthusiasm

of his nature he preferred the prospect of immediate active service in Virginia, and no better man followed the lead of Conner. His courage and ability attracted the notice of his Commanders and he gave promise of an honorable career. He fell on the field of battle a young martyr to the lost cause. His venerable father had not recovered from this sacrifice, when he was called again to mourn for his first born son, John Klinck, whose blood also stained the soil of Virginia.

After the departure of the Volunteers for Virginia the Company remained for some months, a part of the Rifle Regiment and did duty on the Sea Islands in front of and below Charleston. In February, 1862, they were ordered into Confederate Service. So full were its ranks and so great was the popularity of the Company, so earnest and universal the enthusiasm prevading the whole community that two full Companies, one hundred and twenty-five men each, went out as Companies A. and B. Washington Light Infantry. They were a splendid body of men, young, intelligent, well drilled, many of then fit for positions of command. Ordered at once into service in the Eutaw Battalion. afterward 25th Regiment, they were on Coles' Island, Battery Island and on James Island. The duties performed by this Regiment were perhaps the most trying to which a soldier, certainly a volunteer soldier, can be exposed. There was a little of the glow and excitement of constant and actual conflict, the din of arms and the fierce delight of battle. Day and night they were at the outpost, at the entrance of the most direct road to Charleston, the eyes and ears of the Commanding General, watching each movement of a powerful, active and brave adversary. For months at a time they were the only Infantry regiment on this part of the defence of the city, and upon them was the most grave responsibility. The picket lines were in sight of and within easy reach of the enemy. Being on the Stono and the estuaries connected with it, they were exposed to constant attacks from gun boats and to the formidable armament of the ships of war.

They lived in a deadly climate, against whose poisonous atmosphere they could take no precaution. Standing on the defensive, they could only endure and be patient, repressing the eager desire, whetted by news from other quarters, to go into active service where, at the least, they could attack as well as defend. During this weary period there were episodes which relieved the monotony. With their regiment these two companies took part in movements of troops within the military district and in North Carolina. their return, they were in the engagement preliminary to the battle of Secessionville, and took their full part in that complete victory. Here they met their first losses in battle. Among them Richard Greer, gentle, amiable, affectionate, than whom no better man wore the gray. Fleetwood Lanneau cut down in the glory and bloom of promising manhood, and that Christian soldier, Taverner, the gallant Englishman who fell fighting in defence of the homes of his friends. Then came Wagner. Against this lonely outpost of Sumter the whole power of a magnificently equipped Federal army, and of the navy of iron clads, has exhausted itself. Exposed in front to constant artillery fire and the rifles of sharp shooters, and on the flank to the heaviest naval bombardment then known in civilized war, its defence tested the courage of the bravest. Companies A and B, with the rest of their regiment, did their tour of duty in his famous fortress, and the blood of their dead reddened its sands. Here Lieut. R. A. Blum lost his life. A member of a large and influential German family of Charleston, he exhibited in a high degree the best qualities of the race from which he came. To its traditional courage he added honesty of soul, patience, firmness and unfaltering fidelity. At the last service of the regiment in Wagner, the approaches against the fort had been completed, and the last trench had reached its walls. It had served its full purpose and had become untenable. Any further occupation would have involved unnecessary loss of life. At the dead of night, in a silence interrupted only by an occasional shell or the buzz of a bullet, the companies of the 25th regiment and the rest of the garrison quietly left the fort and proceeded to the landing. The order had been given that the dead must be left. But Lieut. Berger was determined that Blum should sleep with his fathers. Raising his friend in his arms he took his place with Company B, the right company of the regiment, and the dead Lieutenant led the evacuation. It was accomplished without loss. The last men to leave the Island were J. L. Honor and Lieut, J. A. Ross, of Company A. These companies formed a part of the garrison of Sumter on several occasions, and have earned the right to put its name on this memorial stone. Those of us who are survivors can even now recall the shudder with which we learned that eleven young men of our companies, crushed under its crumbling walls, found a sudden and awful death in Fort Sumter. Well may any troops who served in these two forts, Sumter and Wagner, be proud of the record. So long as American history shall be read the unflinching courage, heroic endurance, dsperate resistance against overwhelming odds, fearless gard of death in almost every form which the garrisons of these forts exhibited during the long months of almost hopeless struggle, will attract the attention and command the admiration of our countrymen, whether they or their ancestors were the blue or the gray.

The tide of the war at last set for these two companies toward Virginia, and the impatient hopes of them and the other companies in their regiment were gratified. On the first of May, 1864, composing a part of Hagood's most efficient and excellent brigade, they took up the line of march, and upon reaching Petersburg at once went into action.

In rapid succession they were engaged at Swift's Creek, Port Walthall Junction, Drury's Bluff, City Point, Bermuda Hundreds and Gaines's Mills, and took part in and witnessed the terrible repulse and slaughter of Grant's army at Cold Harbor. In these engagements Hagood's Brigade proved the completeness of their preparations for active duty on the battlefield. The 25th Regiment did its full

share in seconding the ability and increasing the reputation of its war loving Brigadier, and in the 25th Regiment Companies A and B did not have an inferior place. They were worthy comrades of Pressley, Glover, Sellers, Gordon, China, Lesesne, and the brave Hammonds, Harper, Mazyck, Bartless, Izlar and the gallant Dibble. And in every engagement they obtained the praise of their commanding officers. At the beginning of their Virginia campaign Bomar and Taft, Lieutenants of Company B, lost their lives. Both young, promising and brave, they were excellent specimens of Southern manhood. Taft had in him the blood of New England, and all the cool daring and sturdy pluck of his race. Bomar represented the best blood of Upper Carolina, as chivalrous as Bayard and as modest as a woman. Both fell cheering on their men, in the flush of victory and with the light of battle on their faces. From Cold Harbor the brigade returned to Petersburg, and were among the troops which met Grant's first advance against that historic city, digging the first trenches in its defence, Thenceforward for some months they remained under General Lee, and shared in the defence of Richmond and Petersburg. The world will know the complete measure of the heroism of Lee's army. Shut up in the trenches around Petersburg and Richmond, ill fed and scantily clad, opposed by troops thoroughly equipped and provided with every necessity, veterans of an hundred battles, and knowing as well as their commanding General that the siege could have but one end, every mail bringing them tales of distress and suffering at home, to many of them of burning homesteads and houseless families, they kept up a stubborn resistance watchfully and successfully resisting every attack, at times themselves attacking and at all times defying cold, hunger, danger, death and fate itself. In one of these sorties, that on the Weldon Railroad, Hagood's Brigade took a leading part under the eye and following the example of its brave Commander. Its Companies were destroyed. There fell James A, Ross, Lieutenant of Company A. His impatience to be with his men, dragged him from a bed of sickness and sent him to the battle field. Reporting just as the fight was ordered he joined his Company in the charge on the impregnable earthworks and foremost fighting fell. A nobler spirit never breathed. With no other motive than his own sense of duty, he sacrificed the comforts of a luxurious home and all the pleasures wealth could give, for the dangers and privations of the camp. He sleeps in an unknown grave. His memory is enshrined in the hearts of his comrades. On this shaft is no name more honored and loved than his.

When Sherman's march to the Sea endangered Lee's rear, Hagood's Brigade was sent to the defence of Wilmington and the 25th Regiment was detailed as part of the Garrison of Fort Fisher. When that Fortress was captured by storm the whole Regiment on duty were killed or captured. very small remnant, among them a few men and Officers of Company A. and B. reported for duty with the Brigade and in a few weeks afterward at Town Creek near Wilmington, these were captured after a days' fighting with all of Hagood's Brigade except Rion's Regiment. Thenceforward they endured the sufferings of prison life at Elmira, Fort Delaware and Point Lookout until the war ended. They returned with broken fortunes to their desolated homes. Cast down but not forsaken, discomforted, but not dismayed. So strong however was their Company spirit, that their first act was to reorganize under their Company's name the Charitable Association. And in the midst of their poverty to set apart from their sparse income a provision for the families of their dead companions. Here their story ends.

During the entire period of their service they kept up their Company traditions and observed regularly their Anniversary, the 22rd of February. In Camp, on the march, under the hail of shot and shell in Sumter. And in February, 1865, the small remnant on its way to a Northern Prison, gathered on the sands of Fort Fisher and drank "the day we celebrate" in the only beverage allowed to prisoners of war.

There is a name on our roll, not however on this Monument which rises at once in our memories whenever we recall the war history of Companies A', and B. No Officer was closer to the hearts of his men than James M. Carson, Captain of Company A. Commanding them from the day they enlisted until they were captured, sensitively alive to their interests, he shared their dangers and privations and encouraged and strengthened them by his own example. They loved him with corresponding devotion and when not many months ago he finished his earthly course, they mourned him as one does a father.

Such, gentlemen of the Washington Light Infantry, is an imperfect account of the men who bore your name. This Monument with its triple steps, forming the base and the three sections constituting the Shaft, represents the three Companies. The inscription in a few eloquent words tells their story. "Officers and men they were the very flower of this Ancient City, her young hope and fair renown." "Beside the maimed, wounded and captured, one hundred and fourteen died in battle, in hospital or on the weary way-side. In obedience to a sentiment of honor and the call of duty and in pledge of their sincerity they made the last sacrifice, they laid down their lives."

They redeemed the pledge given by the Captain of our Company to the daughter of William Washington when she placed the flag of Eutaw and Cowpens in our keeping.

Never cease to honor their memory.











